STATEMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL EFFECTS

Penrith Council

Construction of two-storey 116 place child care centre above basement car parking, with associated site works at Lots 15 and 16, DP29528, 31-32 Park Avenue Kingswood

Date: August 2021

Revision A



MMDC Pty Ltd

Document Set ID: 9710879 Version: 1, Version Date: 25/08/2021 Prepared and published by:

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Printed August 2021

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1.0 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This report has been prepared to accompany a Development Application for a proposed 116 place,

two-storey child care centre and associated car parking at 31-32 Park Avenue Kingswood. NOTE:

Demolition will be undertaken under a separate future application and signage will be provided under

Exempt Development provisions.

The operator is a reputable, licensed child care provider with an established track record of operating

numerous facilities throughout Sydney. Their philosophy is based on high quality 'Play Based

Programs' reflecting the 'Early Years Learning Framework' and the regulatory requirements of the

National Quality Standards.

The proposed child care centre seeks to cater for a total of 116 children, being 16 x 0-2 years, 20 x 2-

3 years, and 80 x 3-5 years, with 16 staff operating from 6:30am to 6.30pm, Monday to Friday. Suitable

internal and external activity areas are proposed for each age group, along with associated facilities

and amenities, in accordance with the Education and Care Services National Regulation. A total of 28

car spaces will be provided on-site. Signage will be provided under Exempt Development provisions.

The site is zoned R3 Medium Density Residential under Penrith Local Environmental Plan 2010. The

proposed development is a permissible use and meets the objectives of the R3 zone by providing

suitable services for residents in a convenient location that is compatible with the available

infrastructure, services, facilities and environmental capabilities of the land whilst minimising any

potential adverse impacts or conflict between land uses within the zone and land uses within adjoining

zones. The proposal complies with the requirements of SEPP (Educational Establishments and Child

Care Facilities) 2017 and the Child Care Planning Guidelines and generally complies with the main

essential criteria set out in the Penrith DCP 2014.

The proposed development has been assessed against the matters for consideration listed in Section

4.15 of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979 and is considered to be satisfactory. The

proposal is considered satisfactory with regard to relevant matters such as Urban Design, Acoustic,

Access, Traffic Impact, Drainage, ESD, Site Contamination, Amenity, Social and Economic Impacts and

the like, subject to the imposition of suitable conditions of any consent to satisfactorily control the

development. In this regard, it is considered that the subject site is suitable for the proposed

development and that the proposal, providing much needed child care services in the locality, is in the

public interest.

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2.0 INTRODUCTION

This report has been prepared to accompany a Development Application for a proposed 116 place, two-storey child care centre and associated car parking at 31-32 Park Avenue Kingswood. NOTE: Demolition will be undertaken under a separate future application and signage will be provided under Exempt Development provisions.

The proposed child care centre is permissible with consent in the R3 Medium Density Residential zone under Penrith Local Environmental Plan 2010. The development is defined as a:

centre-based child care facility means—

- (a) a building or place used for the education and care of children that provides any one or more of the following—
- (i) long day care,
- (ii) occasional child care,
- (iii) out-of-school-hours care (including vacation care),
- (iv) preschool care, or
- (b) an approved family day care venue (within the meaning of the Children (Education and Care Services) National Law (NSW)),

Note.

An approved family day care venue is a place, other than a residence, where an approved family day care service (within the meaning of the Children (Education and Care Services) National Law (NSW)) is provided.

but does not include—

- (c) a building or place used for home-based child care or school-based child care, or
- (d) an office of a family day care service (within the meanings of the Children (Education and Care Services) National Law (NSW)), or
- (e) a babysitting, playgroup or child-minding service that is organised informally by the parents of the children concerned, or
- (f) a child-minding service that is provided in connection with a recreational or commercial facility (such as a gymnasium) to care for children while the children's parents are using the facility, or
- (g) a service that is concerned primarily with providing lessons or coaching in, or providing for participation in, a cultural, recreational, religious or sporting activity, or providing private tutoring, or
- (h) a child-minding service that is provided by or in a health services facility, but only if the service is established, registered or licensed as part of the institution operating in the facility.

The area surrounding the site is predominantly characterised by rural residential uses with associated recreational, community, educational and commercial areas. Opposite the site on the southern side of Park Avenue is a railway line. The existing built form in the locality and along this section of Park Avenue comprises single and double storey dwellings and townhouses.

The subject site is well serviced by nearby bus public transport and enjoys vehicular access to the

nearby surrounding regional road network of The Northern Road and Great Western Highway via

Richmond Road.

This statement will address the proposal in the context of the applicable planning legislation including:

• State Environmental Planning Policy (Educational Establishments and Child Care Facilities)

2017 and Child Care Planning Guideline;

State Environmental Planning Policy No. 55 – Contaminated Land;

• State Environmental Planning Policy (Infrastructure) 2007;

Penrith Local Environmental Plan 2010; and

Penrith Development Control Plan 2014.

The proposal has also been designed in accordance with the requirements of the Education and Care

Services National Regulations 2012.

This report is to be read in conjunction with the following associated documents and plans prepared

as a part of this Development Application:

• Architectural Site Analysis, Floor Plans, Roof Plans, Sections and Elevations, Streetscape

Elevation, Shadow Diagrams, Schedule of Finishes, Emergency Evacuation Plan

• Landscape Concept Plan

• Stormwater Management Plan and Erosion and Sediment Control Plan

Survey Plan

Waste Management Plan

Access Report

Traffic Report

Acoustic Report

Arborist's Report

Overland Flow Report

• Operational Management Plan

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3.0 BACKGROUND

3.1 Pre-DA Meeting

A Pre-DA meeting (PL21/0029) was held with Council on 13 May 2021.

The current proposal has been designed to address the issues raised and the following comments are provided:

• The footprint of the basement extends too close to the rear and side boundaries of the site which is unlikely to leave enough space for deep soil landscaping around the site edges. Vegetation along the boundaries is important in a residential area as it serves to provide a Visual soft buffer between the proposed development and adjoining dwellings and recreational areas.

Comment: The proposal has been amended to reduce the basement footprint with a reduction from 30 car spaces to 28 car spaces to allow suitable deep soil landscaping area with variable widths of 1.8m to 4.5m along the rear boundary and 1m to 3.5m along the side boundaries. An extract of the landscape plan showing suitable detailed landscaping with 16 canopy trees, shrubs and screen planting is provided below.



• The scale and massing of the building appears to be excessive. The first floor footprint is larger than the ground floor, minimal articulation has been incorporated into the wall lengths and the overall massing of the building is very linear and block like. The resulting form and scale is not considered to be compatible with the residential character of the area

Comment: The proposal has been amended to incorporate suitable architectural articulation with staggered building facades and variety in building materials and finishes to add visual interest and depth and minimise visual bulk and scale. The internal first floor footprint of the building is smaller than the ground floor. The proposed two-storey built form complies with Council's building envelope and is compatible with the residential character of the area. An extract of the 3D view of the proposal is provided below (first image) as well as the adjoining built form at 29-30 Park Avenue (second image).





• The first-floor outdoor area is also likely to become semi-enclosed space, given its location and the need for acoustic screening. This will add to the bulk and massing of the building which is not supported.

Comment: The proposal has been amended to incorporate suitable architectural articulation with staggered building facades and variety in building materials and finishes to add visual interest and depth and minimise visual bulk and scale. The internal first floor area of the building is smaller than the ground floor area, while the first floor outdoor play area is open to the sky and provides a combination of planter boxes and 0.8m high transparent acoustic screens above the 1m balustrade to soften the appearance of the development. The proposed two-storey built form complies with Council's building envelope and is compatible with the residential character of the area. An extract of the landscape plan and 3D view of the first floor outdoor play area is provided below.





• The overall appearance of the building is quite commercial looking, which may not be compatible with the residential character of the area and the R3 zone. While a contemporary design can be acceptable, it needs to complement existing residential features, which include landscaped gardens, smaller upper floors, and pitched or hipped roof forms.

Comment: The proposal has been amended to incorporate suitable architectural articulation with staggered building facades and variety in building materials and finishes to add visual interest and depth and minimise visual bulk and scale. The internal first floor area of the building is smaller than the ground floor area, and the proposal results in an improvement to the existing streetscape and complements existing residential features with a hipped roof form and suitable landscaping. The proposed two-storey built form complies with Council's building envelope and is compatible with the residential character of the area and the R3 zone. An extract of the 3D view from the adjoining public reserve is provided below.



 Concerns are raised regarding the development's presentation to the public reserve to the west given the first-floor outdoor play area and, the limited side setbacks and articulation along the western elevation

Comment: As noted above, the proposal has been amended to incorporate suitable architectural articulation with staggered building facades and variety in building materials and finishes to add visual interest and depth and minimise visual bulk and scale as viewed from the public reserve. The proposed two-storey built form complies with Council's building envelope and is compatible with the residential character of the area and the R3 zone.

• The NSW Education and Care Services National Regulations specifies the rate of indoor and

outdoor unencumbered space required per child. While the plans indicate that the proposal

complies with these rates, it has not been demonstrated that these areas are unencumbered.

Further, it is noted that the Child Care Planning Guideline specifies that appropriate planting

should be provided along the boundary, however these screen planting should be excluded

from the calculations of unencumbered outdoor space.

Comment: The proposal is consistent with the requirements of the SEPP and Child Care Planning

Guidelines as outlined further in this Report. As previously noted, suitable landscaping has been

provided and areas of 1m wide dense screen planting along the boundary have been excluded from

the calculations of unencumbered outdoor space.

• A maximum building height of 8.5m is applicable to the site under the provisions of Penrith

Local Environmental Plan 2010. It is unclear from the documentation if the proposal (including

the lift overrun) will comply with the height control.

Comment: The proposal has been designed to comply with the maximum permitted building height

of 8.5m and provides a built form that is compatible with its surrounds.

• The entrance to the lift should be relocated so it is accessible from the lobby so access to the

facility can be restricted. The current location, which is accessible directly from outside, is a

security risk.

Comment: The entrance to the lift has been relocated so it accessible from the lobby and secure access

can be maintained.

• The plans are to nominate the areas for nappy changing, preparing bottles, and the use and

storage of cots etc

Comment: The plans nominate suitable areas for nappy changing, bottle preparation, internal and

external storage.

Signage details (including materials, size and location) are to be included in any future

development application

Comment: No signage is proposed as a part of this application and any future signage will be provided

under exempt development.

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Any future application is to be accompanied by a detailed landscape plan, prepared by a

suitably landscape professional. The plan is to include details of all shade structures

Comment: Refer to accompanying Landscape Plans and details of shade structures shown on plans

and elevations.

Engineering, Traffic, Environmental Management, Waste, and Building Matters

As per the list of documentation listed in the Pre-DA advice, the proposal is accompanied with a traffic

report, acoustic report, arborist report, accessibility report, waste management plan, landscape plan,

stormwater drainage plan, contamination assessment (in SEE), operational management plan, survey

plan, 3D perspectives, shadow diagrams and architectural plans confirming that no adverse impacts

arise and that the site is suitable for the proposed development.

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4.0 SITE LOCATION

4.1 Context and Location

The subject site is located on the northern side of Park Avenue, between Heath Street and Walter Street. Kingswood train station is approximately 700m walking distance from the site to the west.

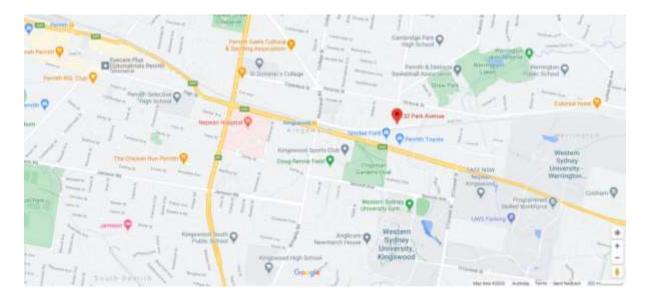


Figure 1: Site Location (Source Google Maps)

The site enjoys excellent proximity to nearby services and amenities including the adjoining local playground, Shaw Park, Chapman Gardens Oval, Werrington Public School, Cambridge Park High School, St Dominic's College, St Joseph's Primary School, Western Sydney University, TAFE (Nepean Kingswood), Nepean Hospital and Penrith Westfield.

The subject site is well serviced by nearby bus and train public transport and enjoys vehicular access to the nearby surrounding regional road network of The Northern Road and Great Western Highway via Richmond Road.





Figure 2: Existing Streetscape Context looking east (top) and west (bottom) (Source Google Maps)

The area surrounding the site is predominantly characterised by a mix of residential uses with associated recreational, educational and commercial areas. The existing built form in the locality and along this section of Park Avenue comprises a mixture of established single storey post-war fibro clad dwellings and newer double storey detached dwellings and attached townhouses with associated outbuildings, driveways, fencing and garden planting.

The subject site is not in the vicinity of any hazardous industries, or LP gas sites, and is considered to be safe from any other environmental health hazards, such as high lead levels, hazardous industries or proximity to cooling tower drift in high rise building areas.

4.2 Site Details

The subject land, being Lots 15 and 16 in DP 29528, is trapezoidal in shape with a total area of 1,476.7sqm and dimensions of 31.61m (street frontage), 30.48m (northern rear boundary), 44.265m (eastern side boundary), and 52.625m (western park frontage). The land is bounded by Park Avenue to the south; public reserve to the west; and existing residential properties to the north and east.



Figure 3: Aerial Photo (Source Six Maps)

Each lot currently has a single storey clad dwelling and associated structures, metal fencing, garden planting and trees, with driveway access off Park Avenue.

The topography of the development site is generally flat with a slight fall of approximately 2.56m across the site from north (rear) to south (front). Power and water are available to the site.

The land is unaffected by any land reservation acquisition, view corridor, heritage, acid sulfate soils, contamination or biodiversity constraints, but is partly affected by local overland (flooding) flows.

Existing views of the site are provided in the figures below.



Figure 4: Existing streetscape view of 32 Park Avenue



Figure 5: Existing streetscape view of 31 Park Avenue

5.0 DEVELOPMENT PROPOSAL

The proposal seeks development consent for the following:

• Construction of a 116 place, two-storey child care centre above basement car parking

containing 28 car spaces

• Associated site works, shade structures, acoustic fencing, retaining walls, drainage, tree

removal and landscaping works

NOTE: Demolition will be undertaken under a separate future application and signage will be

provided under Exempt Development provisions.

The design rationale seeks to provide an overall building siting and massing with a high degree of

contextual fit with landscaped front setbacks resulting in an improvement to the existing streetscape

whilst accommodating the required parking within a basement and minimising any potential adverse

amenity impacts. The scale of the proposal reflects the size and capacity of the site to suitably

accommodate a highly articulated two-storey built form with compliant setbacks, building height,

indoor and outdoor play areas, car parking, landscaping and fencing.

The proposed child care centre accommodates a total of 116 children, being 16 x 0-2 years, 20 x 2-3

years, and 80 x 3-5 years, with 16 staff operating from 7am to 6pm, with 30 minute staff 'shoulder

times from 6:30am to 6:30pm, Monday to Friday.

The overall height of the building is 8.27m to the top of roof. The building maintains minimum setbacks

of 1m to 1.7m to the eastern side boundary, 3m to 5m to the western side boundary, 10m to the

northern rear boundary, and 6m to the southern front boundary. The proposal has a maximum wall

height of 6.55m on the eastern side and 7.05m on the western side and is wholly contained within the

permitted building envelope for a single dwelling within the R3 zone.

The basement car parking area contains 28 car spaces and allows suitable deep soil landscaping area

with variable widths of 1.8m to 4.5m along the rear boundary and 1m to 3.5m along the side

boundaries.

Unencumbered internal activity areas are proposed on the ground floor and first floor, along with

associated nappy change, bottle preparation, sleeping facilities, age appropriate toilets, storage areas,

kitchen and administration and first floor laundry, staff room and storage, in accordance with the

Education and Care Services National Regulation 2012. Separate outdoor play areas for each age group

totalling have been provided with suitable shading and finished with soft fall and artificial turf surfaces.

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The building will be constructed of brick, painted render, timber, glazing and lightweight cladding and

colourbond rooves. Appropriate colour selections for the windows, gutters and fascias will be utilised

to provide variation to the external appearance of the development.

Stormwater drainage is proposed via a pit and pipe system and on-site detention tank and direct

connection to the street. In order to achieve the design levels required for access and stormwater

minor cut and fill and retaining walls within the site are proposed.

The proposal seeks to remove low to moderate retention value exotic trees in order to accommodate

the proposal and ensure a safe outdoor play environment. Suitable landscaping within the front

setback and along the side and rear boundaries will be provided to soften the appearance of the

development.

In accordance with the accompanying Acoustic Report, suitable acoustic barriers up to 1.8m in height

will be provided and a Noise Management Plan will be implemented as a part of the operation as

follows:

All staff and parents are provided with a copy of the Centre's Noise Management Plan and its

implications for them during their time at the Centre.

Neighbours should be provided with the name and contact details of the Centre Director, and

the invitation to contact that person at any time the Centre is operating.

• Staff arriving prior to 7am should park in the dedicated staff parking spaces.

All external windows and sliding doors to all indoor play areas shall remain closed during noisy

activities such as singing or the use of amplified music.

Facilitating children/s small group play when outside and encouraging educators to engage in

children's play and facilitate friendships between children.

• Crying children should be comforted as quickly as possible and moved indoors.

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6.0 PLANNING CONTROLS

6.1 STATE PLANNING FRAMEWORK

6.1.1 State Environmental Planning Policy (Educational Establishments and Child Care Facilities) 2017

The above SEPP and associated Child Care Planning Guidelines aim to ensure a consistent approach to facilitating the provision of child care services across NSW and establishes Design Guidelines consistent with the requirements of the National Quality Framework.

The proposal is consistent with the requirements of the SEPP as follows:

<u>Clause 22 Centre-based child care facility—concurrence of Regulatory Authority required for</u> certain development

- (1) This clause applies to development for the purpose of a centre-based child care facility if:
- (a) the floor area of the building or place does not comply with regulation 107 (indoor unencumbered space requirements) of the Education and Care Services National Regulations, or
- (b) the outdoor space requirements for the building or place do not comply with regulation 108 (outdoor unencumbered space requirements) of those Regulations.

Comment: Not Applicable – the proposed indoor and outdoor play areas comply with the unencumbered space requirements.

<u>Clause 23 Centre-based child care facility—matters for consideration by consent</u> authorities

Before determining a development application for development for the purpose of a centrebased child care facility, the consent authority must take into consideration any applicable provisions of the Child Care Planning Guideline, in relation to the proposed development

Comment: Complies – refer to discussion below under Child Care Planning Guideline and Appendix A for compliance under the National Regulations.

Clause 25 Centre-based child care facility—non-discretionary development standards

- (1) The object of this clause is to identify development standards for particular matters relating to a centre-based child care facility that, if complied with, prevent the consent authority from requiring more onerous standards for those matters.
- (2) The following are non-discretionary development standards for the purposes of section 4.15 (2) and (3) of the Act in relation to the carrying out of development for the purposes of a centre-based child care facility:
- (a) location—the development may be located at any distance from an existing or proposed early education and care facility,
- (b) indoor or outdoor space

- (i) for development to which regulation 107 (indoor unencumbered space requirements) or 108 (outdoor unencumbered space requirements) of the Education and Care Services National Regulations applies—the unencumbered area of indoor space and the unencumbered area of outdoor space for the development complies with the requirements of those regulations, or
- (ii) for development to which clause 28 (unencumbered indoor space and useable outdoor play space) of the Children (Education and Care Services) Supplementary Provisions Regulation 2012 applies—the development complies with the indoor space requirements or the useable outdoor play space requirements in that clause,
- (c) site area and site dimensions—the development may be located on a site of any size and have any length of street frontage or any allotment depth,
- (d) colour of building materials or shade structures—the development may be of any colour or colour scheme unless it is a State or local heritage item or in a heritage conservation area.
- (3) To remove doubt, this clause does not prevent a consent authority from:
- (a) refusing a development application in relation to a matter not specified in subclause (2), or
- (b) granting development consent even though any standard specified in subclause (2) is not complied with.

Comment: Complies with indoor and outdoor unencumbered space requirements and the subject site is considered suitable for the proposed use given no adverse streetscape or amenity impacts arise.

<u>Clause 26 Centre-based child care facility—development control plans</u>

- (1) A provision of a development control plan that specifies a requirement, standard or control in relation to any of the following matters (including by reference to ages, age ratios, groupings, numbers or the like, of children) does not apply to development for the purpose of a centre-based child care facility:
- (a) operational or management plans or arrangements (including hours of operation),
- (b) demonstrated need or demand for child care services,
- (c) proximity of facility to other early education and care facilities,
- (d) any matter relating to development for the purpose of a centre-based child care facility contained in:
- (i) the design principles set out in Part 2 of the Child Care Planning Guideline, or
- (ii) the matters for consideration set out in Part 3 or the regulatory requirements set out in Part 4 of that Guideline (other than those concerning building height, side and rear setbacks or car parking rates).
- (2) This clause applies regardless of when the development control plan was made.

Comment: Complies – refer to discussion below under Child Care Planning Guideline and Appendix A for compliance under the National Regulations.

Child Care Planning Guideline

Section 1.4 of the Guidelines states:

The SEPP generally provides that Development Control Plans seeking to regulate development for a child care facility will not apply, except for controls relating to building height, rear and side setbacks and car parking rates. The following table helps different users understand how the Guideline fits with the SEPP, and how they should apply it.

Application of Child Care Planning Guideline

SEPP Provision	Proponents	Consent authorities	Regulatory authority: Concurrence / Service Approval
Guideline as a consideration	Use the Guideline when preparing a development application to ensure once built, the development meets the physical requirements for the subsequent service approval application.	Consider Parts 2, 3 and 4 of the Guideline. Review the National Quality Framework Assessment Checklist.	Assess Concurrence request against relevant sections of Part 4 and the National Quality Framework Assessment Checklist.
Controls in Development Control Plans	The provisions of the Child Care Planning Guideline will generally take precedence over a DCP, other than building height, side and rear setbacks and car parking rates. Where there is no DCP, use all Parts of the Guideline to inform DA preparation.	The provisions of the Child Care Planning Guideline will generally take precedence over a DCP, other than building height, side and rear setbacks and car parking rates. Where there are no DCP provisions consider the development application against the matters in the Guideline.	N/A.
Concurrence	Complete and submit National Quality Framework Assessment Checklist. Prepare DA in accordance with Part 4 of the Guideline and Regulations 107 & 108 of the National Regulations.	Check National Quality Framework Assessment Checklist to assess need for concurrence. Refer to regulatory authority if insufficient unencumbered indoor or outdoor space provided.	Check National Quality Framework Assessment Checklist to review unencumbered space provisions – indoor and outdoor. Advise consent authority of determination regarding concurrence.

The proposal has been designed by a registered architect, Archidrome, and is consistent with the design quality principles as follows:

Principle 1 – Context

The proposal as discussed further below:

- achieves good design that responds and contributes to its context, including the key natural
 and built features of the local area, their relationship and the character they create when
 combined. It also includes social, economic, health and environmental conditions; and
- is a well-designed child care facility that responds to and enhances the qualities and identity

of the area including adjacent sites, streetscapes and neighbourhood; and takes advantage of

its context by optimising nearby transport, public facilities and centres, respecting local

heritage, and being responsive to the demographic, cultural and socio-economic makeup of

the facility users and surrounding communities.

Principle 2 - Built form

The proposal as discussed further below:

• achieves good design with a scale, bulk and height appropriate to the existing or desired future

character of the surrounding area; an appropriate built form for a site and the building's

purpose in terms of building alignments, proportions, building type, articulation and the

manipulation of building elements; and a variety of materials, colours and textures; and

provides an appropriate built form that defines the public domain, contributes to the

character of streetscapes and parks, including their views and vistas, and provides internal

amenity and outlook; and

is an example of contemporary facility design that is distinctive and unique to support

innovative approaches to teaching and learning, while still achieving a visual appearance that

is aesthetically pleasing, complements the surrounding areas, and contributes positively to

the public realm.

Principle 3 - Adaptive learning spaces

The proposal as discussed further below:

• achieves good facility design through site layout, building design, and learning spaces fit-out

that delivers high quality learning spaces and achieves a high level of amenity for children and

staff, resulting in buildings and associated infrastructure that are fit-for-purpose, enjoyable

and easy to use; and

achieves a mix of inclusive learning spaces to cater for all students and different modes of

learning with appropriately designed physical spaces offering a variety of settings, technology

and opportunities for interaction.

Principle 4- Sustainability

The proposal as discussed further below:

provides sustainable design with positive environmental, social and economic outcomes via

natural cross ventilation, sunlight and passive thermal design for ventilation, heating and

cooling reducing reliance on technology and operation costs; as well as suitable recycling and

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re-use of materials and waste, use of sustainable materials and deep soil zones for

groundwater recharge and vegetation; and

• is a well-designed facility that is durable and embeds resource efficiency into building and site

design, resulting in less energy and water consumption, less generation of waste and air

emissions and reduced operational costs.

Principle 5 – Landscape

The proposal as discussed further below:

• achieves well-integrated landscape and buildings, resulting in an attractive development with

good amenity; and contributing to the landscape character of the streetscape and

neighbourhood; and

• provides well-designed landscapes that make outdoor spaces assets for learning with diversity

in function and use, age-appropriateness and amenity; and

enhances the development's environmental performance by retaining positive natural

features which contribute to the local context, co-ordinating water and soil management,

solar access, micro-climate, tree canopy, habitat values and preserving green networks.

Principle 6 – Amenity

The proposal as discussed further below:

• positively influences internal and external amenity for children, staff and neighbours; and

contributes to positive learning environments and the well-being of students and staff; and

• achieves good amenity combines through appropriate and efficient indoor and outdoor

learning spaces, access to sunlight, natural ventilation, outlook, visual and acoustic privacy,

storage, service areas and ease of access for all age groups and degrees of mobility; and

facilities provide comfortable, diverse and attractive spaces to learn, play and socialise.

Principle 7 – Safety

The proposal as discussed further below:

optimises the use of the built and natural environment for learning and play, while utilising

equipment, vegetation and landscaping that has a low health and safety risk and can be

checked and maintained efficiently and appropriately;

• balances safety and security with the need to create a welcoming and accessible environment;

and

 provides for quality public and private spaces that are inviting, clearly defined and allow controlled access for members of the community, which incorporate passive surveillance and Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design (CPTED).

The proposal is considered satisfactory with respect to the matters for consideration under Section 3 the Child Care Planning Guideline, (which take precedence over the provisions of a DCP with the

exception of building height, side and rear setbacks and car parking rates), as follows:

Matters for consideration

3.1 Site selection and location

Council's DCP provisions relating to the suitability of the site for the purpose of child care centres do not apply. The site is suitably zoned R3 Medium Density Residential and environmentally safe from potential risks and hazards with suitable access available from Park Avenue. The site is partly affected by overland flows across the south-western corner of the front setback and is accompanied with an Overland Flow Flood Report which confirms that the site is suitable for the proposal and complies with Council's requirements for safe and effective access. The proposal complies with the building height and setback requirements under the LEP and DCP, and is supported by individual Acoustic and Traffic Reports prepared by suitably qualified consultants confirming that the site is environmentally safe from potential risks and hazards and that the proposal will not result in any adverse acoustic or traffic impacts. Accordingly, the site is considered suitable for the proposal.

3.2 Local character, streetscape and the public domain interface

The proposal has been designed to be compatible with the local character and surrounding streetscape.



The image above shows the recently constructed existing two storey townhouses at 29-30 Park Avenue approved under DA15/0171.



The image above shows the approved two-storey townhouses at 25-26 Park Avenue under DA18/1171.



The image above shows the existing single storey post-war fibro clad dwellings from 37 to 39 Park Avenue.



The image above shows the recently constructed two-storey townhouses at 44 Park Avenue approved under DA18/0292.



The image above shows the approved three-storey boarding house at 45 Park Avenue currently under construction.

As shown in the street perspective view below, the bulk, form, and massing of the proposal is generally consistent with the requirements of Penrith DCP and provides a high degree of contextual fit within this section of Park Avenue with a landscaped front setback as viewed from the street and results in an improvement to the existing streetscape with no courtyard fencing within the front setback and minimal hardstand and driveway areas.



Furthermore, as shown in the proposed park frontage 3D view below, the proposal has been designed to provide suitable surveillance, orientation and articulation to the park frontage, which is considered an improvement to the existing context.

3.3 Building orientation, envelope, building design and accessibility

The proposal has been designed to comply with the local building height and setback controls whilst minimising any potential adverse overshadowing or amenity impacts. The proposal is considered to achieve compatibility with the existing and desired future built form character of the locality and this section of Park Avenue.

The siting and design of the building is considered to be a reasonable design response that is not excessive or overbearing in the immediate context and necessary to accommodate safe and convenient access and car parking provision. The design of the proposal provides for a safe environment accessible by all potential users and suitable outdoor play areas with acceptable solar access and shading that responds to the natural environment.

3.4 Landscaping

The proposal provides a landscape design that contributes to the streetscape and amenity through high quality outdoor play areas and removal of unsuitable existing trees, generally of moderate retention value and/or exotic garden species, to be replaced with suitable replacement trees and landscape screen planting.

3.5 Visual and acoustic privacy

The proposal has been designed to ensure no adverse visual or acoustic privacy impacts to adjoining

properties through the provision of suitable fencing preventing visual overlooking and acoustic

amenity impacts from the indoor and outdoor play areas.

3.6 Noise and air pollution

The proposal is accompanied by an Acoustic Report which provides suitable noise mitigation measures

to ensure that outside noise levels are minimised to acceptable levels during operation. Potential

impacts from external railway noise will also be suitably mitigated as a part of the proposal.

3.7 Hours of operation

Standard hours of operation from 7am to 6pm Monday to Friday are proposed with staff 'shoulder

times' of 6:30am to 6:30pm compatible with the residential nature of the locality.

3.8 Traffic, parking and pedestrian circulation

The proposal complies with Council's car parking requirements and is accompanied by a Traffic Report

which confirms that the proposal has been designed to satisfactorily and safely accommodate the

anticipated car parking demands of the use and that no adverse traffic impacts will arise.

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6.1.2 State Environmental Planning Policy No. 55 (Remediation of Land)

SEPP 55 specifies certain considerations for development on land with respect to the potential for contamination, particularly for sensitive land uses such as development for residential, educational or recreational purposes. The subject site has been used for residential purposes with accessible soils and as such, is suitable for the proposed child care centre use in accordance with the requirements of the SEPP.

Relevantly, Clause 7 states:

- (1) A consent authority must not consent to the carrying out of any development on land unless:
- (a) it has considered whether the land is contaminated, and
- (b) if the land is contaminated, it is satisfied that the land is suitable in its contaminated state (or will be suitable, after remediation) for the purpose for which the development is proposed to be carried out, and
- (c) if the land requires remediation to be made suitable for the purpose for which the development is proposed to be carried out, it is satisfied that the land will be remediated before the land is used for that purpose.
- (2) Before determining an application for consent to carry out development that would involve a change of use on any of the land specified in subclause (4), the consent authority must consider a report specifying the findings of a preliminary investigation of the land concerned carried out in accordance with the contaminated land planning guidelines.
- (3) The applicant for development consent must carry out the investigation required by subclause (2) and must provide a report on it to the consent authority. The consent authority may require the applicant to carry out, and provide a report on, a detailed investigation (as referred to in the contaminated land planning guidelines) if it considers that the findings of the preliminary investigation warrant such an investigation.
- (4) The land concerned is:
- (a) land that is within an investigation area,
- (b) land on which development for a purpose referred to in Table 1 to the contaminated land planning guidelines is being, or is known to have been, carried out,
- (c) to the extent to which it is proposed to carry out development on it for residential, educational, recreational or child care purposes, or for the purposes of a hospital—land:
- (i) in relation to which there is no knowledge (or incomplete knowledge) as to whether development for a purpose referred to in Table 1 to the contaminated land planning guidelines has been carried out, and
- (ii) on which it would have been lawful to carry out such development during any period in respect of which there is no knowledge (or incomplete knowledge).

The subject site has been used in the past for residential purposes, which indicates that it is suitable for re-development. There is no evidence of any potential contamination associated with the existing

residential use and future demolition of existing structures will be undertaken under a separate application subject to suitable removal of any hazardous building materials with a clearance certificate from a suitable qualified consultant. The nature of the proposed child care use also involves minimal

access to existing soils with outdoor play areas covered with softfall compared to the existing

residential use with accessible gardens.

Therefore, in the absence of any evidence of potential contamination and ongoing residential use, it

is considered that the requirements of Clause 7 – "Contamination and remediation to be considered

in the determination of development applications" have been satisfactorily addressed and the subject

site is suitable for the proposal.

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6.1.3 State Environmental Planning Policy (Infrastructure) 2007

The aim of the Infrastructure SEPP is to facilitate the effective delivery of infrastructure by 'identifying

matters to be considered in the assessment of development adjacent to particular types of

infrastructure" and "providing for consultation with relevant public authorities about certain

development during the assessment process".

The proposal does not constitute traffic generating development and the subject site does not have

frontage to a classified road. Whilst a railway corridor is located opposite the site, the subject site is

not located on or adjacent to railway corridor land.

However, the proposed basement excavation is within 25m measured horizontally of the ground

directly below a rail corridor and, as such, referral to rail authority for concurrence is required under

Clause 86.

Further to the above, the proposal has taken into consideration potential acoustic impacts from rail

noise and adopts suitable noise mitigation measures as a part of the design of the development in

accordance with Clause 87 as well as Part C12.2 of Penrith DCP 2014.

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6.2 LOCAL PLANNING FRAMEWORK

6.2.1 Penrith Local Environmental Plan 2010

The subject site is zoned R3 Medium Density Residential pursuant to Penrith Local Environmental Plan 2010 as shown in Figure 6 below. The proposed development, being a child care centre, is permissible with consent in this zone.

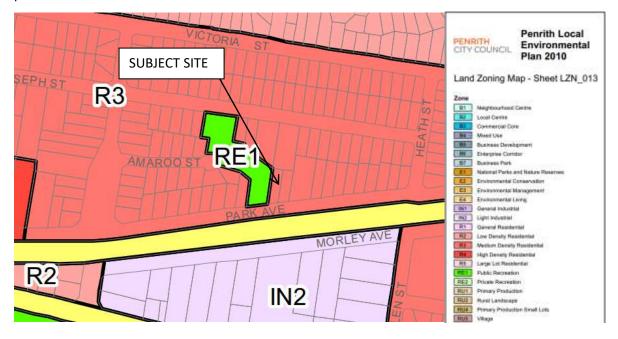


Figure 6: Zoning Map

The objectives of the zone are as follows:

1 Objectives of zone

- To provide for the housing needs of the community within a medium density residential environment.
- To provide a variety of housing types within a medium density residential environment.
- To enable other land uses that provide facilities or services to meet the day to day needs of residents.
- To provide for a concentration of housing with access to services and facilities.
- To enhance the essential character and identity of established residential areas.
- To ensure that a high level of residential amenity is achieved and maintained.
- To ensure that development reflects the desired future character and dwelling densities of the area.

The proposed child care centre will provide essential child care services, is a permissible use and meets the relevant objectives of the R3 zone given the land use is compatible with the character of the local area whilst minimising any potential adverse impacts on adjoining residential amenity.

The following clauses are applicable to the proposal:

- Clause 4.3 Height of Buildings
- Clause 5.21 Flood Planning
- Clause 7.1 Earthworks
- Clause 7.4 Sustainable development
- Clause 7.6 Salinity
- Clause 7.7 Servicing

The Height of Building Map provides that a building is not to exceed a maximum height of 8.5m. In this instance, the development provides a maximum height of less than 8.5m and as such, the proposal complies.

Council's flood advice indicates that the subject site is marginally affected by 1% AEP local catchment overland flow path within the front setback area up to RL 37.3 within 32 Park Avenue and RL37.2 within 31 Park Avenue as shown in the extracts below.





The proposal is accompanied with an Overland Flow Flood Report from a suitably qualified hydraulic engineer confirming that the extent of affectation from local overland flow path within the front setback area is considered minor and will not result in any adverse flooding impacts.

The proposal has been designed to satisfactorily achieve safe and effective access during the 100 year event in accordance with Council's requirements and mitigate any potential flood risk to occupants based on the proposed finished floor levels.

The proposed earthworks associated with the car park, access requirements to outdoor play areas and overall stormwater management measures have been designed to ensure no adverse impacts to

adjoining properties or the stormwater drainage system and suitable construction methods and soil erosion and sediment control measures will be implemented during construction to ensure no adverse

impacts in terms of salinity.

Further, the proposed design incorporates suitable sustainability features and will be connected to

reticulated water and sewer and will not result in any additional demand on public amenities or

services.

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6.2.2 Penrith Development Control Plan 2014

The Penrith Development Control Plan 2014 was prepared and exhibited in accordance with the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*. It is a detailed document providing controls and design recommendations for all land as defined pursuant to the DCP. The DCP covers performance and design guidelines and controls related to environmental performance, social performance, amenity issues and design elements.

Noting the operation of the SEPP and associated Child Care Planning Guideline expressly override provisions related to location, site selection, distance separation, capacity, landscaping, location of indoor and outdoor play areas, and play area design, the subject proposal has been assessed against the applicable controls and guidelines of the DCP and is considered to be compliant with the principle standards and consistent with the intent of the development standards.

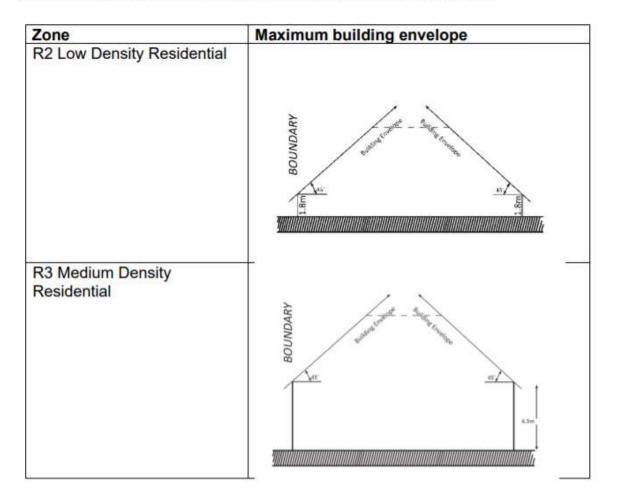
In addition, it is noted that pursuant to section 4.15(3A) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979, the consent authority is not to require more onerous standards where a development complies with standards set out under the DCP provisions and is required to take a flexible approach in the application of DCP provisions where a development does not comply with those standards, and allow reasonable alternative solutions that achieve the object of those standards. In this instance, the proposal complies with the relevant standards set out in the DCP and the findings of that assessment are tabulated in Table 1 below.

Table 1: Compliance Table: Penrith Development Control Plan 2014

Development Standard	DCP	PROPOSAL	COMPLIANCE
Building Height	8.5m	<8.5m	YES
Building Setbacks: Front Side (building envelope) Rear	5.5m 0.9m (6.5m envelope) 4m (ground); 6m first floor)	>5.5m >0.9m >6m	YES YES YES
Landscaping	2m along front boundary	>2m along front boundary	YES
Carparking: 1 per 10 places 1 per 1 staff	116/10 = 11.6 + 16 = 28	28	YES

The proposal has a maximum wall height of 6.55m on the eastern side and 7.05m on the western side and is wholly contained within the permitted building envelope for a single dwelling within the R3 zone as shown in the extract below:

Figure D2.1: The building envelope is measured from natural ground level perpendicular to the side boundary at any given point along the wall.



The proposal also complies with the built form controls under Control 4, Section 5.2 given the built form represents a purpose built facility with suitable indoor and outdoor play areas at ground floor and first floor, and the height, bulk and form is compatible with the existing character of the local area in the R3 zone and adjoining development along this section of the street.

6.3 Section 4.15 Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979

This section undertakes an assessment of the proposal in the context of the heads of consideration set out in Section 4.15(1) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act as follows:

HEADS OF CONSIDERATION	RESPONSE
(a) the provisions of — (i) any environmental planning instrument, and (ii) any draft environmental planning instrument that is or has been placed on public exhibition and details of which have been notified to the consent authority, and (iii) any development control plan, and (iv) any matters prescribed by the regulations, that apply to the land to which the development application relates,	The proposal's compliance and consistency with the provisions of the SEPP, Child Care Planning Guideline, LEP and DCP have been addressed in detail at Sections 5.1 and 5.2 of this Statement. In general terms the child care centre development is permissible within the R3 zone and is consistent with the aims and objectives of the SEPP, HLEP and HDCP.
(b) the likely impacts of that development, including environmental impacts on both the natural and built environments, and social and economic impacts in the locality,	The likely impacts of the proposal have been addressed in detail at Section 6.1.2 and Section 7 of this Statement. The proposal is considered satisfactory with regard to relevant matters such as Built Form, Access, Amenity, Privacy, Traffic Impact, Stormwater Drainage, ESD and the like, subject to the imposition of suitable conditions of consent to satisfactorily control the development.
(c) the suitability of the site for the development	The site being a rectangular allotment used for residential purposes has frontage to Park Avenue with moderate through traffic flows. This promotes the site as a relatively safe site for a child care centre. The proposed development is designed with respect to the slope of the site and intended residential uses, while the proposed vegetation details are noted on the Landscape Plan accompanying this application.
(d) any submissions made in accordance with this Act or the regulations,	This matter would relate to Council's public exhibition of the development.
(e) the public interest.	The proposed development is considered to be in the public interest.

7.0 KEY CONSIDERATIONS

7.1 Design & Planning Principles

The proposed development has been designed to reflect current trends and to accommodate a

building form which will be compatible with the Council's vision for the locality. The design has

particular regard to:

the scale and form of development on nearby and adjoining lands;

the existing and future form of development along Park Avenue;

the appearance and scale of the buildings when viewed from Park Avenue;

• the high accessibility of the site and likely minimal amenity impacts.

The outcome of these considerations is, it is contended, a development which:

will be of a high quality appearance and finish;

compliments the existing and likely scale of development on adjoining land; and

has minimal impact on the amenity of the locality due to its positioning and orientation.

7.2 Traffic and Pedestrian Access/Circulation

The proposed development is for a 116 place child care centre and the traffic generation is considered

to be acceptable in this location with a local distributor road and adequate sight distances in a low

speed residential environment, as set out in the traffic report. It is thus considered that the

development as proposed is an acceptable form of development within this precinct and generates

vehicular movements capable of being catered for by the existing road system in this locality.

The proposed development has been designed in order to promote easy accessibility within the

development as well as by the general public. Sufficient car parking has been provided to cater for the

expected traffic generation of the development.

7.3 Streetscape Appearance

The existing streetscape of this locality comprises one and two storey dwellings along this section of

Park Avenue.

The finished elevations for the proposed building will be generally compatible with mixed material

finishes, brick, timber, colorbond and cladding of existing built form in this locality. The proposed child

care centre will be compatible with the scale of built form in this locality. The final design has resulted

in a development which will be of a high quality finish and has interesting articulation and material

finish variations and variety in its openings.

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The proposal also results in an improvement to the existing streetscape with minimal hardstand and

driveway areas and suitable orientation and activation of the street and park frontage.

This will be further complemented by providing suitable landscaping, as a landscape buffer to soften

the appearance of the development. Therefore, the proposal will maintain a consistent relationship

with the anticipated scale and character of the streetscape.

7.4 Solar Access & Shading

The height and setback of the proposed development ensures that adequate solar access is

maintained and no adverse overshadowing impacts will arise given solar access is maintained to

internal living areas and 50% of minimum private open space to adjoining properties between 9am

and 3pm at midwinter as shown on the shadow diagrams accompanying this application. In

accordance with the requirements of the Education and Care Services National Regulations 2012,

appropriate shading has been provided based on 2.5sqm per child at the critical protection time of

12pm December 22.

7.5 Privacy & Amenity

The design of the development has had regard to the orientation and design of adjoining buildings in

determining the final built form with the intent of minimizing any potential adverse impacts for

existing neighbours where possible. In this regard, acoustic mitigation measures in accordance with

the recommendations of the Acoustic Report will be provided in order to mitigate any potential

acoustic amenity impacts on adjoining residential properties. Details will be provided prior to the issue

of any construction certificate.

7.6 Waste Management

The proposed waste collection system for the development shall be controlled by operators of the

child care centre and will be undertaken in accordance with the submitted Waste Management Plan.

It is proposed that garbage storage will be provided in a bin enclosure, as illustrated in the

development plans, and this will be easily serviced and accessible for users.

All builders waste during the construction phase will be removed from the site at regular intervals and

disposed of at an approved waste dump in accordance with the waste management plan attached to

this development application. The site will be kept clean and tidy at all times.

7.7 Stormwater Drainage

A stormwater drainage scheme has been prepared and submitted as part of the development plans

for this proposal. The Stormwater Concept Plan attached to the development application provides

for the collection of any runoff from the roofs, comprising eaves gutters designed to a 20 year ARI

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standard. The surface runoffs are collected in an onsite detention system via pits and pipes and

transferred to the street.

7.8 General Services

7.8.1 Sewer and Water

Reticulated water and sewer is available to the site, with necessary adjustments and servicing of the

proposed development to be in accordance with Sydney Water requirements.

7.8.2 Electricity Supply

Electricity is available to the site and will be connected to the building additions in accordance with

the Authority requirements.

7.9 Cut and Fill

In order to achieve the design levels required for access and stormwater, minor cut and fill and

retaining walls within the site are proposed. However, this is considered acceptable as the retaining

walls are fully contained within the property boundary and no adverse amenity, tree or stormwater

impacts arise.

7.10 Social and Economic Impacts

In general terms the proposal is not considered to result in any adverse social or economic impacts

that would otherwise not be reasonably acknowledged for a permitted form of development in the

zone.

The proposal will provide employment through the construction phase and any temporary

construction impacts will be managed by suitable conditions of any approval.

The siting and design of the built form is considered to result in an acceptable streetscape appearance.

In this regard, the built form is considered to be a reasonable design response that is a permissible

form of development in the R3 zone, complies with relevant building height, setback, and fencing

controls, is not excessive or overbearing in the immediate context and accommodates safe and

convenient access and car parking provision with suitable landscaped areas within the front setback

area. In addition, it is noted that the proposal maintains excellent internal amenity with north facing

play areas and high ceilings with clerestory windows to maximise solar access as well as natural cross-

ventilation.

The proposal is accompanied with acoustic and traffic reports prepared by suitably qualified

consultants that confirm no adverse noise or traffic impacts arise from the subject proposal. Further,

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suitable offsets to windows are provided to prevent overlooking to adjoining properties and the

shadow diagrams confirm that compliant solar access is maintained to adjoining properties.

The proposal will provide child care services for the local area and is suitably located in proximity to

nearby schools and regional roads. A Noise Management Plan will be implemented and subject to

suitable operational conditions of any approval.

Therefore, the overall social and economic benefits of the proposal are considered to outweigh any

potential disbenefits and as such, the proposal is considered to be acceptable subject to suitable

conditions.

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8.0 CONCLUSION

The proposed development has been assessed against the matters for consideration listed in Section

4.15 of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979 and is considered to be satisfactory. In

this regard it is considered that the subject site is considered suitable for the proposed development

and that the proposal, providing much needed child care services, is in the public interest.

The proposal is consistent with the objectives of the State Environmental Planning Policy (Educational

Establishments and Child Care Facilities) 2017, Penrith Local Environmental Plan 2010 and is

permissible in the R3 zone with development consent. The proposal also generally complies with the

main essential criteria set out in the Penrith Development Control Plan 2014, and is considered

satisfactory with regard to relevant matters such as Urban Design, Access, Traffic Impact, Stormwater

Drainage, ESD, Site Contamination, Amenity, Overshadowing, Social and Economic Impacts and the

like subject to the imposition of suitable conditions of consent to satisfactorily control the

development

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9.0 APPENDIX A – Child Care Regulations

Education and Care Services National Regulation 2012

Part 4.3 Physical environment

Clause	Clause Comment			
Glause	Requirement	Comment		
103 Premises, furniture and equipment to be safe, clean and in good repair	(1) The approved provider of an education and care service must ensure that the education and care service premises and all equipment and furniture used in providing the education and care service are safe, clean and in good repair.	All equipment to be installed in accordance with relevant Australian Standards and properly maintained.		
104 Fencing	(1) The approved provider of an education and care service must ensure that any outdoor space used by children at the education and care service premises is enclosed by a fence or barrier that is of a height and design that children preschool age or under cannot go through, over or under it.	Suitable fencing with child proof locking mechanism shown on plan		
105 Furniture, materials and equipment	The approved provider of an education and care service must ensure that each child being educated and cared for by the education and care service has access to sufficient furniture, materials and developmentally appropriate equipment suitable for the education and care of that child.	Sufficient furniture, equipment and materials have been provided.		
106 Laundry and hygiene facilities	(1) The approved provider of an education and care service must ensure that the service has— (a) laundry facilities or access to laundry facilities; or (b) other arrangements for dealing with soiled clothing, nappies and linen, including hygienic facilities for storage prior to their disposal or laundering—that are adequate and appropriate for the needs of the service. (2) The approved provider of the service must ensure that laundry and hygienic facilities are located and maintained in a way that does not pose a risk to children.	Laundry provided onsite.		
107 Space requirements—indoor space	3.25sqm unencumbered space per child (exc. Passageways, door swings, toilets, hygiene facilities, nappy change or bottle prep rooms, cot storage, storage, staff or admin rooms, kitchen)	Provided on plans.		

108 Space requirements—outdoor space	7sqm unencumbered space per child (exc. Passageways, thoroughfares, storage areas, carparking, landscaping, any other space not suitable for children)	Provided on plans.
109 Toilet and hygiene facilities	(a) adequate, developmentally and age- appropriate toilet, washing and drying facilities are provided for use by children being educated and cared for by the service; and (b) the location and design of the toilet, washing and drying facilities enable safe use and convenient access by the children.	Provided on plans.
110 Ventilation and natural light	The approved provider of an education and care service must ensure that the indoor spaces used by children at the education and care service premises— (a) are well ventilated; and (b) have adequate natural light; and (c) are maintained at a temperature that ensures the safety and wellbeing of children.	Provided.
111 Administrative space	The approved provider of a centre-based service must ensure that an adequate area or areas are available at the education and care service premises for the purposes of— (a) conducting the administrative functions of the service; and (b) consulting with parents of children; and (c) conducting private conversations.	Provided.
112 Nappy change facilities	(1) This regulation applies if a centrebased service educates and cares for children who wear nappies. (2) The approved provider of the service must ensure that adequate and appropriate hygienic facilities are provided for nappy changing. (3) Without limiting subregulation (2), the approved provider of the service must ensure that the following are provided— (a) if any of the children are under 3 years of age, at least 1 properly constructed nappy changing bench; and (b) hand cleansing facilities for adults in the immediate vicinity of the nappy change area. Penalty: \$1000. (4) The approved provider of the service must ensure that nappy change facilities are designed, located and maintained in a way that prevents unsupervised access by children.	Provided.

113 Outdoor space—natural environment	The approved provider of a centre-based service must ensure that the outdoor spaces provided at the education and care service premises allow children to explore and experience the natural environment.	Sandpits and detailed landscaping have been provided.
114 Outdoor space—shade	The approved provider of a centre-based service must ensure that outdoor spaces provided at the education and care service premises include adequate shaded areas to protect children from overexposure to ultraviolet radiation from the sun.	A minimum of 2.5sqm of shade per child and employee has been provided at 12pm on summer solstice.
115 Premises designed to facilitate supervision	The approved provider of a centre-based service must ensure that the education and care service premises (including toilets and nappy change facilities) are designed and maintained in a way that facilitates supervision of children at all times that they are being educated and cared for by the service, having regard to the need to maintain the rights and dignity of the children.	Layout facilitates supervision at all times.
97 & 168 Emergency and evacuation procedures	Procedures for emergency and evacuation as per Regulations 97 and 168	Emergency and Evacuation Plan to be displayed in a prominent position near each exit.