Proposed Residential Development

28-32 Evan Street, Penrith

TRAFFIC AND PARKING ASSESSMENT REPORT

19 December 2017

Ref 17142



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TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.	INTRODUCTION	1
2.	PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT	4
3.	TRAFFIC ASSESSMENT	10
4.	PARKING ASSESSMENT	16

LIST OF ILLUSTRATIONS

Figure 1 Location

Figure 2 Site

Figure 3 Road Hierarchy

Existing Traffic Controls Figure 4

1. INTRODUCTION

This report has been prepared to accompany a development application to Penrith City

Council for a residential development proposal to be located at 28-32 Evan Street, Penrith

(Figures 1 and 2).

The proposed development will involve the demolition of the three existing residential

dwellings on the site to facilitate the construction of a new residential apartment building.

Off-street car parking is to be provided in a basement car parking area in accordance with

Council's requirements.

The purpose of this report is to assess the traffic and parking implications of the development

proposal and to that end this report:

describes the site and provides details of the development proposal

reviews the road network in the vicinity of the site

• estimates the traffic generation potential of the development proposal

assesses the traffic implications of the development proposal in terms of road network

capacity

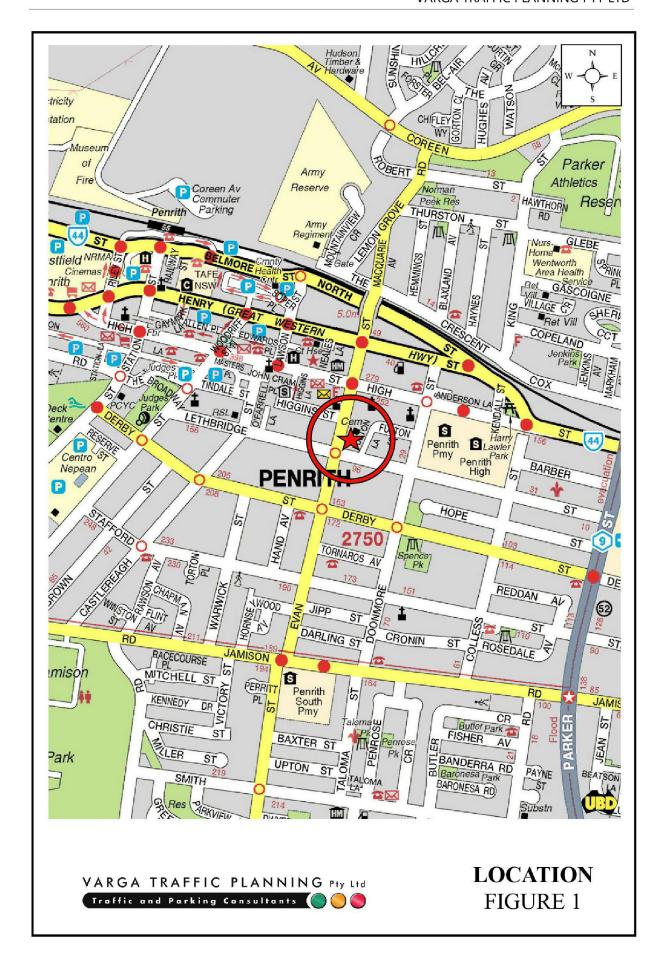
reviews the geometric design features of the proposed car parking facilities for

compliance with the relevant codes and standards

assesses the adequacy and suitability of the quantum of off-street car parking provided

on the site.

1





2. PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT

Site

The subject site is located on the eastern side of Evan Street immediately north of the Evan Street/Lethbridge Street intersection. The site has a street frontage of approximately 49 metres in length to Evan Street and occupies a total area of approximately 1,600m².

The subject site is currently occupied by three residential dwelling houses with associated carports accessed via separate vehicular driveways off Evan Street

A recent aerial image of the site and its surroundings is reproduced below.



Source: Nearmap, 9 September 2017

Proposed Development

The proposed development will involve the demolition of the existing residential dwelling houses on the site to facilitate the construction of a new residential apartment building.

A total of 54 residential apartments are proposed as follows:

Studio apartment: 1
1 bedroom apartment: 29
2 bedroom apartment: 20
3 bedroom apartment: 4

TOTAL APARTMENTS: 54

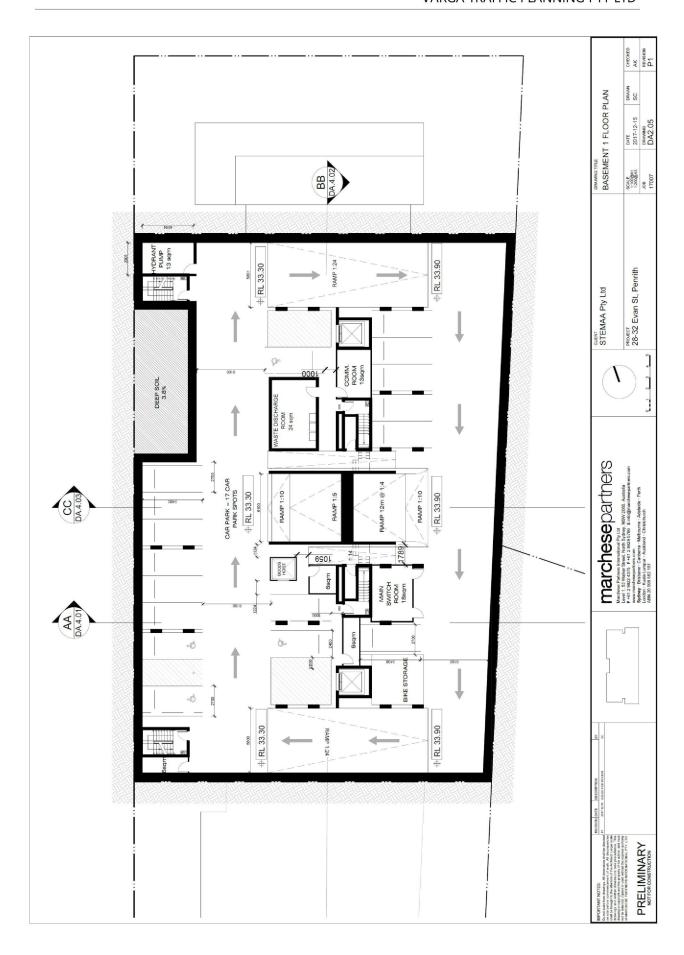
Off-street parking is proposed for a total of 71 cars (including 6 accessible spaces) and 14 bicycles in a new multi-level basement car parking area in accordance with Council's requirements.

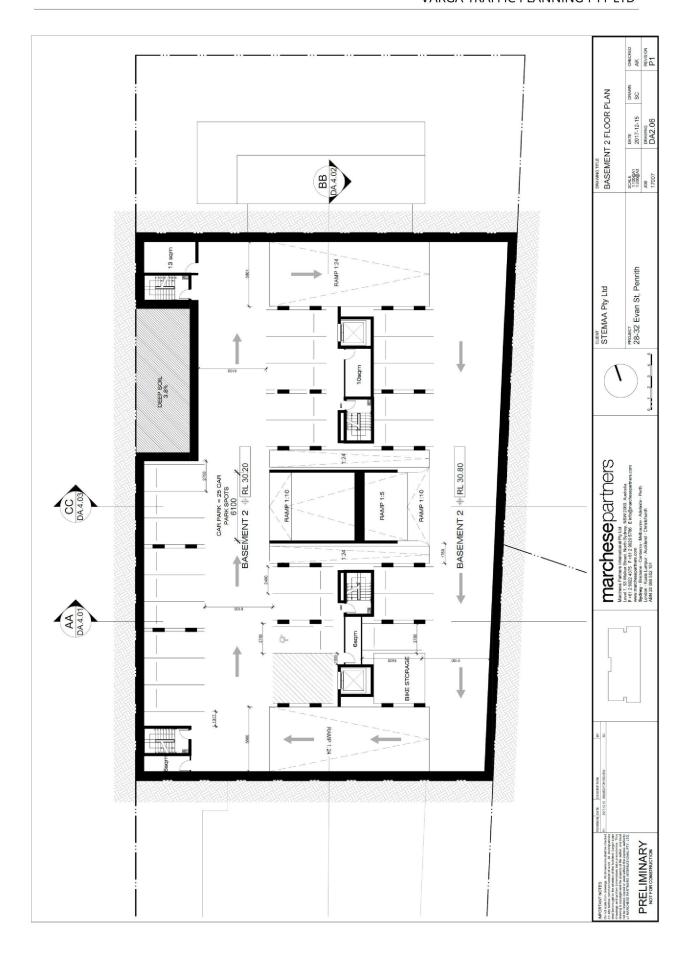
Vehicular access to the car parking facilities is to be provided via a new entry/exit driveway located approximately mid-way along the Evan Street site frontage.

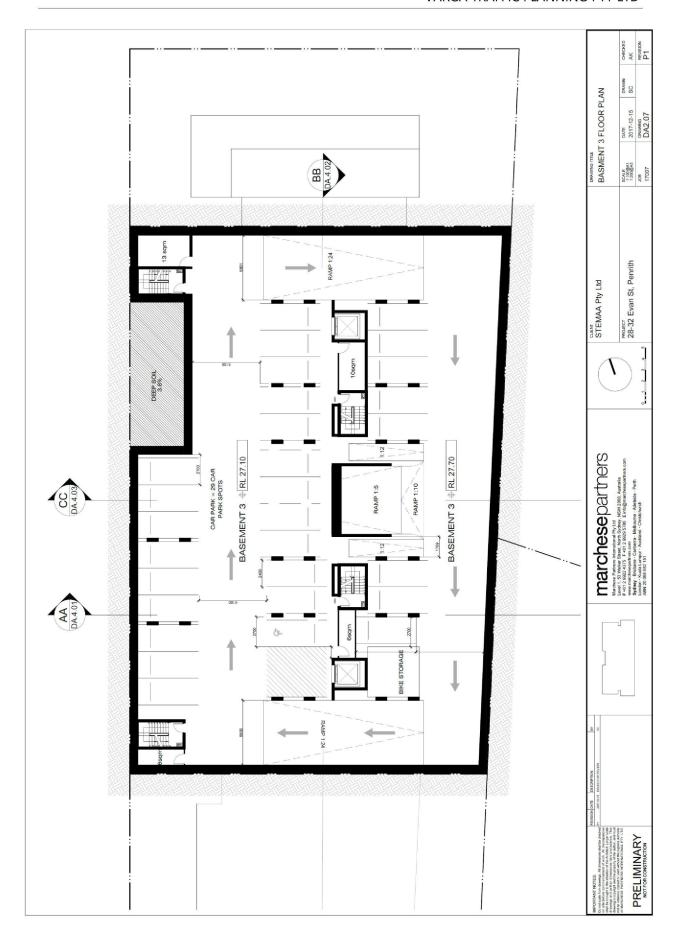
Garbage collection for the proposed development is expected to be undertaken by Council's waste contractor using a 10.5m long rigid truck. A dedicated loading/servicing bay is proposed on the ground floor level, indented into the site adjacent the western site boundary, and will be accessed directly from Evan Street. The proposed loading/servicing bay will also be equipped with carwash facilities allowing it to be used as a carwash bay outside of garbage collection times.

Plans of the proposed development have been prepared by *Marchese Partners International* and are reproduced in the following pages.









3. TRAFFIC ASSESSMENT

Road Hierarchy

The road hierarchy allocated to the road network in the vicinity of the site by the Roads and

Maritime Services is illustrated on Figure 3.

The Great Western Highway is classified by the RMS as a State Road and provide the key

east-west road link in the area, linking Sydney CBD and Emu Plains. It typically carries one

to three traffic lanes in each direction depending on location, with additional lanes provided

at key intersections.

Jamison Road is classified by the RMS as a Regional Road and provides another key east-

west road link in the area, linking Mulgoa Road and Bringelly Road. It typically carries two

traffic lanes in each direction with opposing traffic flows separated by linemarking.

High Street and Woodriff Street is a local, unclassified road that function as a collector route

in the local area, linking Great Western Highway and Jamison Road. It typically carries one

lane of traffic in each direction. Kerbside parking is generally permitted along both sides of

the road.

Evan Street, Lethbridge Street and Higgins Street are local, unclassified road which are

primarily used to provide vehicular and pedestrian access to frontage properties. Kerbside

parking is generally permitted along both sides of the road.

Existing Traffic Controls

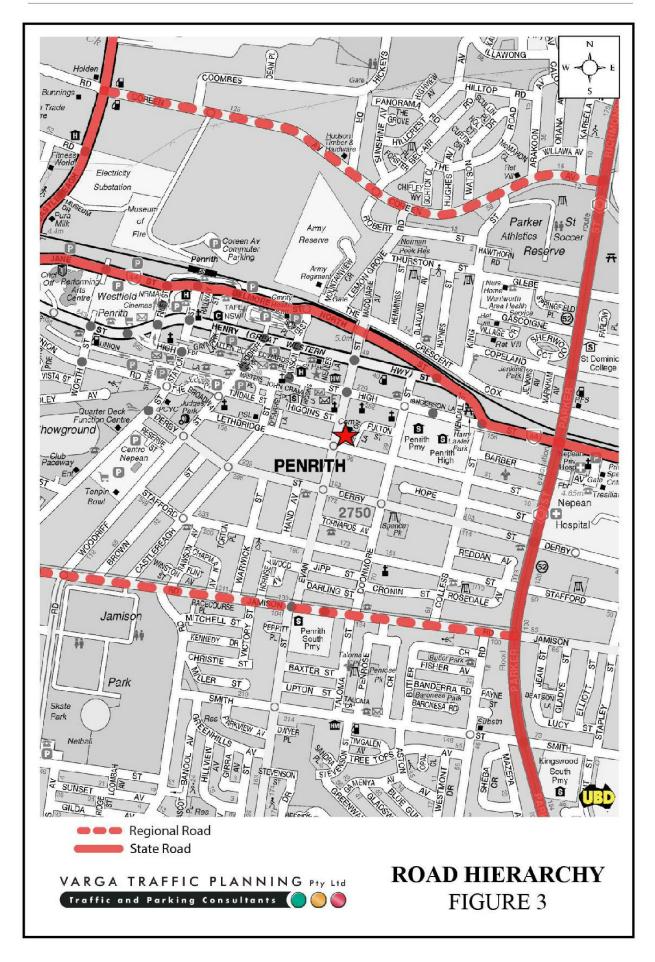
The existing traffic controls which apply to the road network in the vicinity of the site are

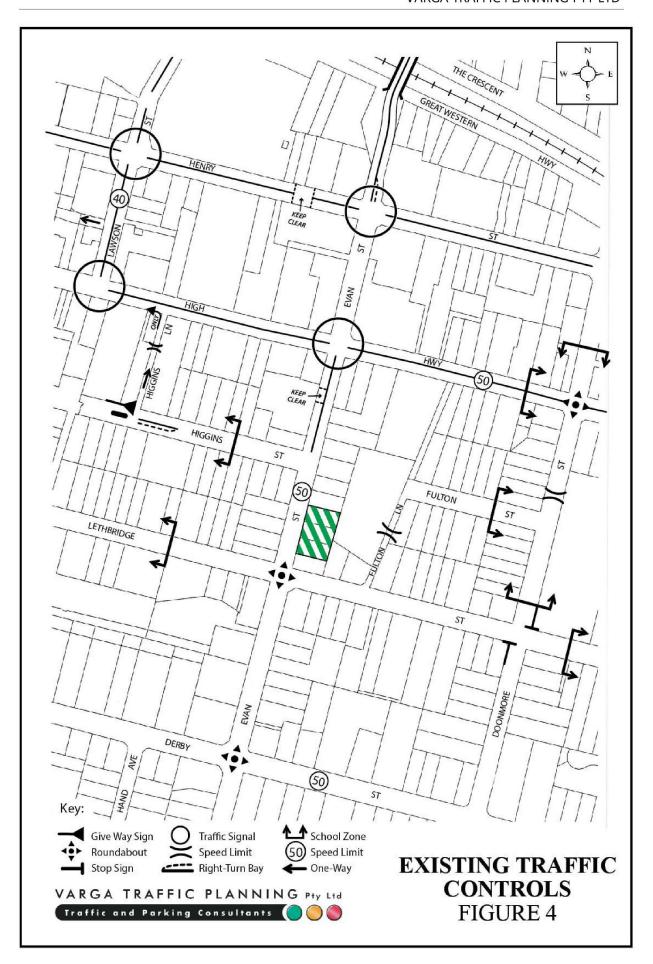
illustrated on Figure 4. Key features of those traffic controls are:

a 50 km/h SPEED LIMIT which applies to Evan Street, Lethbridge Street and all other

local roads in the area

10





• 40 km/h SCHOOL ZONE restrictions in local roads in the immediate vicinity of St

Nicholas of Myra Primary School and also Penrith Public School

• ROUNDABOUTS in Evan Street where it intersects with Lethbridge Street and Derby

Street

• TRAFFIC SIGNALS in Evan Street where it intersects with High Street and Henry

Street.

Projected Traffic Generation

The traffic implications of a development proposal primarily concern the effects of the

additional traffic flows generated as a result of the development and its impact on the

operational performance of the adjacent road network during the morning and afternoon

commuter peak periods.

An indication of the traffic generation potential of the development proposal is provided by

reference to the Roads and Maritime Services' publication Guide to Traffic Generating

Developments, Section 3 - Land Use Traffic Generation (October 2002) and the updated

traffic generation rates in the recently published RMS Technical Direction (TDT 2013/04a)

document.

The RMS Technical Direction document specifies that it replaces those sections of the RMS

Guidelines indicated, and must be followed when RMS is undertaken trip generation and/or

parking demand assessments.

The RMS Guidelines and Technical Direction are based on extensive surveys of a wide range

of land uses and nominate the following traffic generation rates which are applicable to the

13

development proposal:

High Density Residential Flat Dwellings

AM: 0.19 peak hour vehicle trips per unit

PM: 0.15 peak hour vehicle trips per unit

The RMS Guidelines also make the following observation in respect of high density

residential flat buildings:

Definition

A high density residential flat building refers to a building containing 20 or more dwellings. This does

not include aged or disabled persons housing. High density residential flat buildings are usually more

than 5 levels, have basement level car parking and are located in close proximity to public transport

services. The building may contain a component of commercial use.

Factors

The above rates include visitors, staff, service/delivery and on-street movements such as taxis and pick-

up/set-down activities.

Application of the above traffic generation rates to the 54 residential units outlined in the

development proposal yields a traffic generation potential of approximately 10 vehicle trips

per hour (vph) during the AM commuter peak period and 8 vph during the PM commuter

peak period.

That projected future level of traffic generation potential should however, be offset or

discounted by the volume of traffic which could reasonably be expected to be generated by

the existing uses of the site, in order to determine the nett increase (or decrease) in traffic

generation potential expected to occur as a consequence of the development proposal.

The RMS Technical Direction nominates the following traffic generation rates which are

applicable to the existing development:

Low Density Residential Dwellings (Sydney Areas)

0.95-0.99 peak hour vehicle trips per dwelling

Application of the above traffic generation rates to the three existing residential dwellings on

the site yield a traffic generation potential of approximately 3 vph during both the AM and

PM commuter peak periods.

Accordingly, it is likely that the proposed development will result in a nett increase in the

traffic generation potential of the site of approximately 7 vph during the AM commuter peak

period and 5 vph during the PM commuter peak periods as set out below:

Projected Nett Increase in Peak Hour Traffic Generation Potential of the Site as a Consequence of the Development Proposal

	AM	PM
Projected Future Traffic Generation Potential:	10.3 vph	8.1 vph
Less Existing Traffic Generation Potential:	-2.9 vph	-3.0 vph
NETT INCREASE IN TRAFFIC GENERATION POTENTIAL:	7.4 vph	5.1 vph

That projected nett increase in traffic activity as a consequence of the development proposal is minimal, consistent with the zoning objectives of the site, and will clearly not have any unacceptable traffic implications in terms of road network capacity.

4. PARKING IMPLICATIONS

Existing Kerbside Parking Restrictions

There are generally no kerbside parking restrictions that applies along the local roads in the

immediate vicinity of the site, including along the entire site frontage.

Off-Street Car Parking Provisions

The off-street car parking requirements applicable to the development proposal are specified

in the Penrith Development Control Plan 2014, Section C10 Transport Access and Parking

document in the following terms:

Residential Flat Buildings

1 space per 1 or 2 bedrooms

2 spaces per 3 or more bedrooms

1 space per 40 units for service vehicles

In addition, visitor parking is to be provided for developments that have 5 or more dwellings at 1 space

per every 5 dwellings, or part thereof.

1 space for car washing for every 50 units, up to a maximum of 4 spaces per building.

Application of the above car parking rates to the 54 residential units outlined in the

development proposal yields a minimum off-street car parking requirement of 58 resident

spaces, 11 visitor spaces, 1 service bay and 1 carwash bay, as set out below:

Residents (54 Dwelling):

58.0 spaces

Visitors:

10.8 spaces

Service vehicle:

1.4 spaces

Carwash bay:

1.1 spaces

TOTAL:

71.2 spaces

The proposed development makes provision for a total of 71 off-street car parking spaces

(including 6 accessible spaces and 4 small car spaces) in a multi-level basement car parking

area, plus 1 dual use service/car wash bay located on the ground floor level, thereby

satisfying Council's car parking requirements.

The geometric design layout of the proposed car parking facilities has been designed to

generally comply with the relevant requirements specified in the Standards Australia

publication Parking Facilities Part 1 - Off-Street Car Parking AS2890.1:2004 and Parking

Facilities Part 6 - Off-Street Parking for People with Disabilities AS2890.6:2009 in respect

of parking bay dimensions, aisle widths and overhead clearances.

Off-Street Bicycle Parking Provisions

The off-street bicycle parking requirements applicable to the development proposal are also

specified in the Penrith DCP 2014, Section C10 Transport Access and Parking document in

the following terms:

"Bicycle parking in accordance with the suggested bicycle parking provision rates for different land use

types in the document 'Planning Guidelines for Walking and Cycling' (NSW Government 2004). Bicycle

parking spaces should comply with AS2890.3:1993 Bicycle Parking Facilities."

Reference is therefore made to the Planning Guidelines for Walking and Cycling 2004

document, which nominates the following minimum off-street bicycle parking requirements

applicable to the development proposal:

Bicycle Parking

Residents:

minimum 20% of total number of units

Visitors:

minimum 5% of total number of units

Application of the above bicycle parking requirements to the 54 residential units outlined in

the development proposal yields a minimum off-street bicycle parking requirement of 11

resident spaces and 3 visitor spaces.

The proposed development makes provision for a total of 14 bicycle parking spaces located

in bicycle storage cages spread across the basement levels, thereby satisfying Council's

bicycle parking requirements.

Loading/Servicing Provisions

The proposed new residential apartment building is expected to be serviced by Council's

waste contractor using a 10.5 metres long rigid truck.

A dedicated loading/service area is proposed on the ground floor level, indented into the site

adjacent the western site boundary, and will be accessed directly from Evan Street. The

manoeuvring areas and driveway have been designed to accommodate the swept turning path

requirements of these 10.5m trucks, allowing them to enter and exit the site whilst travelling

in forward gear at all times, as demonstrated by the attached swept turning path diagrams.

The geometric design layout of the proposed loading/service area has been designed to

comply with the relevant requirements specified in the Standards Australia publication

Parking Facilities Part 2 - Off-Street Commercial Vehicle Facilities AS2890.2 in respect of

loading dock dimensions and service area requirements for 10.5m long rigid trucks.

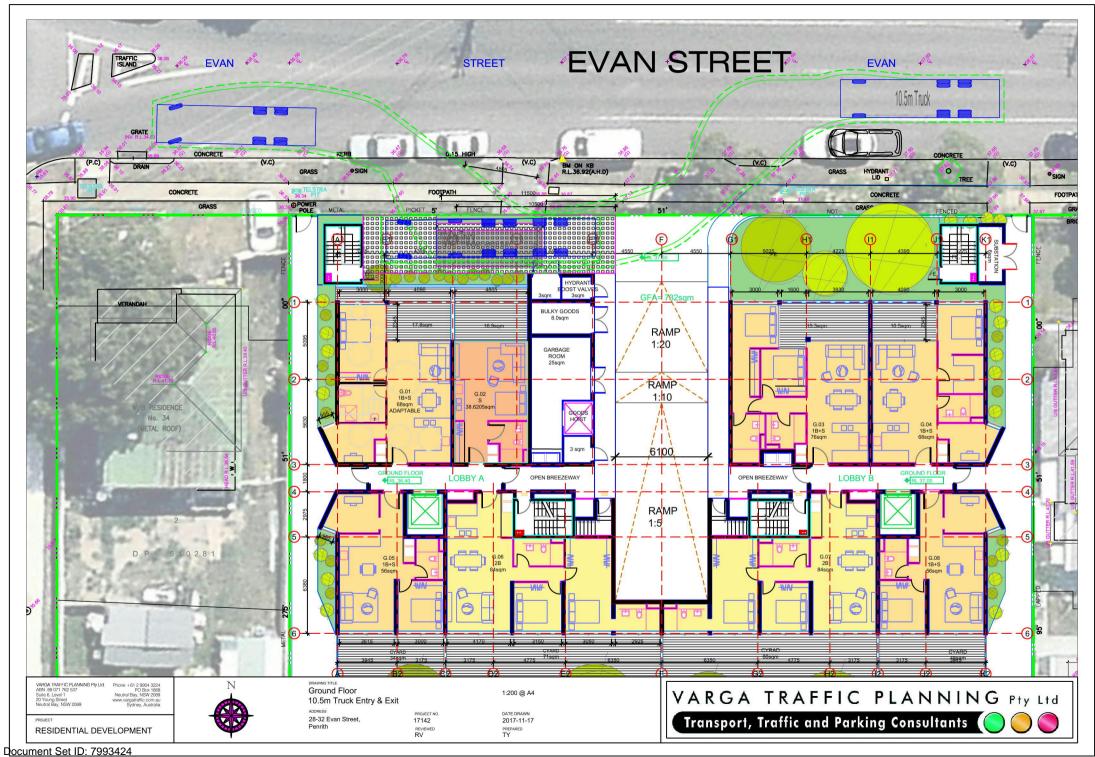
Conclusion

In summary, the proposed parking and loading facilities satisfy the relevant requirements

specified in Council's DCP as well as the Australian Standards and it is therefore concluded

that the proposed development will not have any unacceptable parking or loading

implications.



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