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Project No.: 63280 December 14, 2017

## **Drainage Concept Proposal**

For

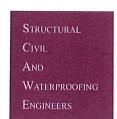
**Residential Development** 

28-32 Evan Street,
Penrith

**December 14, 2017** 

This document has been prepared as part of the Development Application submission to Council.

The document and attached drawings do not form part of the Construction Certificate documentation







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# 1- Drainage Concept Proposal



Project No.: 63280

December 14, 2017

DRAINAGE CONCEPT PROPOSAL RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT 28 – 32 EVAN STREET PENRITH

**EXISTING:** 

The proposed development site is located on the eastern side of Evan Street, Penrith with a total site area of 1632m<sup>2</sup>. The survey confirms that the site quite flat with a small slope approx 3.4% southerly and 0.5% easterly towards site boundaries.

The Council stormwater drainage map has confirmed the street drainage around the site flows towards the corner of Evan Street and Lethbridge Street with gully pits existing on Evan Street and Lethbridge Street. The site currently drains to these existing gully pits at this intersection from which the stormwater drains into the Council drainage system heading downstream south along Evan Street.

Currently the site is partially pervious but will be fully developed with impervious coverage of 100%.

The design Criteria for this development is obtained from the Stormwater Drainage Policy document from Penrith City Council "Stormwater Drainage Specification for Building Developments". Item 4.3.5 confirms the Permissible Site Discharge (PSD) of 120l/s/Ha and an On-site Detention (OSD) requirement of 240m³/Ha for the site.

Flood investigations

We also refer to the Councils **'Penrith CBD Detailed Overland Flow Flood Study'** which shows the extent of the overland flooding for the 100yrARI in the South Penrith locality. The Flood Study confirms that 100yrARI flooding is possible around 400m distant from the proposed development site along Lethbridge Street

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The 100yrARI Flood Level is given by Council as RL 35.9AHD.

Fortunately the proposed development site at 28-32 Evans Street is elevated above

this with an average RL of 37.0 AHD which is more than 1.0m above the100yrARI

Flood Level. The ground floor of the development will be above this again.

Accordingly the proposed development on the site will not be affected by overland

flow or inundation flooding in the 100 year ARI storm and Councils "Penrith

Development Control Plan2014 Sect C3.5 Flood Planning will not apply.

**Proposed Development** 

It is proposed to demolish the existing buildings on the site and redevelop the site

with a new 5 storey residential building complex comprising 16 new apartments units

over 3 undercroft car park basement levels.

For the Stormwater Management System (SMS) we propose to provide a concrete

On-Site Detention (OSD) storage system constructed below ground level adjoining

the front site boundary.

The total stormwater discharge from the OSD will be restricted by a slow release

orifice plate in the tank which will drain to a Boundary Pollution Control Pit at the

site boundary adjoining Evan Street. From there the stormwater will drain

directly into the existing gully pit located in Evan Street.

The Boundary Pollution Control Pit will contain a trash screen and a silt trap

New Onsite-Detention (OSD) system

We confirm that an OSD system is required for the development at this property as

determined by Councils 'Appendix D - On-site Detention Area - Penrith CBD of

Stormwater Drainage Specification for Building Developments - Penrith Council'.

Calculation shows that Councils minimum requirements will be a 39.2m3 storage

volume OSD tank designed with discharge set to 19.59 l/s.

Document Set ID: 7993420

BEKKER

Our DRAINS stormwater flow modeling confirms a storage requirement of 38.0m<sup>3</sup> at this same discharge rate.

It is proposed to install the OSD tank below ground level at the site boundary close to Evan Street as shown on the drainage drawing plans.

This OSD tank location allows to collect all rainwater from roofs, pervious & paved area plus courtyards. This inflow would be collected by the OSD tank and slowly released to the Council drainage system by gravity at the allocated controlled rate.

The OSD tank will be built in an irregular shape of concrete walls with average approx. dimensions of 22m L  $\times$  2.5m W  $\times$  0.6m depth of water providing 40m<sup>3</sup> of storage with a minimum of two 600  $\times$  600 access openings located in the top of the tank to provide maintenance access for the internals of the tank.

Discharge from the OSD tank will be controlled via the use of a machined orifice plate of 100mm dia installed over the 150mm dia discharge pipe draining by gravity directly to the new Pollution Control Pit at the boundary. The location of the new Pollution Control Pit is shown on the drainage plan. Internally of the tank the orifice plate will be protected by a trash screen of Lysaght's Maximesh RH3030 or similar.

All OSD tank construction details will need to comply with Penrith Council OSD tank construction policy

Should an unexpected blockage of the OSD tank system occur the emergency overflow from the detention tank will drain through two 100mm dia emergency overflow pipes into the new Pollution Control Pit at the boundary.

The new Pollution Control Pit at the boundary will drain via a 225mm dia pipe directly into the existing Council drainage pit located in the kerb directly adjacent to the boundary pit.

If a blockage surcharge were to occur at Pollution Control Pit the surcharge will drain over the footpath into the street kerb and gutter.

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Basement seepage waters will be collected by a series of AG lines and in-ground pipes and pumped from the lowest basement up into this boundary drainage pit.

OSD Bypass rainwater from other pervious areas will also drain directly to the new boundary Pollution Control Pit.

#### **Penrith Council Requirements**

We confirm that the stormwater concept design has been carried out to comply with 'Stormwater Drainage Policy' requirements.

#### **Summary**

Our calculation show that the total developed site discharge for post development storm will be 19.59l/s and the storage capacity of OSD is 39.2m<sup>3</sup>, which does not exceed the Permissible Site Discharge and OSD requirements stated by Penrith Council Engineering Specification.

Yours faithfully,
BEKKER ENGINEERING DESIGN BURO PTY LTD

Paul Bekker BE. M IEAust. CP Eng. M ACEA

## 2. Penrith City Council information

## **Flood Study**

- a existing Council stormwater drains
- **b** Council DCP extracts

## **Stormwater Drainage**

- a existing Council stormwater drains
- **b** Council DCP extracts
- c Council Contacts



Our reference: ECM 7490777

Contact:

Ratnam Thilliyar

Telephone:

4732 7988

18 January 2017

Mr Sergiy Jiriaev 11/44 Bridge Street SYDNEY NSW 2000

Dear Sir

#### Flood Level Enquiry Lot 1 DP 510281 No. 32 Evan Street Penrith

Please find enclosed Flood Level information for the above property.

Should you require any further information please do not hesitate to contact me on 4732 7988.

Yours sincerely

Ratnam Thilliyar

**Engineering Stormwater Supervisor** 

Penrith City Council PO Box 60, Penrith NSW 2751 Australia T 4732 7777 F 4732 7958 penrithcity nsw.govau

PENRITH CITY COUNCIL



## Flood Information Lot 1 DP 510281 No. 32 Evan Street Penrith

Date of issue: 18 January 2017

The 1% AEP local overland flow flood level in the vicinity of the above property is estimated to be RL35.9m AHD

Property less than 0.5m above the 1% AEP flood level is subject to Penrith Development Control Plan 2014 Section C3.5 Flood Planning. The Penrith Development Control Plan 2014 is available from Council's website <a href="https://www.penrithcity.nsw.gov.au">www.penrithcity.nsw.gov.au</a>.



#### Definitions

AEP - Annual Exceedance Probability - the chance of a flood of this size occurring in any one year.

AHD – Australian Height Datum – A standard level datum used throughout Australia, approximately equivalent to mean sea level.

#### Legend

Extent of 1% AEP local catchment overland flow path. Generally depths less than 150mm is not shown.

#### Notes

- The contours shown above in yellow numbering are at 0.5m intervals and are based on Aerial Laser Scanning (ALS) Survey
  undertaken in 2002. The contour levels are approximate and for general information only. Accurate ground levels should be
  obtained by a Registered Surveyor.
- The flood level is based on current information available to Council at the date of issue. The flood level may change in the future if new information becomes available. The 1% AEP flood is the flood adopted by Council for planning controls. Rarer and more extreme flood events will have a greater effect on the property.
   Council's studies are reflected in flood mapping for the City which show properties potentially affected by overland flows in
- excess of 150mm.
- This property is shown on Council's flood mapping as potentially so affected.
- Council imposes flood related development controls where, in its opinion, such controls are justified. Such controls may or may
  not be imposed with respect to this property in the event of an application for development consent.
- 6. If a development proposal is submitted with respect to this property, Council will consider the possibility of flood or overland flow in the context of the application. Council may impose a requirement that the applicant for development consent carry out a detailed assessment of the possible overland water flows affecting the property (a flood study) and/or may impose other controls on any development designed to ameliorate flood risk.
- You are strongly advised if you propose to carry out development upon the property, that you retain the assistance of an
  experienced flooding engineer and have carried out a detailed investigation.
- Council accepts no liability for the accuracy of the flood levels (or any other data) contained in this certificate, having regard to the information disclosed in Notes "1" to "4". As such you should carry out and rely upon your own investigations.

Penrith City Council PO 80x 60, Penrith NSW 2751 Australia T 4732 7777 F 4732 7958 penrithcity.nsw.gov.au

Ratnam Thilliyar

**Engineering Stormwater Supervisor** 

PENRITH CITY COUNCIL

#### Maggie Mai

From:

"Kexin Ran" < Kexin.Ran@penrith.city>

Date:

Monday, 20 November 2017 11:40 AM "Maggie Mai" <bekker@spin.net.au>

To:

Attach:

map7.PNG

Subject:

RE: 28-32 Evan Street, Penrith

Hi Maggie

As requested, please find attached map.

Note: all information in attached map is indicative only.

Regards

Kexin Ran **Development Engineer** 

E Kran@penrithcity.nsw.gov.au T (02) 4732 8192 | F (02) 4732 7958 PO Box 60, PENRITH NSW 2751 www.penrithishere.com.au www.penrithcity.nsw.gov.au

From: Maggie Mai [mailto:bekker@spin.net.au] Sent: Monday, 20 November 2017 11:35 AM To: Kexin Ran < Kexin.Ran@penrith.city> Subject: 28-32 Evan Street, Penrith

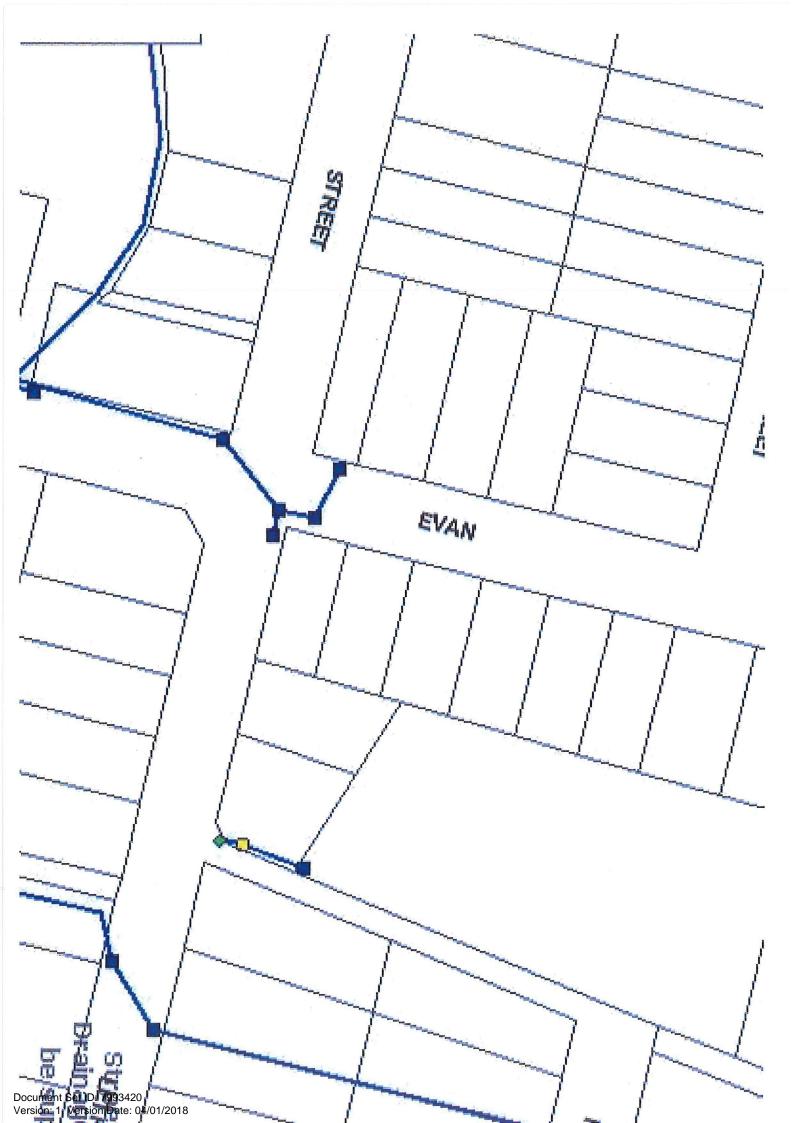
Hi Sir,

Nice to talk to you over the phone, as discussed, would you please send us the drainage map show the existing pipes and pits around the property so that we can prepare a drainage concept report for DA lodgement, thank you very much.

Regards, Maggie, Mai

Bekker Engineering Design Buro Pty Ltd 1/6 gurrigal street mosman nsw 2088 t: 9960 6944 f: 9960 6911 www.paulbekkerengineering.com.au

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# **APPENDIX D**



### 3. DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

#### 3.1 COUNCIL STANDARDS

#### 3.1.1 DESIGN ANNUAL EXCEEDANCE PROBABILITY (AEP)

The following design AEPs shall be applied to the following components of the stormwater system:

Table 3 Design AEP for Stormwater Design Element

| Stormwater Design Element                  | Design Annual Exceedance<br>Probability (AEP) |                   |
|--|---|-------------------|
|  | Residential                                   | Others            |
| Internal Roof and Surface Drainage Systems | 5% <sup>(1)</sup>                             | 5% <sup>(1)</sup> |
| Inter-allotment Piped Drainage Systems     | 20% <sup>(2)</sup>                            | 5% <sup>(2)</sup> |
| Overland Flow Paths                        | 1%  |                   |
| OSD systems                                | <mark>1%</mark>                               |                   |

#### Notes

Council may require the adoption of a higher design AEP in circumstances where danger to persons or risk of significant property damage warrants such an approach.

#### 3.1.2 DESIGN FREEBOARDS

In order to provide reasonable certainty avoiding the risk exposure of flooding and stormwater to the building, freeboard - a factor of safety - is required to set the floor levels, levee crest levels etc. In general, the following minimum freeboard requirements measured from the 1% AEP flood / top surface level shall be complied with:

Table 4 Minimum Freeboard Requirements

|  | Minimum Freeboard (mm)   |                    |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------|
| Description  | Overland Flow            | OSD                |
|  | Flooding: <sup>(1)</sup> | Systems:           |
| Residential, Industrial or Commercial floor levels   | 500                      | 300                |
| Garages and non-habitable floor levels   | 100                      | 100 <sup>(2)</sup> |
| Crest of driveway ramps, pedestrian entry points and any openings to the basement (e.g. vents) | 300                      | 300                |

#### Notes:

For emergency response facilities (e.g. police stations, hospitals), critical infrastructures and other types of developments that required special evacuation needs (e.g. schools, aged care facilities, disabled and child care facilities), adoption of design storm events larger than 1% AEP design storm events and higher freeboard requirements and may be necessary.

Penrith City Council Page 11 of 68
Stormwater Drainage Specification for Building Developments

<sup>(1)</sup> Must be increased to 1% AEP for OSD systems where surface drainage is not directed to the system.

<sup>(2)</sup> Must be increased to 1% AEP where no overland flow path is provided.

<sup>(1)</sup> Properties affected by mainstream flooding must meet the requirements of Penrith City Council's Development Control Plan Section C3.5.

<sup>(2)</sup> This minimum freeboard requirement also applies to the enclosed basement garages adjacent to the pump-out system.

- e) The design must consider the practical operation of the system as well as maintenance considerations such as location and size of access pits;
- f) Internal flow paths through private courtyards should be minimised;
- g) Site levels shall be designed to direct all surface flows into the OSD system. This will ensure that in the storm events larger than 1% AEP or the event of a failure of the roof and piped system that flows are still directed to the storage area so as not to adversely affect adjoining properties and to maintain the integrity of the OSD system;
- b) Driveway and parking areas shall be shaped to direct flows into the OSD system. The use of grated drains for this purpose should be avoided wherever possible;
- The OSD system, including storage, shall be wholly located within the property boundary; and
- Site stormwater runoff shall be collected and conveyed to the OSD system and WSUD measures.

#### 4.3.2 HYDRAULIC CONTROLS

The following hydraulic controls shall be applied to the design of OSD systems:

- All pits connected to an OSD system shall be minimum 100mm above the top water level to ensure there is not surcharge due to tail water levels in the storage area;
- The outlet pipe diameter from the OSD system shall be a minimum of 1.5 x the orifice pipe; and
- The outlet control for the OSD system shall be above the following levels, whichever is the greatest:
  - o Council's adopted tail water level (Section 3.1.3); or
  - 1% AEP flood level at the discharge point; or
  - Hydraulic grade line level of the connection to street or piped drainage system.

Note: Submerged OSD outlet is not acceptable

#### 4.3.3 ORIFICE OUTLET

The OSD system outlet shall generally be controlled by an orifice. However, Council may consider staged-outlet orifice design to control site runoff from a range of storm events, subject to assessment and approval from Council's Engineers. The following requirements apply to the design of orifice outlet:

- The orifice shall have an absolute minimum diameter of 25mm;
- Orifice plate shall be manufactured from minimum 3mm thick stainless steel plate (6mm where orifice diameter exceeds 150mm), with circular hole machines to 0.5mm accuracy and sharp-edged;
- The centreline of the orifice shall be installed to align with the centre line of the outlet;

Penrith City Council Stormwater Drainage Specification for Building Developments Page 17 of 68

- Orifice plate shall be fixed to the wall of the control pit by four (4) stainless steel 'dyna bolts' or equivalent, at each corner, with epoxy seal around the edges of plate to prevent entrance of water; and
- The orifice discharge equation is:

$$Q = C A (2gh)^{1/2}$$

where Q is the discharge in m<sup>3</sup>/s

C is the coefficient of discharge

A is the orifice area in m2

g is the acceleration due to gravity (m/s²)

h is the depth of water above the centre of the orifice (m).

This equation relies on a circular sharp-edged orifice and free discharge from the orifice.

#### 4.3.4 DISCHARGE CONTROL PIT

The minimum size of the discharge control pit shall be:

- 600mm x 600mm for pits up to 900mm depth.
- 900mm x 900mm for pits greater than 900mm depth.

The discharge control pit shall:

- Minimise the risk of becoming blocked by debris;
- Be located in a suitable position;
- Be readily inspected;
- Be fitted with hinged galvanised mild steel grate and trash screen (Lysaght Maximesh RH3030 or equivalent) with a minimum area of 50 times the orifice area:
- Be provided with galvanised step irons if the internal depth of the pit is greater than 1.0m;
- Be accessed readily for cleaning; and
- Have a minimal risk of being tampered with.

Refer to <u>Appendix H</u> for the standard drawings of the typical OSD Discharge Control Pit and typical OSD designs in developments.

#### 4.3.5 SIZING OF OSD SYSTEM

For site areas up to 5000m<sup>2</sup> (0.5 hectares), Council has adopted a simplified method in determining Site Storage Requirement (SSR) and Permissible Site Discharge (PSD) of the OSD system as set out below.

#### Table 7 PSD and SSR

| Land Use   | PSD (L/s/ha) | SSR (m3/ha) |
|--|--------------|-------------|
| Multi-Unit Housing                                   | 120          | 240         |
| Residential Flat Building / Apartment / Industrial / | 120          | 280         |
| Commercial and Others                                |              |             |

Penrith City Council Stormwater Drainage Specification for Building Developments Page 18 of 68

The design of aboveground tanks must consider appearance and urban design issues. Aboveground tanks shall comply with the same engineering criteria as belowground tanks. Particular attention should be given to access for inspection and maintenance.

#### 4.3.7 OSD BELOW GROUND STORAGE

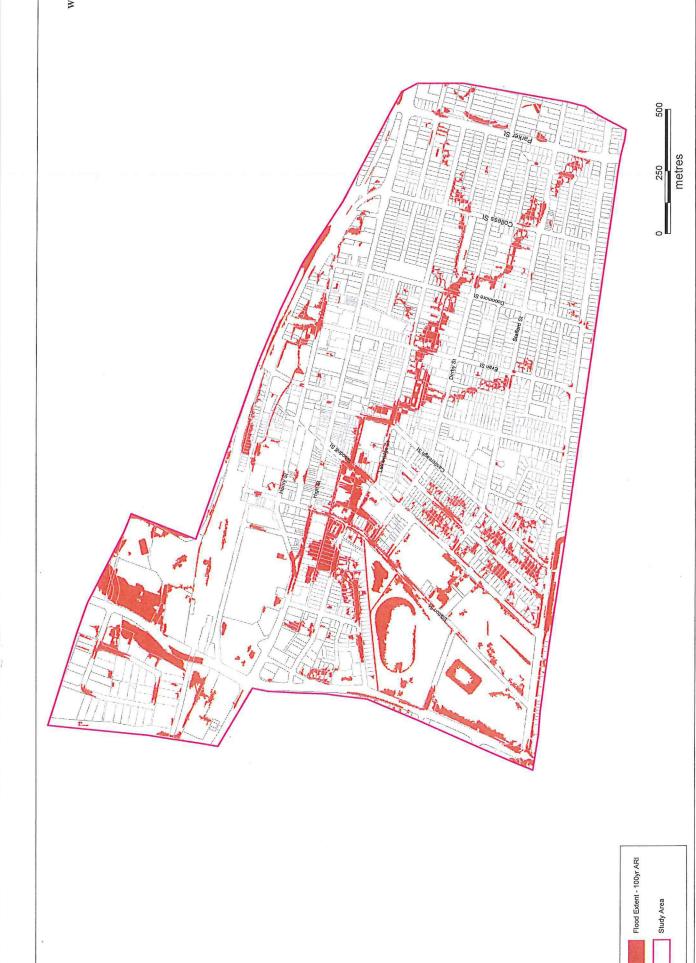
The following design criteria must be met for below ground storage tanks:

- a) Storage tanks are <u>not</u> permitted under habitable floors or any building slabs;
- b) For dual use tanks any permanent water storage volumes will not count as part of the OSD required storage;
- c) Storage tanks shall not be penetrated by any site services such as water, sewer, electricity and gas etc.;
- d) The tank shall have a minimum depth of 900mm to facilitate access for maintenance and cleaning. Consideration may be given to reduce the depth of the tank up to 750mm subject to the assessment and approval from Council's Engineer;
- e) A minimum of two grated access points (900mm x 900mm) shall be provided on opposite sides of the tank to facilitate ventilation, one shall be located over the discharge control pit / screen for maintenance and cleaning;
- f) Larger tanks may require additional grates to provide adequate ventilation;
- g) The spacing between each access grates shall comply with AS2865;
- h) All access points shall be fitted with a minimum of 900mm x 900mm removable or hinged heavy duty grate;
- Step irons shall be provided to all access points at 300mm centres to allow for comfortable access;
- j) Grates should be fitted with appropriate locking mechanisms to prevent ingress by children or non-authorised persons;
- For safety, all maintenance access to pits must conform to current Australian Standards and regulations for confined spaces. It is the responsibility of the designer to ensure compliance with these requirements and other requirements associated with Occupational Health and Safety;
- The location of the tank and inspection access should also consider safety of persons undertaking maintenance and inspections. Access points should be located away from driveways or heavily trafficked areas wherever possible;
- m) The floor of the storage tank shall be graded at a minimum of 1% longitudinally and laterally to the outlet to ensure free and complete dewatering of the system;
- n) The tank shall be reinforced concrete or masonry; and
- The tank shall be certified by an appropriately qualified and experienced engineer for structural adequacy against appropriate live and dead loads, earth loads, traffic, internal hydrostatic loads as well as external hydrostatic loads (buoyancy).

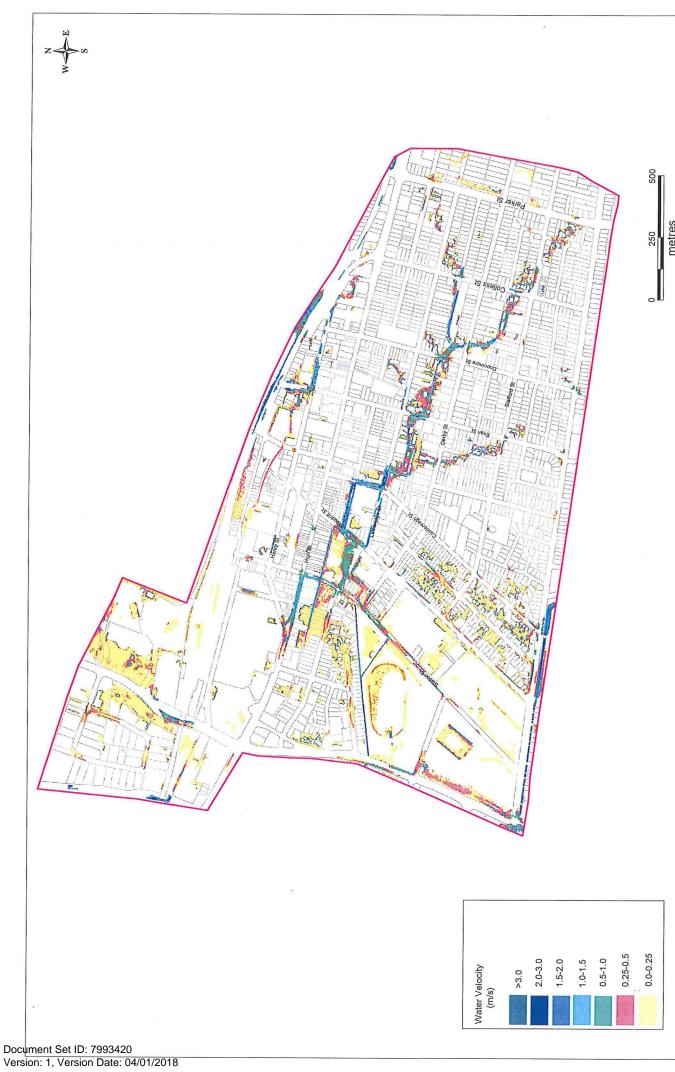
#### 4.3.8 FREEBOARD

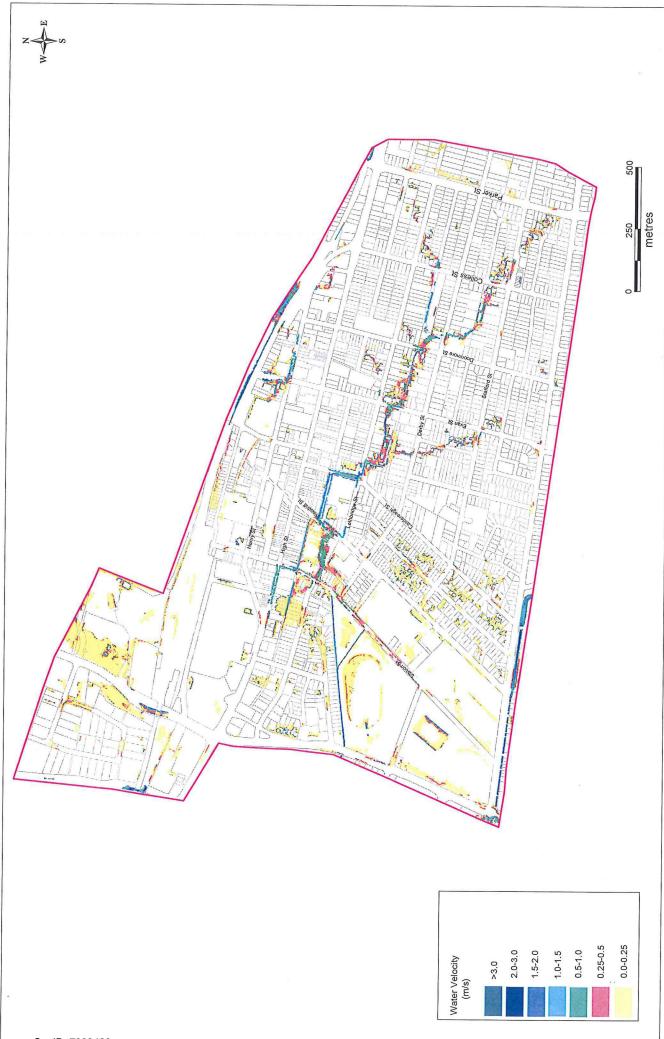
Refer to Section 3.1.2 for the freeboard requirements of the OSD system.

Penrith City Council
Stormwater Drainage Specification for Building Developments

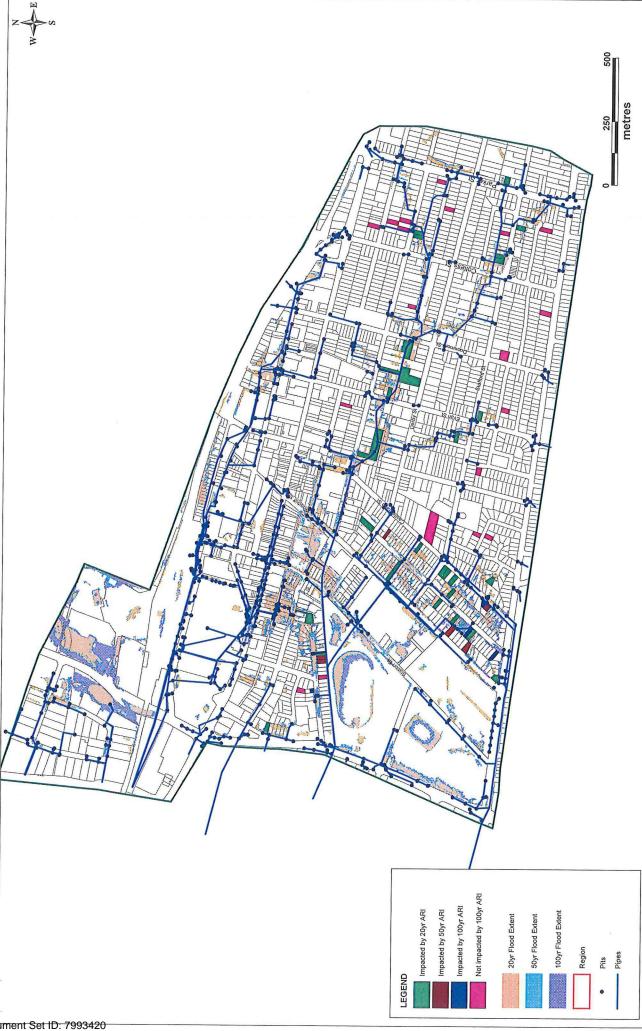


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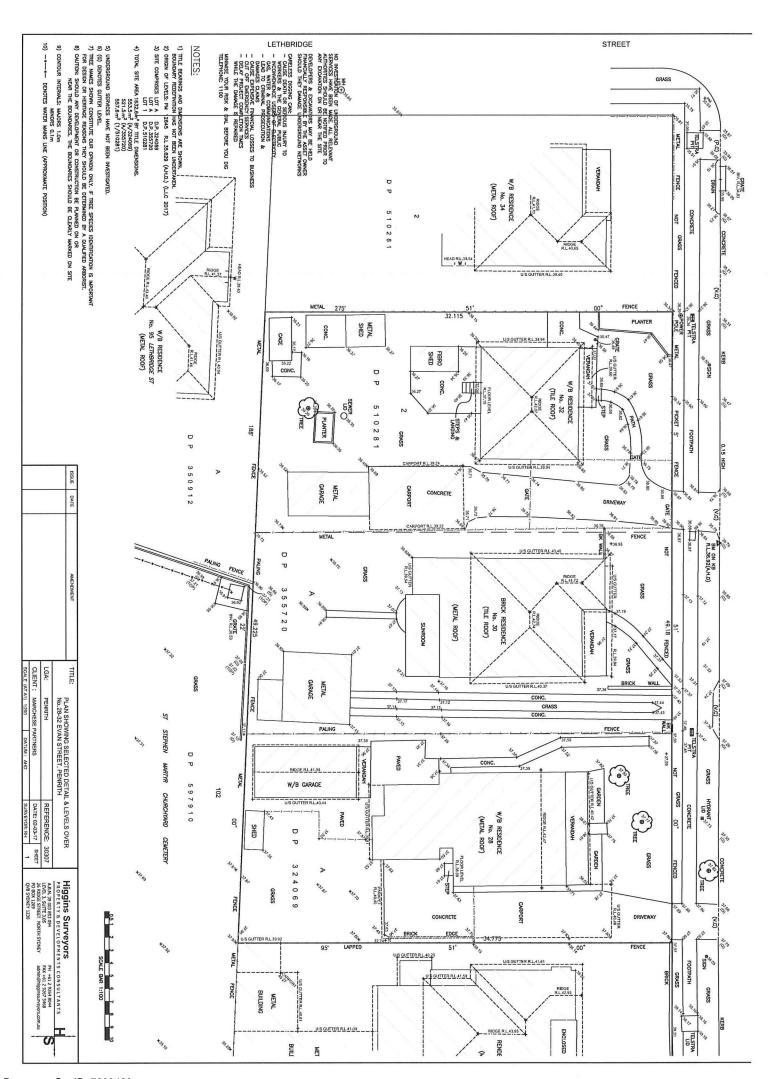


VA735 July 2015



C Cardno

# 3 – Survey Details



# 4 - Stormwater Drainage Calculation

**DRAINS Model Results** 

JOB: 63280 - 28 - 32 Evan Street, Penrith

DATE: 24 November 2017

#### **ONSITE DETENTION TANK CALCULATION**

#### **Site Discharge Calculation**

Penrith Council - Stormwater Drainage Specification for Building Developments

Site upto 5000 m2 - Simplified Method

Section 4.3.5 - SIZING OF OSD SYSTEM

From Table 7: PSD & SSR

For Multi - unit Housing Permissible Site Discharge (PSD) 120 L/s/ha

Site area = 1632.6 m2

Site Discharge = 120 x 0.16326 = 19.59 l/s

Site Discharge = 19.59 l/s

#### **OSD Volume Calculation**

For Multi - unit Housing Site Storage Reauirement (SSR) 240 m3/ha

Site area = 1632.6 m2

OSD Storage Volume = 240 x 0.16326 = 39.2 m3

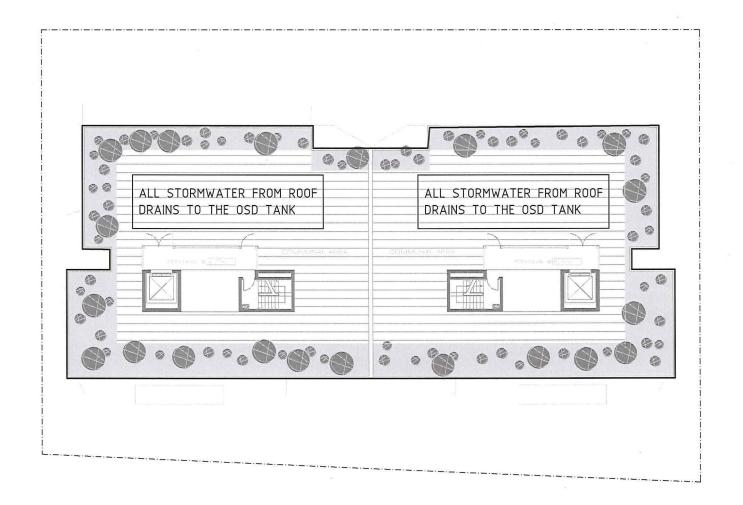
OSD Storage Volume = 39.2 m3

#### **OSD Tank Depth**

Section 4.3. 7 - OSD BELOW GROUND STORAGE

Section (d) - Tank Minimum Depth is 900 mm provided

# 5 – Stormwater Drainage Drawings





# DRAINAGE CONCEPT PROPOSAL ROOF PLAN

#### **NOTES**

- . ALL ROOF STORMWATER DRAINS TO THE ON SITE DETENTION TANK,
- . ALL PIPES TO CATER FOR THE 100 YEAR ARI.



marcnese + partners architects
Level 1,53 Walker Steret north systems with 202 4875 fax: (02) 9929 5750 email: info@marches.com.au web; web 20 998 502 15

PROJECT

PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT 28-32 EVAN STREET PENRITH

STORMWATER DRAINAGE
CONCEPT PROPOSAL

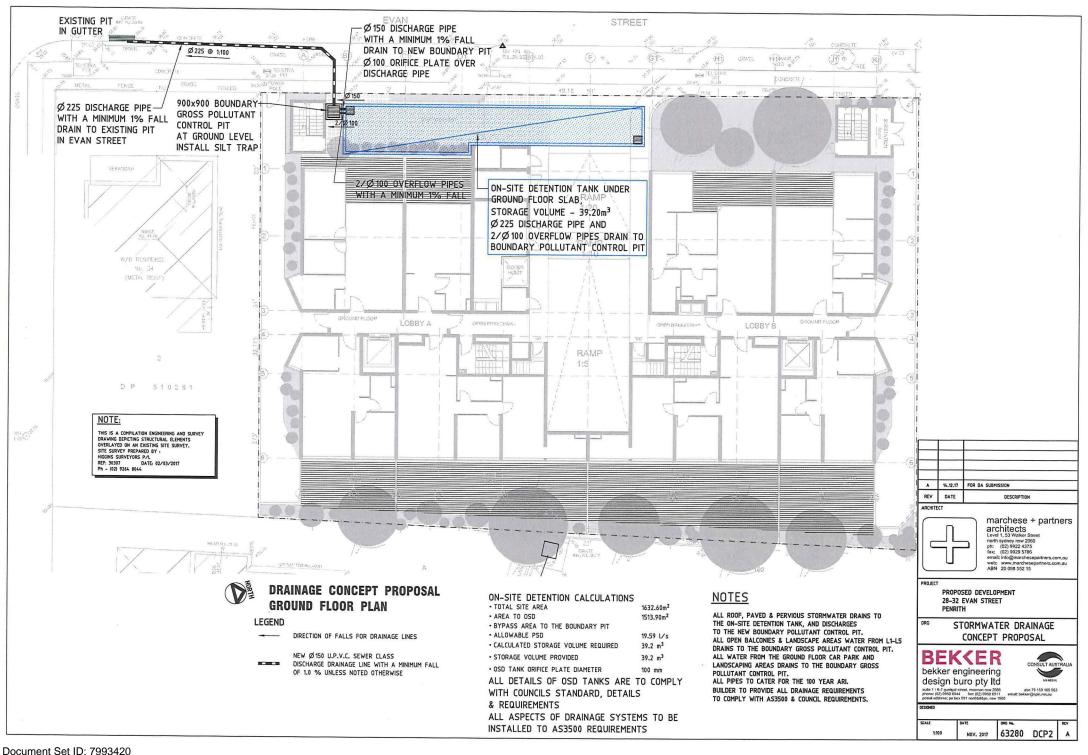
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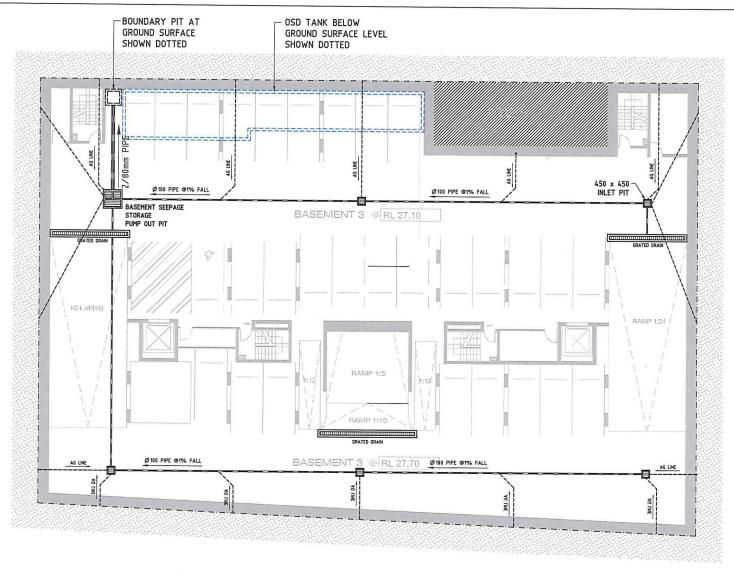


16944 fax: (02) 9960 6911 email: bekker; o box 591 northbridge, nsw 1500

DESIGNED

00 NOV. 2017 63280 DCP1







#### DRAINAGE CONCEPT PROPOSAL BASEMENT PLAN

#### LEGEND

DIRECTION OF FALLS FOR DRAINAGE LINES

NEW Ø 150 U.P.V.C. SEWER CLASS

DISCHARGE DRAINAGE LINE WITH A MINIMUM FALL

OF 1.0 % UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE

-- 90mm Ø AG PIPE IN BED OF SCREENINGS

STORMWATER PIT

BASEMENT SEEPAGE STORAGE PIT AND PUMP DETAILS TO COUNCIL CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS.

SEEPAGE STORAGE PIT VOLUME CALCULATIONS 2.0m L x 2.0m W x 1.0m D = VOLUME OF 4.0M<sup>3</sup> MINIMUM

PROVIDE 2/NP2200 SUBMERSIBLE PUMPS TO DISCHARGE INTO PIT AT GROUND LEVEL NEAR ENTRY DRIVEWAY BY NOSSITER PUMP SERVICES P/L
Phone: (02) 9807 3077 Fax: (02) 9807 6945



ARCHITECT



marchese + partners architects
Level 1,35 Waller-Street north sydney new 2000 ph: (20) 9822 9798 fax: (22) 9822 9798 emill: Indi@marchespartners.com.au web: www.marchespartners.com.au ABN 20 986 562 15

PROJECT

PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT 28-32 EVAN STREET PENRITH

STORMWATER DRAINAGE
CONCEPT PROPOSAL

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60 6944 fax: (02) 9960 6911 ernall: bekker@sph.net. ; po box 591 northbridge, new 1560

DATE DRG No.

00 NOV. 2017 63280 DCP3

