## Proposed Residential Development

# 26-30 Hope Street, Penrith

#### TRAFFIC AND PARKING ASSESSMENT REPORT

12 April 2018

Ref 17706



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1. INTRODUCTION

This report has been prepared to accompany a development application to Council for a

residential development proposal to be located at 26-30 Hope Street, Penrith (Figures 1 and

2).

The proposed development involves the demolition of the three existing dwelling houses on

the site to facilitate the construction of a new residential apartment development.

Off-street parking is to be provided in a new two-level basement car parking area in

accordance with Council's requirements. Vehicular access to the site is to be provided via a

new entry/exit driveway located at the western end of the Hope Street site frontage.

The purpose of this report is to assess the traffic and parking implications of the development

proposal and to that end this report:

describes the site and provides details of the development proposal

reviews the road network in the vicinity of the site

• estimates the traffic generation potential of the development proposal

assesses the traffic implications of the development proposal in terms of road network

capacity

• reviews the geometric design features of the proposed car parking and loading facilities

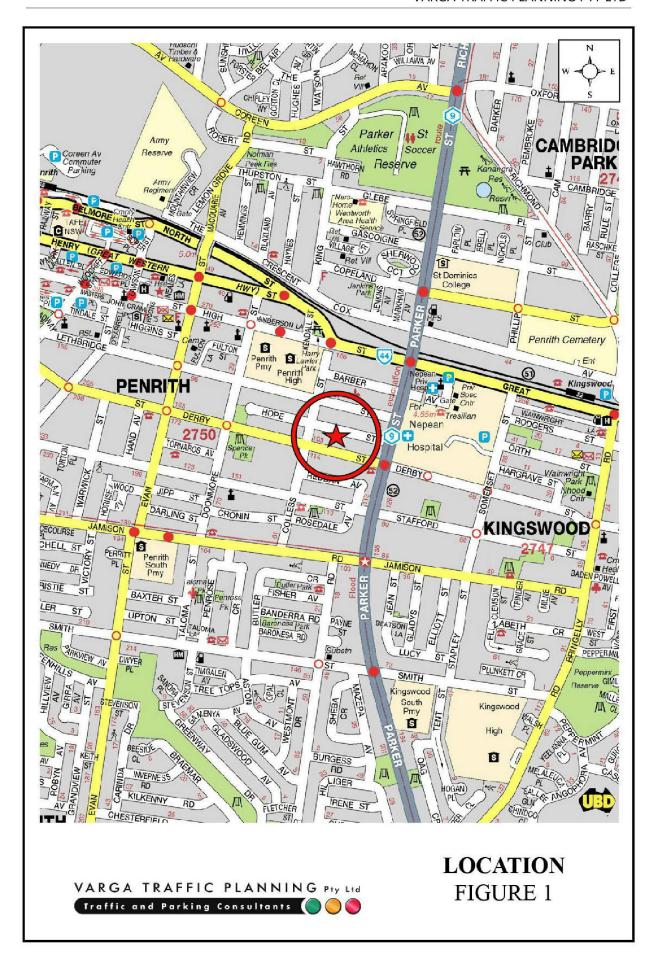
for compliance with the relevant codes and standards

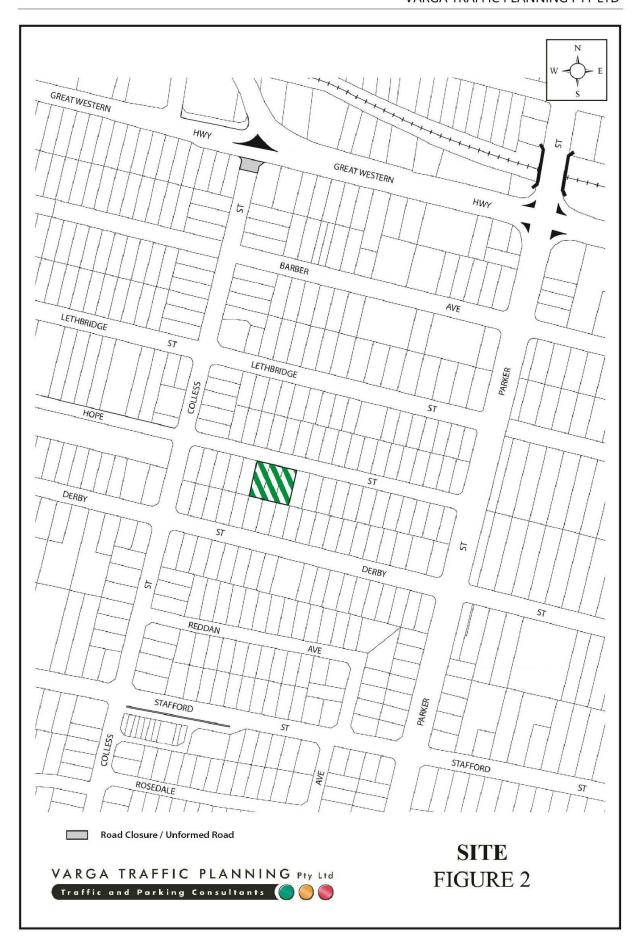
assesses the adequacy and suitability of the quantum of off-street car parking and

loading provided on the site.

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#### 2. PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT

#### Site

The subject site is located on the southern side of Hope Street, approximately 100m east of Colless Street. The site has a street frontage approximately 47m in length to Hope Street and occupies an area of approximately 1,884m<sup>2</sup>.

The subject site is currently occupied by three dwelling houses, each with a separate vehicular access driveway off Hope Street. A recent aerial image of the site and its surroundings is reproduced below.



## **Proposed Development**

The proposed development involves the demolition of the three existing dwelling houses on the site to facilitate the construction of a new residential apartment development. A total of 45 residential apartments are proposed in the new building as follows:

TOTAL APARTMENTS:	45
3 bedroom apartments:	2
2 bedroom apartments:	24
1 bedroom apartments:	18
studio apartments:	1

Off-street parking is proposed for a total of 71 cars, comprising 60 residential spaces and 11

visitor spaces, in a new two-level basement car parking area in accordance with Council's

requirements. Vehicular access to the car parking facilities is to be provided via a new

entry/exit driveway located towards the western end of the Hope Street site frontage.

Waste collection for the proposed development is expected to be undertaken by Council's

7.0m long rigid truck, with a dedicated loading area to be located in the south-eastern corner

of the site. The proposed loading area includes a turntable, thereby allowing all trucks to

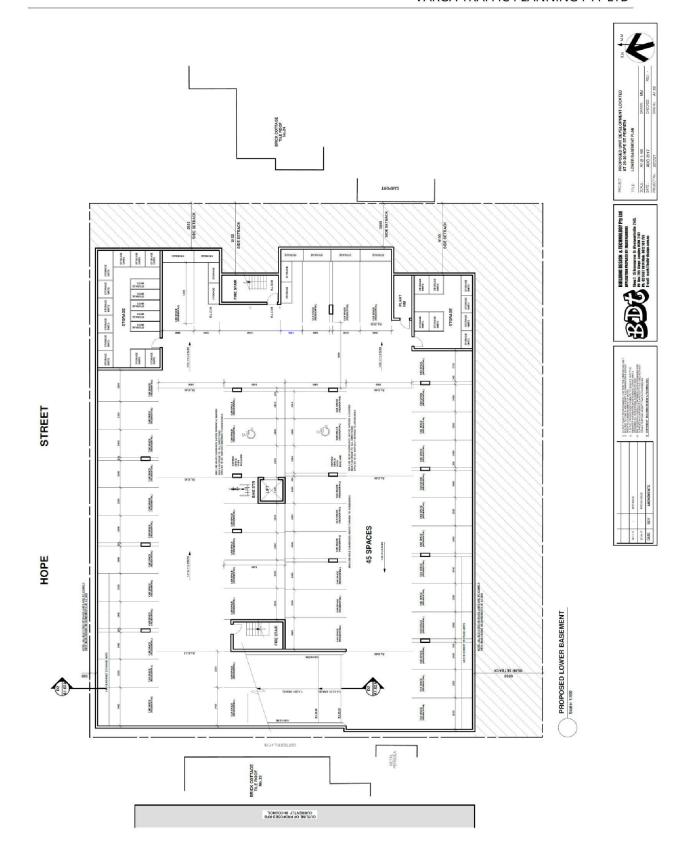
enter and exit the site in a forward direction at all times. Vehicular access to the loading area

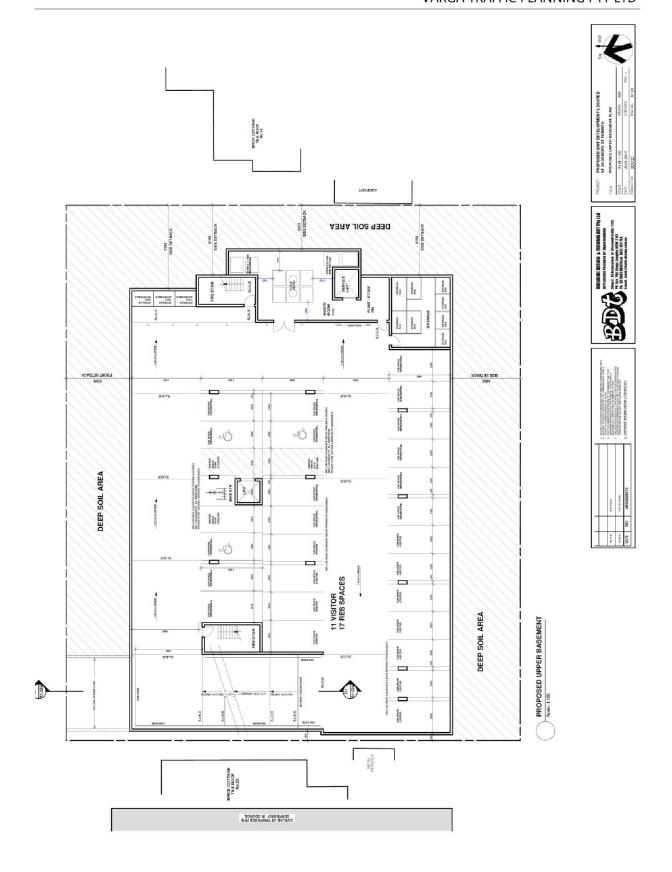
is to be provided via a new dedicated service driveway located at the eastern end of the Hope

Street site frontage.

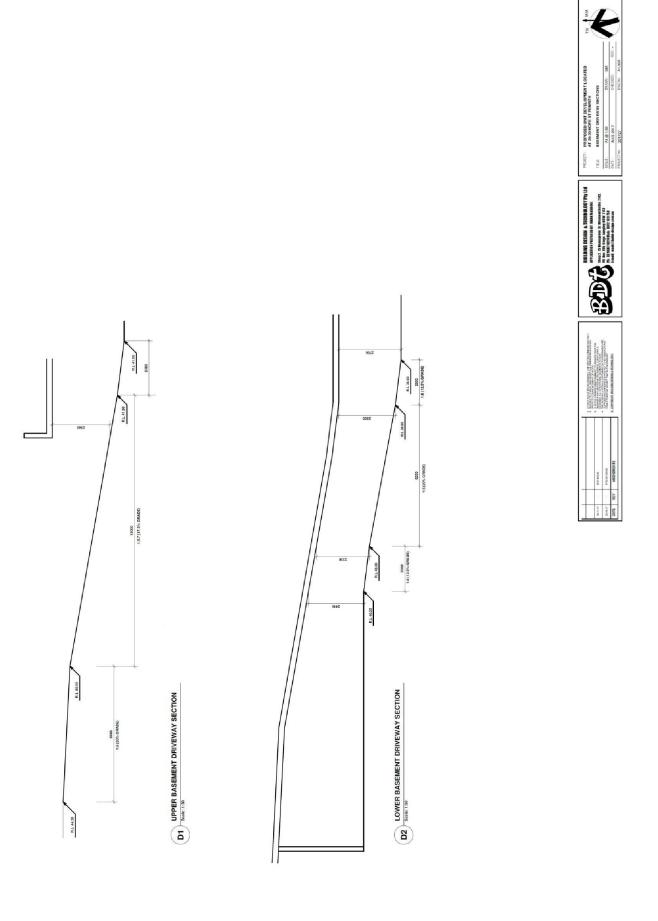
Plans of the proposed development have been prepared by Building Design & Technology

and are reproduced in the following pages.









3. TRAFFIC ASSESSMENT

Road Hierarchy

The road hierarchy allocated to the road network in the vicinity of the site by the Roads and

Maritime Services is illustrated on Figure 3.

Great Western Highway is classified by the RMS as a State Road and provides the key east-

west road link in the area, linking Parramatta to Emu Plains. It typically carries three traffic

lanes in each direction in the vicinity of the site, with opposing traffic flows separated by a

central median island and turning bays provided at key locations.

Parker Street/The Northern Road are also classified by the RMS as a State Roads and provide

the key north-south road link in the area, linking Bligh Park to Narellan. It typically carries

three traffic lanes in each direction in the vicinity of the site, with opposing traffic flows

separated by a central median island and turning bays provided at key locations.

Jamison Road (west of Parker Street) is classified by the RMS as a Regional Road and

provides a secondary east-west road link through the local area between Parker Street and

Mulgoa Road. It typically carries two traffic lanes in each direction in the vicinity of the site

with kerbside parking permitted at selected locations.

Hope Street is a local, unclassified road which is primarily used to provide vehicular and

pedestrian access to frontage properties. Kerbside parking is generally permitted on both

sides of the road.

**Existing Traffic Controls** 

The existing traffic controls which apply to the road network in the vicinity of the site are

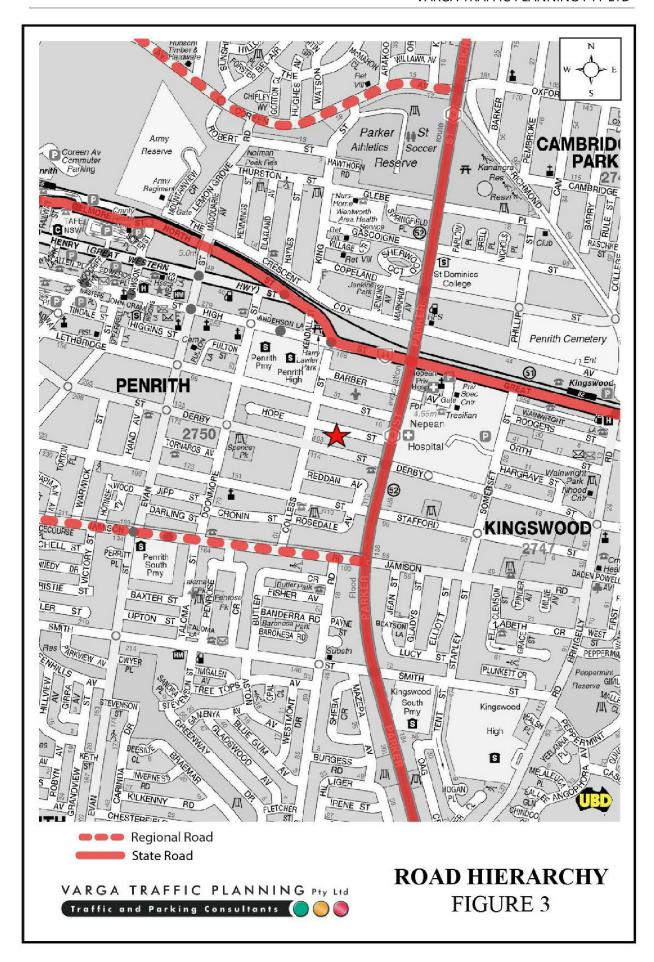
illustrated on Figure 4. Key features of those traffic controls are:

a 60 km/h SPEED LIMIT which applies to the Great Western Highway and Parker

Street

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• a 50 km/h SPEED LIMIT which applies to Hope Street and all other local roads in the

area

• a 40 km/h SCHOOL SPEED ZONE which applies within the vicinity of Penrith Public

School and Penrith High School

GIVE WAY SIGNS in Hope Street where it intersects with Parker Street and Colless

Street

TRAFFIC SIGNALS in Parker Street where it intersects with the Great Western

Highway and Derby Street

a CENTRAL MEDIAN ISLAND in Parker Street which precludes right turn

movements into and out of Hope Street.

**Projected Traffic Generation** 

The traffic implications of development proposals primarily concern the effects of the

additional traffic flows generated as a result of a development and its impact on the

operational performance of the adjacent road network during the weekday commuter peak

periods.

An indication of the traffic generation potential of the development proposal is provided by

reference to the Roads and Maritime Services' publication Guide to Traffic Generating

Developments, Section 3 – Land Use Traffic Generation (October 2002) and the updated

traffic generation rates in the recently published RMS Technical Direction (TDT 2013/04a)

document.

The TDT 2013/04a document specifies that it replaces those sections of the RMS Guidelines

indicated, and must be followed when RMS is undertaken trip generation and/or parking

demand assessments.

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The RMS Guidelines and the updated TDT 2013/04a are based on extensive surveys of a

wide range of land uses and nominate the following traffic generation rates which are

applicable to the development proposal:

**High Density Residential Flat Dwellings** 

AM: 0.19

0.19 peak hour vehicle trips per unit

PM:

0.15 peak hour vehicle trips per unit

The RMS Guidelines also make the following observation in respect of high density

residential flat buildings:

**Definition** 

A high density residential flat building refers to a building containing 20 or more dwellings. This does

not include aged or disabled persons housing. High density residential flat buildings are usually more

than 5 levels, have basement level car parking and are located in close proximity to public transport

services. The building may contain a component of commercial use.

**Factors** 

The above rates include visitors, staff, service/delivery and on-street movements such as taxis and pick-

up/set-down activities.

Application of the above traffic generation rates to the 45 apartments outlined in the

development proposal yields a traffic generation potential of approximately 9 vehicle trips

per hour (vph) during the AM commuter peak period and approximately 7 vph during the PM

commuter peak period.

That projected future level of traffic generation potential should however, be offset or

discounted by the volume of traffic which could reasonably be expected to be generated by

the existing uses of the site, in order to determine the nett increase (or decrease) in traffic

generation potential expected to occur as a consequence of the development proposal.

The TDT 2013/04a nominates the following traffic generation rates which are applicable to

the existing development:

Low Density Residential Dwellings

AM:

0.95 peak hour vehicle trips per dwelling

PM:

0.99 peak hour vehicle trips per dwelling

Application of the above traffic generation rates to the three existing dwelling houses on the site yields a traffic generation potential of approximately 3 vph during both the AM and PM commuter peak periods.

Accordingly, it is likely that the proposed development will result in a *nett increase* in the traffic generation potential of the site of approximately 6 vph during the AM commuter peak period and approximately 4 vph during the PM commuter peak period, as set out below:

# Projected Nett Increase in Peak Hour Traffic Generation Potential of the site as a consequence of the development proposal

	AM	PM
Projected Future Traffic Generation Potential:	8.6 vph	6.8 vph
Less Existing Traffic Generation Potential:	-2.9 vph	-3.0 vph
NETT INCREASE IN TRAFFIC GENERATION POTENTIAL:	5.7 vph	3.8 vph

That projected increase in traffic activity as a consequence of the development proposal is minimal, consistent with the R4 zoning objectives of the site and will clearly not have any unacceptable traffic implications in terms of road network capacity.

#### 4. PARKING IMPLICATIONS

#### **Existing Kerbside Parking Restrictions**

The existing kerbside parking restrictions which apply to the road network in the vicinity of the site comprise:

- NO STOPPING restrictions along the western side of Parker Street
- generally UNRESTRICTED kerbside parking along both sides of Hope Street, including along the site frontage, and throughout the local area
- BUS ZONES located at regular intervals along both sides of Derby Street and also High Street.

### **Off-Street Parking Provisions**

Advice received from Council in the pre-DA meeting held in October 2017 indicated that offstreet parking should be assessed using the "multi dwelling housing" rates specified in Council's *Development Control Plan 2014 – Table C10.2: Car Parking Rates* document, as follows:

#### **Multi Dwelling Housing**

bedroom dwelling:
 space per dwelling
 bedroom dwelling:
 spaces per dwelling
 bedroom dwelling:
 spaces per dwelling
 visitors:
 space per 5 dwellings

Application of the above parking requirements to the 45 residential apartments outlined in the development proposal yields an off-street parking requirement of 68 parking spaces as set out below:

Residents (45 apartments): 59 spaces
Visitors: 9 spaces
TOTAL: 68 spaces

The proposed development makes provision for a total of 71 off-street parking spaces,

comprising 60 residential spaces and 11 visitor spaces, thereby satisfying Council's DCP

2014 parking requirements.

The geometric design layout of the proposed parking facilities has been designed to comply

with the relevant requirements specified in the Standards Australia publications AS2890.1,

AS2890.2, AS2890.3 & AS2890.6 in respect of parking bay dimensions, ramp gradients,

overhead clearances and aisle widths.

A swept turning path diagram illustrating the manoeuvring requirements of two large B99

vehicles accessing the site is reproduced in the following pages, confirming that these

vehicles will be able to enter and exit the site whilst travelling in a forward direction at all

times.

**Driver Sight Distance/Visibility** 

The drive sight distance/visibility requirements applicable to the proposed vehicular access

driveway have been designed to comply with Figure 3.2 - Sight Distance requirements at

Access Driveways and also Figure 3.3 - Minimum Sight Lines for Pedestrian Safety in

AS2890.1.

In this regard, 2.5m x 2.0m visibility splays are provided on the exit side of the site entry/exit

ramp at the western end of the front boundary, and on the entry and exit side of the service

driveway at the eastern end of the front boundary.

**Waste Collection Provisions** 

Discussions with Council's waste department indicate that garbage collection for the

proposed development is expected to be undertaken by Council's 7.0m long small rigid truck,

with a loading area to be located in the south-eastern corner of the site. The manoeuvring area

has been designed with a turntable to accommodate the swept turning path requirements of

these small rigid trucks, allowing them to enter and exit the site in a forward direction at all

times, as reproduced in the following pages.

In summary, the proposed parking and loading facilities satisfy the relevant requirements specified in both Council's *DCP 2014* as well as the Australian Standards and it is therefore concluded that the proposed development will not have any unacceptable parking or loading implications.

