WASTE MANAGEMENT PLAN

DEMOLITION, CONSTRUCTION AND USE OF PREMISES

The applicable sections of this table must be completed and submitted with your Development Application.

Completing this table will assist you in identifying the type of waste that will be generated and will advise Council of how you intend to reuse, recycle or dispose of the waste.

The information provided on the form (and on submitted plans) will be assessed against the objectives of the DCP.

If space is insufficient in the table please provide attachments.

Outline of Proposal	
Site Address: 224-230 Hinxma	n Rd Castlereagh NSW 2750
Applicant's name and address: _	68 Hume Highway
Phone: 97280444	Fax: <u>97280455</u>
Building and other structures cur	rently on the site:
residence	
Brief description of Proposal:	concrete swimming pool
The details provided on this form this project.	are the intentions of managing waste relating to
Signature of Applicant: Nader	ne Scerri Date: 2.2.17

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STAGE ONE - DEMOLITION

This is the stage with the greatest potential for waste minimisation, particularly in Sydney where there are high levels of development, relatively high tipping charges and where alternative quarry materials are located on the outskirts.

Applicants should consider is whether it is possible to re-use existing buildings, or parts thereof, for the proposed use.

With careful onsite sorting and storage and by staging work programs it is possible to re-use many materials, either on-site or off-site.

Council is seeking to move from the attitude of straight demolition to a process of selected deconstruction, ie. total reuse and recycling both off-site and on-site. This could require a number of colour-coded or clearly labelled bins onsite (rather than one size fits all).

Applicants should demonstrate project management which seeks to:

- re-use of excavated material on-site and disposal of any excess to an approved site;
- greenwaste mulched and re-used in landscaping either on-site or off-site;
- bricks, tiles and concrete re-used on-site as appropriate, or recycled off-site;
- plasterboard re-used in landscaping on-site, or returned to supplier for recycling;
- framing timber re-used on-site or recycled elsewhere;
- windows, doors and joinery recycled off-site;
- plumbing, fittings and metal elements recycled off-site;
- All asbestos, hazardous and/or intractable wastes are to be disposed of in accordance with Workcover Authority and EPA requirements;
- Locations of on-site storage facilities for material to be reused on-site, or separated for recycling off-site; and
- Destination and transportation routes of all materials to be either recycled or disposed of off-site.

The following table should be completed by applicants proposing any demolition work. The following details should be shown on your plans.

- Location of on-site storage space for materials (for re-use) and containers for recycling and disposal.
- Vehicle access to the site and to storage and container areas.

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Demolition Stage One - To be completed for proposals involving demolition

Materials On-Site DESTINATION				
	Service Service		ING	DISPOSAL
Type of Material	Estimated Volume (m3) or Area (m2) or weight (t)	ON-SITE Specify how materials will be reused or recycled on-site	OFF-SITE Specify the contractor and recycling outlet	Specify the contractor and landfill site
EXAMPLE *e.g. bricks	*e.g. 2m3	*e.g. clean & reuse for footings and broken bricks behind retaining walls	*e.g. sent by XYZ Demolishers to ABC Recycling Company	*e.g. nil to landfill
Excavation Material		no demolition		
Green Waste				
Bricks				
Tiles				
Concrete				
Timber – please specify	Andrew Control of the			
Plasterboard				
Metals				
Asbestos				
Other waste e.g. ceramic tiles, paints, plastics, PVC tubing, cardboard.				

Demolition Stage One - continued

How will waste be separated and/or stored onsite for reuse and recycling? How will site operations be managed to ensure minimal waste creation and maximum reuse and recycling?

e.g. Staff training, selected deconstruction v. straight demolition, waste management

requirements stipulated in contracts with sub-contractors, on-going checks by site supervisors, separate area set aside for sorted wastes, clear signage for waste areas etc.			
No demolition			

Note: Details of the site area to be used for on-site separation, treatment and storage (including weather protection) should be provided on plan drawings accompanying your application.

STAGE TWO - CONSTRUCTION

Stage Two - Potential for Waste Minimisation During Construction Stage

- Consider the following measures that may also save resources and minimise waste at the construction stage:
 - Purchasing Policy i.e. Ordering the right quantities of materials and prefabrication of materials where possible;
 - · Reusing formwork;
 - Minimising site disturbance, limiting unnecessary excavation;
 - · Careful source separation of off-cuts to facilitate re-use, resale or efficient recycling;
 - Co-ordination/sequencing of various trades.

How to Estimate Quantities of Waste

 There are many simple techniques to estimate volumes of construction and demolition waste. The information below can be used as a guide by builders, developers & homeowners when completing a waste management plan:

To	estimate	Your	Waste.
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ii. Quantify materials for the project

iii. Use margin normally allowed in ordering

iv. Copy these amount of waste into your waste management plan

 When estimating waste the following percentages are building "rule of thumb" and relate to <u>renovations</u> and <u>small home building:</u>

Material	Waste as a Percent of the Total Material Ordered
Timber	5-7%
Plasterboard	5-20%
Concrete	3-5%
Bricks	5-10%
Tiles	2-5%

Converting Volume into Tonnes: A Guide for Conversion

	Timber = 0.5 tonnes per m3	
	Concrete = 2.4 tonne per m3	
	Bricks = 1.0 tonne per m3	
and the same of th	Tiles = 0.75 tonne per m3	
**************************************	Steel = 2.4 tonne per m3	

- To improve provide more reliable figures:
 - Compare your projected waste quantities with actual waste produced;
 - Conduct waste audits of current projects;
 - Note waste generated and disposal methods;
 - · Look at past waste disposal receipts;
 - Record this information to help estimate future waste management plans.
- On a waste management plan amounts of waste may be stated in m2 or m3 or tonnes (t).

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Construction Stage Two – for proposals involving construction

Materials On-Site			DESTINATION	
		REUSE & RECYCL		DISPOSAL
Type of Material	Estimated Volume (m3) or Area (m2) or weight (t)	ON-SITE Specify how materials will be reused or recycled on-site	OFF-SITE Specify the contractor and recycling outlet	Specify the contractor and landfill site
EXAMPLE *e.g. bricks	*e.g. 2m3	*e.g. clean & reuse for footings and broken bricks behind retaining walls	*e.g. sent by XYZ Demolishers to ABC Recycling Company	*e.g. nil to landfill
Excavation Material	100 tonne	soil	TO APPROVED TIP SITE AT TIME OF EXCAVATION	
Green Waste	.0125T	TIMBER FORMWO	ORK REMOVED FR ON NEXT JOB	OM NO LANDFILL
Bricks				
Tiles				
Concrete				
Timber – please specify				
Plasterboard				
Metals	dans more de la companya de la comp			
Other waste e.g. ceramic tiles, paints, plastics, PVC tubing, cardboard.	.0125T	PAPER AND CARE REMOVED FROM BINS AT LANSVAL	SITE TO RECYCLE	NO LANDFILL

How will waste be separated and/or stored onsite for reuse and recycling? How will site operations be managed to ensure minimal waste creation and maximum reuse and recycling?

e.g. Staff training, selected deconstruction v. straight demolition, waste management

requirements stipulated in contracts with sub-contractors, on-going checks by site supervisors, separate area set aside for sorted wastes, clear signage for waste areas etc.			
NO ONGOING WASTE			

Note: Details of the site area to be used for on-site separation, treatment and storage (including weather protection) should be provided on plan drawings accompanying

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your application.

STAGE THREE - DESIGN OF FACILITIES

- The following details should be shown on your plans:
 - Location of temporary storage space within each dwelling unit;
 - Location of Waste Storage and recycling Area(s), per dwelling unit or located communally onsite. In the latter case this could be a Garbage & Recycling Room;
 - Details of design for Waste Storage and Recycling Area(s) or Garbage and Recycling Room(s) and any conveyance or volume reduction equipment; and
 - Location of communal composting area.
 - · Access for vehicles.
- Every builder shall be provided with a Waste Storage and Recycling Area which is flexible in size and layout to cater for future changes in use. The size is to be calculated on the basis of waste generation rates and proposed bin sizes.

Stage 3 – Design of Facilities – To be completed if designing waste facilities for the proposed development

TYPE OF WASTE TO BE GENERATED	EXPECTED VOLUME PER WEEK	PROPOSED ON-SITE STORAGE AND TREATMENT FACILITIES	DESTINATION
Please specify. For example: glass, paper, food waste, offcuts etc.	Litre or m3	For example: • waste storage & recycling area • garbage chute • on-site composting • compaction equipment	recyclingdisposalspecifycontractor

Note: details of on-site waste management facilities should be provided on plan drawings accompanying your application.

ON-GOING MANAGEMENT

Describe how you intend to ensure on-going management of waste on-site (eg. lease conditions, caretaker/manager on-site).			
NO ONGOING WASTE			
	···		
	······ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

Thank you for the information.

ESSENTIALS FOR WASTE MANAGEMENT IN MULTI UNIT DWELLINGS (M.U.D)

Many of the issues for good waste management are common across all M.U.D. The following is the bare minimum that needs to be considered for all M.U.D.

1. Council

- a. What regulations apply?
- b. What are the current Council garbage and recycling services?
 - i. Will Council service the development?
 - ii. If No seek consultation through a Private Contractor for the best solution for development.
- c. Are the plans to change the service in the future?
- d. Include waste management plan in the DA pre-lodgement meetings.

2. Space

- a. The anticipated volume of waste must be calculated and appropriate waste service selected.
- b. Sufficient space must be allocated for the containers and for manoeuvring bins, including frontage area, etc.

3. Access - for residents and collectors

- a. Collection vehicles must be able to service the development efficiently and effectively from kerb within confines of the allotment frontage with no need to reverse.
- b. The maximum carting distance between the storage and collection points must be no more than 75m, and no more than 50m for aged persons and persons with a disability.
- c. The bin carting grade must not exceed 1:14.
- d. Bins must not need to be wheeled over steps.
- e. Bulk bins must not need to be manually manoeuvred by a single person to be serviced.

4. Amenity

- a. Noise and odour must be minimised.
- b. Waste areas must be able to be washed, with wash water discharging to sewer.
- c. Vermin must be prevented from entering waste areas and containers.
- d. Equipment must be protected from theft and vandalism.
- e. Waste storage areas must blend in with the development.

5. Management

- a. Signage must be posted in all communal waste storage areas.
- b. Bins must be clearly and correctly labelled.
- c. Responsibility for cleaning of waste storage areas must be determined when designing the system.
- d. Responsibility for transfer of bins must be determined when designing the system.

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Council's regulations

Council will only service up to 30 units/townhouses.

Council supplies 1 x 140 litre bin for general waste (1 bin per unit/townhouse)

Council supplies 1 x 240 litre bin for recycling to be shared (1 between 2 unit/townhouse)

A 240 litre bin is provided for green waste – upon request from strata management.

No services are available to private roads.

Commercial Services

Under the current contract Council does not automatically offer services to this industry & is not in the business of removing trade waste.

Services are available to small business where a limited amount of waste is generated. Option of 140 or 240 litre bins.

CBD is serviced 6 days/per week, however, charges are calculated on the number of weekly services.

Retail & Food industries that generate large volumes of waste generally use the services of private contractors.

No Council recycling services are available to this sector under the current contract, however, this could change from 1/7/06.

Council's waste service collection

General waste collected weekly.

Recycling collected alternate fortnights.

Green waste alternate fortnights.

Standard general waste bin size can be increased to a 240 litre bin, however will incur an additional charge and is required in writing from the strata management or owner.

Bin dimensions:

140 litre bin:

Normal volume: 140 litres

Net weight: approx 10.4 kg

Maximum load: 56 kg

Permitted total weight: 70 kg

Height 925mm
Width 535mm
Depth 615mm

240 litre bin:

Normal volume: 240 litres

Net weight: approx 12.3 kg Maximum load: 96 kg

Permitted total weight: 96 kg

Height 1060mm Width 585mm Depth 730mm

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