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# **Environmental Noise Impact Assessment**

Greyhound Facility 38–44 Keech Road, Castlereagh, NSW

REPORT NUMBER 6308-1.1R

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## **Prepared For:**

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Attention: Mr Mathew Pryce







#### **Revision History**

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Draft	30/08/2017	Adam Shearer	Stephen Gauld	By email, for client review
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#### 1.0 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

A greyhound facility located at 38-44 Keech Road, Castlereagh, NSW, requires an environmental noise impact assessment to accompany a development application for to council.

The facility is located on the eastern side of Keech Road, situated on land zoned RU4 'Primary Production Small Lots' under Penrith Local Environment Plan (LEP) 2010.

Rural residential properties bound the site to the north, east and south. Rural residential properties also exist on the opposite side of Keech Road to the west. The facility and the receptor locations are shown in Figure 1.

The facility comprises 12 kennels within an acoustically treated shed for adult dogs, outdoor exercise yards, six outdoor kennels for pups and caters for up to 36 dogs (12 adults and 24 pups).

The dogs are kept inside the kenneling area between the hours of 10 pm and 7 am, 7 days a week, except on the occasional race day when they may be returned to the kennels after 10 pm.

This assessment addresses the potential noise impact from the facility at the neighbouring receptors.

Acceptable noise limits are derived from the NSW Environment Protection Authority (EPA) *Noise Guide for Local Government* at all receptors during the day, evening and night. Consideration is also given to the *Noise Guide for Local Government* sleep disturbance criterion of 48 dBA L<sub>1, 1 minute</sub> during night time hours.

Measurements and calculations show that the level of noise emitted by the facility, complies with the EPA's acceptable noise limits at all nearby residential neighbours.

#### 2.0 CONSULTING BRIEF

Day Design Pty Ltd was engaged by Mr Mathew Pryce to assess the environmental noise impact of a greyhound facility at 38-44 Keech Road, Castlereagh, NSW.

This commission involves the following:

#### Scope of Work:

- Inspect the site and environs
- Measure the background noise level at critical locations and times
- Prepare a site plan identifying the proposal and nearby noise sensitive locations
- Establish acceptable noise level criteria
- Quantify noise emission from the facility
- Calculate and measure the level of noise emission, taking into account building envelope transmission, distance loss, ground absorption, etc
- Provide recommendations for noise control if necessary
- Prepare an Environmental Noise Impact Assessment Report.

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#### 3.0 SITE AND DEVELOPMENT DESCRIPTION

#### 3.1 Previous Development Application

A Development Application (DA12/1295.01) was approved on 12 September 2014 for the use of the site at 38-44 Keech Road, Castlereagh as a Greyhound Facility, which has since lapsed. As part of the Development Application an Acoustical Assessment of the proposed use as a Greyhound Facility was conducted by Noise and Sound Services (NSS), Report No. nss 21895 – Final, dated February 2013, to ensure the operation would satisfy all relevant noise criteria.

Noise controls were recommended in the NSS Report, with the following being incorporated into the final building construction, site construction and noise management plan:

#### Site:

- A 1.8 metre high lapped and capped timber fence has been constructed along approximately 200 metres of the southern boundary of the site;
- A 2.4 metre high lapped and capped timber fence exists on a section of the northern boundary of the site.

#### Exercise Yards:

• The adult dog exercise yards are bounded by 1.8 metre high timber sound barriers.

#### Kennel Area:

- The internal northern, eastern and western walls of the shed are lined internally with 100 mm thick cool room panels;
- The southern wall (approximately 3 metres) is constructed with an internal layer of plasterboard and an external layer of fibre cement on a 90 mm timber stud with the cavity lined with 75 mm thick glasswool insulation;
- The pedestrian access doors located at the southern end of the kennel are of solid core construction;
- Kennels are separated by a solid divider.

#### Noise Management Plan:

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- The operators follow a strict noise management plan;
- The roller door on the western side of the shed is only opened when necessary to move the dogs to the exercise yards during the day for approximately 30 minutes;
- Dogs returning to the shed after 10 pm are placed in the kennels through the doors on the southern side of the shed;
- The dogs are kept inside the kennels between the hours of 10 pm and 7 am, 7 days a week.



- Barking dogs are dealt with as soon as possible;
- All dogs are fed during the day, 7 am to 6 pm.

#### 3.2 Site Description

The greyhound facility is located on the eastern side of Keech Street on land zoned RU4 'Primary Production Small Lots' under Penrith Local Environment Plan 2010.

Rural residential properties bound the site to the north, west and south. Rural residential properties also exist on the opposite side of Keech Road to the west. The facility and its closest receptors are shown in Figure 1 and as follows in Table 1:-

**Table 1** Noise Sensitive Receptors

Receptor and Type	Address	Direction from site	Distance
R1 - Residence	32 Keech Road	North	85 m
R2 – Residence	81 Church Street	East	370 m
R3 – Residence	46-50 Keech Road	South	65 m
R4 – Residence	29-39 Keech Road	West	165 m

Distances are based from the centre of the kennel area (shed) to the assessment location at the receptors as a reference point. Each kennel (inside and outside) is at a different distance from the receptor, some closer and some further than the distance outlined above. Specific distances from each area where dogs may be located are used in all calculations.

#### 3.3 Development Description

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The site currently operates as a greyhound facility with capacity for 36 dogs.

The adult dogs are kept in the 12 existing kennels within the acoustically treated shed for the majority of each day. Three times per day the adult dogs are moved, in groups of four, to fenced (lapped and capped timber) exercise yards at the rear of the shed for 5 minutes at a time. The maximum amount of adult dogs outside at any one time is four.

The adult dogs are kept inside the kenneling area between the hours of 10 pm and 7 am, 7 days a week, except on the occasional race day when they may be returned to the kennels after 10 pm.

The pups are kept in six outdoor kennels at the rear of the site. The outdoor kennels are located within a fenced (cyclone wire) exercise yard. The pups are free to leave the kennels and exercise at any time of the day, evening or night.

As part of a previous Development Application, a 1.8 metre high lapped and capped timber fence has been constructed along approximately 200 metres of the southern boundary of the site. It is also noted that a 2.4 metre high lapped and capped timber fence exists on a section of the northern boundary of the site. Both boundary fences are shown in Figure 2.



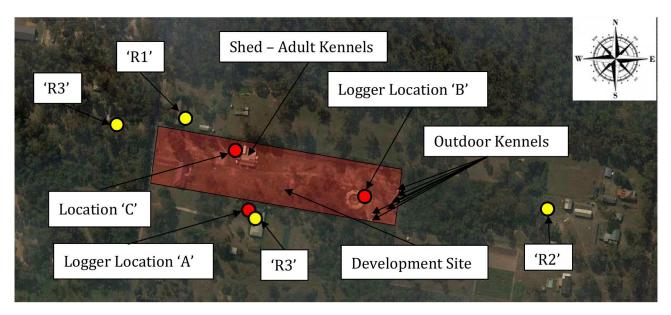


Figure 1. Location Plan - 38 - 44 Keech Road, Castlereagh, NSW.



Figure 2. Fence Locations - 38 - 44 Keech Road, Castlereagh, NSW.

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#### 4.0 ACOUSTICAL CRITERIA

This section presents the noise guidelines applicable to this proposal and establishes the project specific noise criteria.

#### 4.1 Existing Ambient and Background Noise Levels

The L<sub>90</sub> background noise level is a statistical measure of the sound pressure level that is exceeded for 90% of the measurement period (typically 15 minutes).

The Rating Background Level (RBL) is defined by the NSW EPA as the median value of the (lower) tenth percentile of L<sub>90</sub> ambient background noise levels for day, evening or night periods, measured over a number of days during the proposed days and times of operation.

The background noise level should be measured at a location representative of the potentially affected receptors, in the absence of any noise sources that may be associated with the proposed development.

A noise logger was placed approximately 5 metres form the north-western façade of 46-50 Keech Road, Castlereagh, shown as Logger Location 'A' in Figure 1, from Monday 21 August to Monday 28 August 2017. The results of the background noise survey are shown in the attached Appendix B and below in Table 2.

Details of instrumentation used during the noise survey can be seen in the attached Appendix A.

Table 2 Rating Background Levels - 46-50 Keech Road, Castlereagh

Noise Measurement Location	Time Period	L <sub>90</sub> Rating Background Level	Existing L <sub>eq</sub> Noise Level
Logger Location 'A'	Day (7 am to 6 pm)	33 dBA	46 dBA
	Evening (6 pm to 10 pm)	33 dBA	39 dBA
	Night (10 pm to 7 am)	33 dBA	42 dBA

Meteorological conditions during noise monitoring consisted of clear skies with negligible wind and temperatures between 4 and 23°C. Conditions were ideal for noise monitoring.



#### 4.2 Noise Guide for Local Government

The Environment Protection Authority (EPA) published the *Noise Guide for Local Government* in June 2013. The policy is specifically aimed at assessing noise from light industry, shops, entertainment, public buildings, air conditioners, pool pumps and other noise sources in residential areas.

The EPA in Section 2.2.1 of the Noise Guide for Local Government states that a noise source is generally considered to be intrusive if the noise from the source when measured over a 15 minute period ( $L_{eq, 15 \text{ minute}}$ ), exceeds the background noise ( $L_{90, 15 \text{ minute}}$ ) by more than 5 dB.

The noise from the source is measured or assessed at the most affected point within the residential property boundary, or of that is more than 30 metres from the residence, at the most affected point within 30 metres of the residence. For upper floors the noise is assessed outside the nearest window.

The Noise Guide for Local Government states in Section 2.2.4 that where sleep disturbance is being assessed, the  $L_{A1, 1 \text{ minute}}$  or  $L_{Amax}$  noise level is most appropriate, and the measurement position should be outside the bedroom window. Sleep may be disturbed if the source noise level exceeds the background noise by more than 15 dB.

#### 4.3 Project Specific Noise Criteria

The measured background noise levels at Logger Location 'A' have been used to establish the most stringent noise criteria at the receptor locations as follows:

Residential Receptors:

- (33 + 5 =) **38 dBA** L<sub>eq, 15 minute</sub> during the day, evening and night; and
- (33 + 15 =) **48 dBA** L<sub>1, 1 minute</sub> at night (10 pm 7 am Monday to Saturday or 10 pm 8 am on Sundays and Public Holidays)

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#### 5.0 GREYHOUND FACILITY NOISE EMISSION

The main source of noise from the facility is the dogs barking while inside kennels at night and in the exercise yards during the day.

We have been informed by the operators that all doors and windows to the shed are kept closed during the night.

#### 5.1 Adult Dogs Barking In the Shed at Night

Unattended noise level measurements of the adult dogs in the indoor kennels were carried out from Monday 21 August to Monday 28 August 2017 using two environmental noise loggers. Noise logger #106 was placed at the nearby residential receptor 'R3' (Logger Location 'A'), approximately 85 metres to the south of the shed with noise logger #116 placed inside the shed. 12 adults dogs were kept in the indoor kennels over the seven nights of monitoring.

Subsequent to a review of the indoor noise level data, periods of barking were identified (noise levels > 80 dBA  $L_{eq, 1 \, second}$ ) on all nights.  $L_{eq}$  noise levels during the night time periods ranged between 23 and 103 dBA  $L_{eq, 1 \, second}$  inside the kennel area, with the corresponding outdoor noise levels ranging from 30 to 79 dBA  $L_{eq, 1 \, second}$ . Several barks were identified over the seven night period.

We have overlaid the noise level graphs from inside and outside for the seven nights of monitoring and attached them as Appendix C to I. A detailed assessment of the graphs found a significant period which identified the correlation between dogs barking inside the kennels and the outdoor noise levels. The period of interest is attached as Appendix J with annotations provided to analyse the measured noise levels.

The measured  $L_{eq,\ 1\ second}$  at the residential receptor was **45 dBA** when a dog / s was barking within the kennels, with the simultaneous  $L_{eq,\ 1\ second}$  reverberant sound pressure level of 103 dBA within the kennels. This is equivalent to a  $L_{eq,\ 15\ minute}$  noise level of 15 dBA for one dog bark at the receptor location.

Upon review of the ambient noise surveys, the maximum amount of time the dogs continuously barked (reverberant sound pressure of > 80 dBA) was for approximately 1.5 minutes (90 seconds). Assuming each bark lasts for 1 second and is at the measured noise level (103 dBA), 90 barks would result in an  $L_{eq, 15 \, minute}$  noise level of **35 dBA** at 'R3', which is within the noise criteria in Section 4, and is considered acceptable.

The measured noise levels are also below the sleep disturbance criterion of  $\bf 48~dBA~L_{1,\,1~minute}$ , and are therefore acceptable.

Day Design is of the opinion that compliance with the noise criteria at the nearest residential receptor, 'R3', will assure compliance at all other receptor locations.



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#### 5.2 Pups Barking In the Outdoor Kennels at Night

Unattended noise level measurements of the pups in the outdoor kennels were also carried out from Monday 21 August to Monday 28 August 2017 using two environmental noise loggers. Noise logger #106 was placed at the nearby residential receptor 'R3' (Logger Location 'A'), approximately 200 metres to the west of the outdoor kennels with noise logger #118 placed approximately 6 metres from the boundary of the exercise yards, shown as Logger Location 'B' in Figure 1. Six pups and two adult dogs were kept in the outdoor kennels over the seven nights of monitoring.

Subsequent to a review of the noise level data from logger #118, periods of barking were identified (noise levels > 60 dBA  $L_{eq,\,1\,second}$ ) on all nights.  $L_{eq}$  noise levels during the night time periods ranged between 40 and 84 dBA  $L_{eq,\,1\,second}$  next to the kennel area, with the corresponding noise levels at the nearby residence ranging from 30 to 79 dBA  $L_{eq,\,1\,second}$ . Several barks were identified over the seven night period.

We have overlaid the noise level graphs from the two locations for the seven nights of monitoring and attached them as Appendix C to I. A detailed assessment of the graphs found a significant period which identified the correlation between pups barking inside the kennels and the outdoor noise levels. The period of interest is attached as Appendix K with annotations provided to analyse the measured noise levels.

The measured  $L_{eq,\,1\,second}$  at the residential receptor was **44 dBA** when a dog / s was barking in the outdoor kennel area, with the simultaneous  $L_{eq,\,1\,second}$  sound pressure level being 84 dBA 6 metres from the boundary of the exercise yards. This is equivalent to an  $L_{eq,\,15\,minute}$  noise level of 14 dBA for one dog bark at the receptor location.

Upon review of the ambient noise surveys, the maximum amount of time the dogs continuously barked (sound pressure of > 70 dBA) was for approximately 1 minute (60 seconds). Assuming each bark lasts for 1 second and is at the measured noise level (84 dBA), 60 barks would result in a  $L_{\text{eq, 15 minute}}$  noise level of **32 dBA** at 'R3', which is within the noise criteria in Section 4, and is considered acceptable.

The measured noise levels are also below the sleep disturbance criterion of  $48\,dBA\;L_{1,\,1\,minute},$  and are therefore acceptable.

Day Design is of the opinion that compliance with the noise criteria at the nearest residential receptor, 'R3', will assure compliance at all other receptor locations.



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#### 5.3 Adult Dogs in the Exercise Yards

Noise level measurements of dogs in the exercise yards of the facility were carried out on Monday 20 August, 2017, approximately 7 metres to the west of the adult exercise yards, shown as Location 'C' in Figure 1. Four dogs were moved to the exercise yards for 5 minutes at a time, with a total of eight barks being measured over approximately 5 minutes.

During our measurements the instantaneous sound pressure level (SPL) was noted when dogs barked within the exercise yards with maximum levels of 74 dBA.

Based on the measured instantaneous SPL and a 10 dB reduction for the 1.8 metre high sound barrier fences around the exercise yards, the calculated maximum  $L_{\rm eq,\,15minute}$  noise level of dogs barking continuously for 1 minute (60 barks) at the residential receptor 'R3', is **33 dBA**. The calculated noise levels are within the acceptable noise criteria and is therefore considered acceptable. Up to 3.5 minutes of continuous barking (210 barks) will sill comply with the noise criteria of 38 dBA.

Day Design is of the opinion that compliance with the noise criteria at the nearest residential receptor, 'R3', will assure compliance at all other receptor locations.

#### 6.0 NOISE IMPACT STATEMENT

Day Design Pty Ltd was engaged by Mr Mathew Pryce to assess the environmental noise impact of an existing greyhound Facility at 38-44 Keech Road, Castlereagh, NSW.

Measurements and calculations show that the level of noise emitted by the greyhound facility meets the Environment Protection Authority's noise level requirements as detailed in Section 4 of this report, and is therefore acceptable



**Adam Shearer**, BCT (Audio), MDesSc(Audio & Acoustics), MAAS Senior Acoustical Consultant

for and on behalf of Day Design Pty Ltd

#### **AAAC MEMBERSHIP**

Day Design Pty Ltd is a member company of the Association of Australian Acoustical Consultants, and the work herein reported has been performed in accordance with the terms of membership.

#### **Attachments:**

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Appendix A – Ambient Noise Survey Instrumentation

Appendix B - Ambient Noise Survey

Appendix C to I - Measured Noise Levels - Night 1 to 7

Appendix J - Measured Adult Dog Barking Event - Night 2 - 5.35 am to 5.37 pm

Appendix K - Measured Pup Barking Event - Night 2 - 11.29 pm to 11.30 pm



## NOISE SURVEY INSTRUMENTATION

Noise level measurements and analysis in this report were made with instrumentation as follows:

**Table A - Noise Survey Instrumentation** 

Description	Model No.	Serial No.
Infobyte Noise Logger (Type 2)	iM4	106
Condenser Microphone 0.5" diameter	MK 250	106
Infobyte Noise Logger (Type 2)	iM4	116
Condenser Microphone 0.5" diameter	MK 250	116
Infobyte Noise Logger (Type 2)	iM4	118
Condenser Microphone 0.5" diameter	MK 250	118
Modular Precision Sound Analyser	B&K 2270	264 4584
Condenser Microphone 0.5" diameter	B&K 4189	263 8722
Acoustical Calibrator	B&K 4231	272 1949

An environmental noise logger is used to continuously monitor ambient noise levels and provide information on the statistical distribution of noise during an extended period of time. The Infobyte Noise Monitor iM4 is a Type 2 precision environmental noise monitor meeting all the applicable requirements of AS1259 for an integrating-averaging sound level meter.

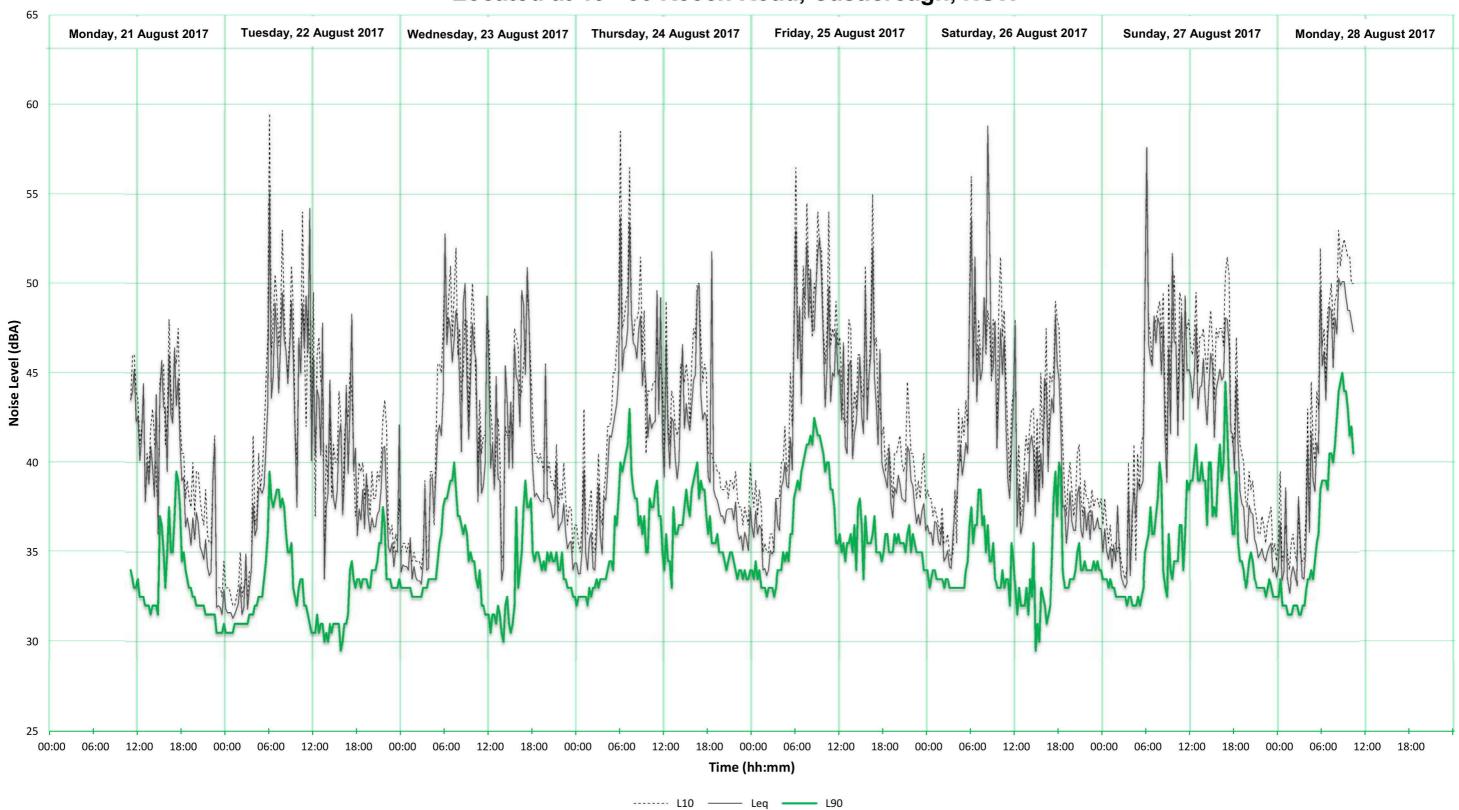
The **B&K 2270 Sound Analyser** is a real-time precision integrating sound level meter with octave and third octave filters, that samples noise at a rate of 10 samples per second and provides  $L_{max}$  and  $L_{min}$  noise levels using both Fast and Slow response and  $L_{peak}$  noise levels on Impulse response time settings. The meter is frequency weighted to provide dBA, dBC or Linear sound pressure level readings as required.

All instrument systems had been laboratory calibrated using instrumentation traceable to Australian National Standards and certified within the last two years thus conforming to Australian Standards. The measurement system was also field calibrated prior to and after noise surveys. Calibration drift was found to be less than 1 dB during attended and unattended measurements. No adjustments for instrument drift during the measurement period were warranted.

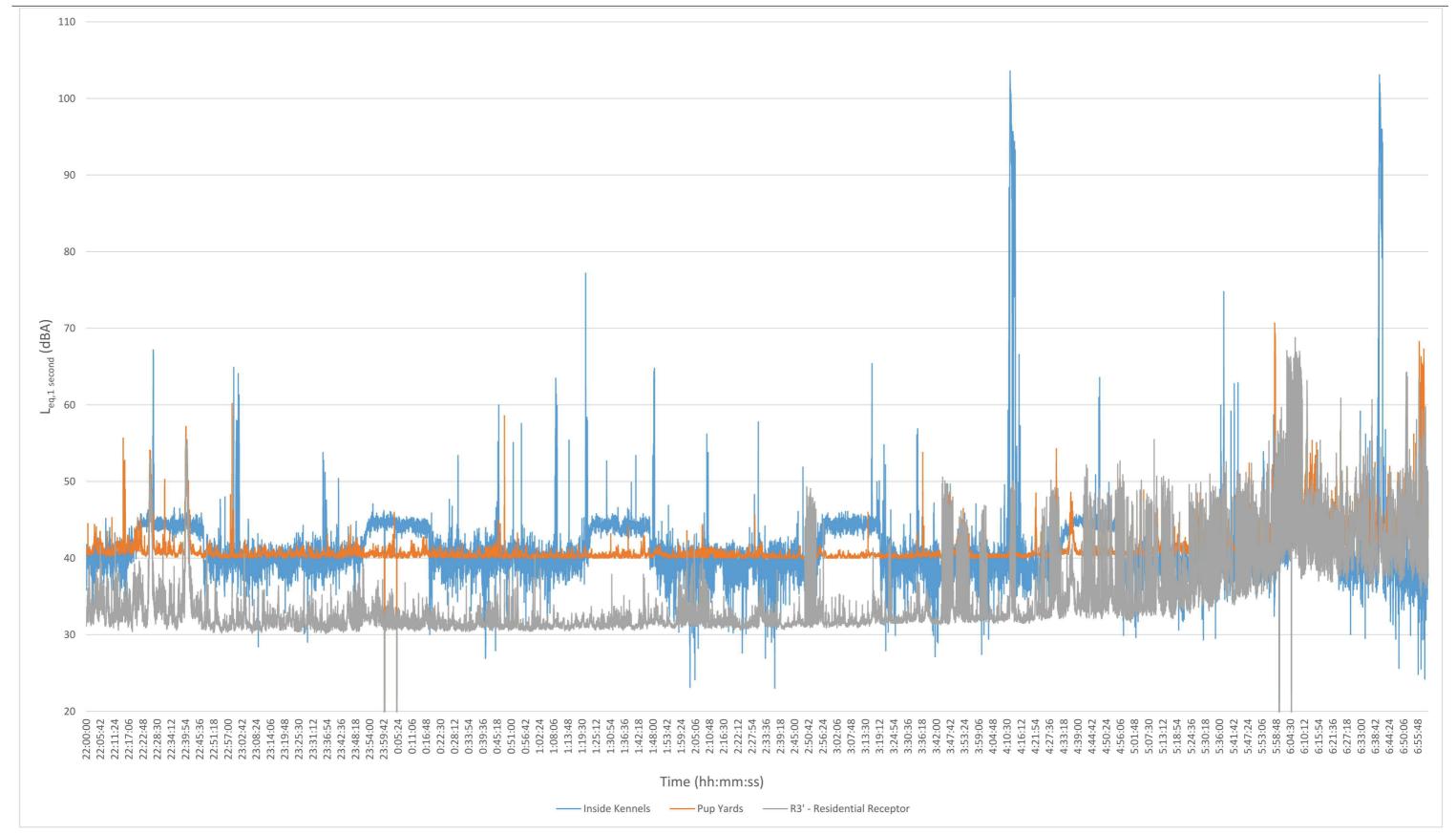


## **AMBIENT NOISE SURVEY**

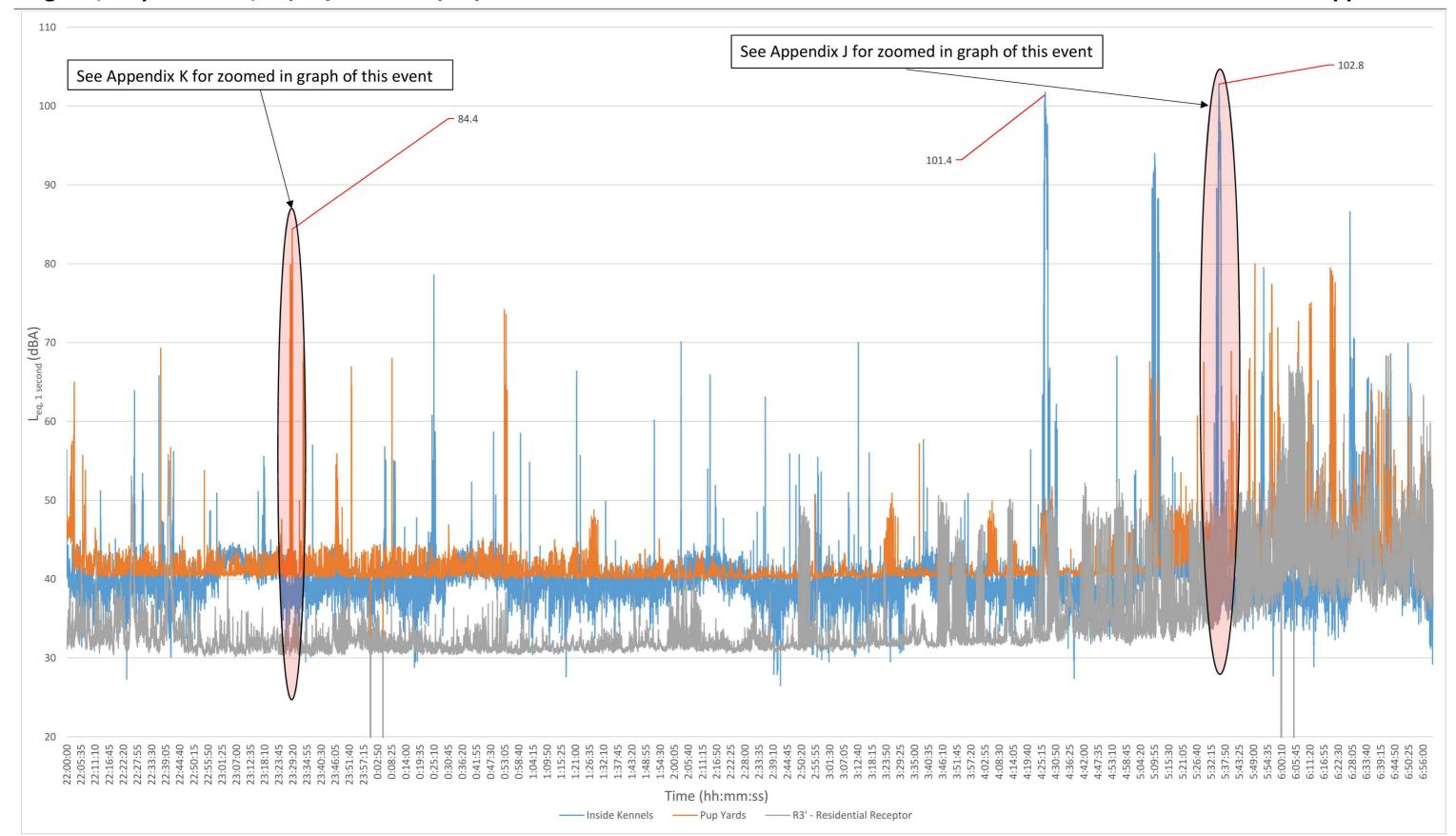
## Located at 46 - 50 Keech Road, Castlereagh, NSW



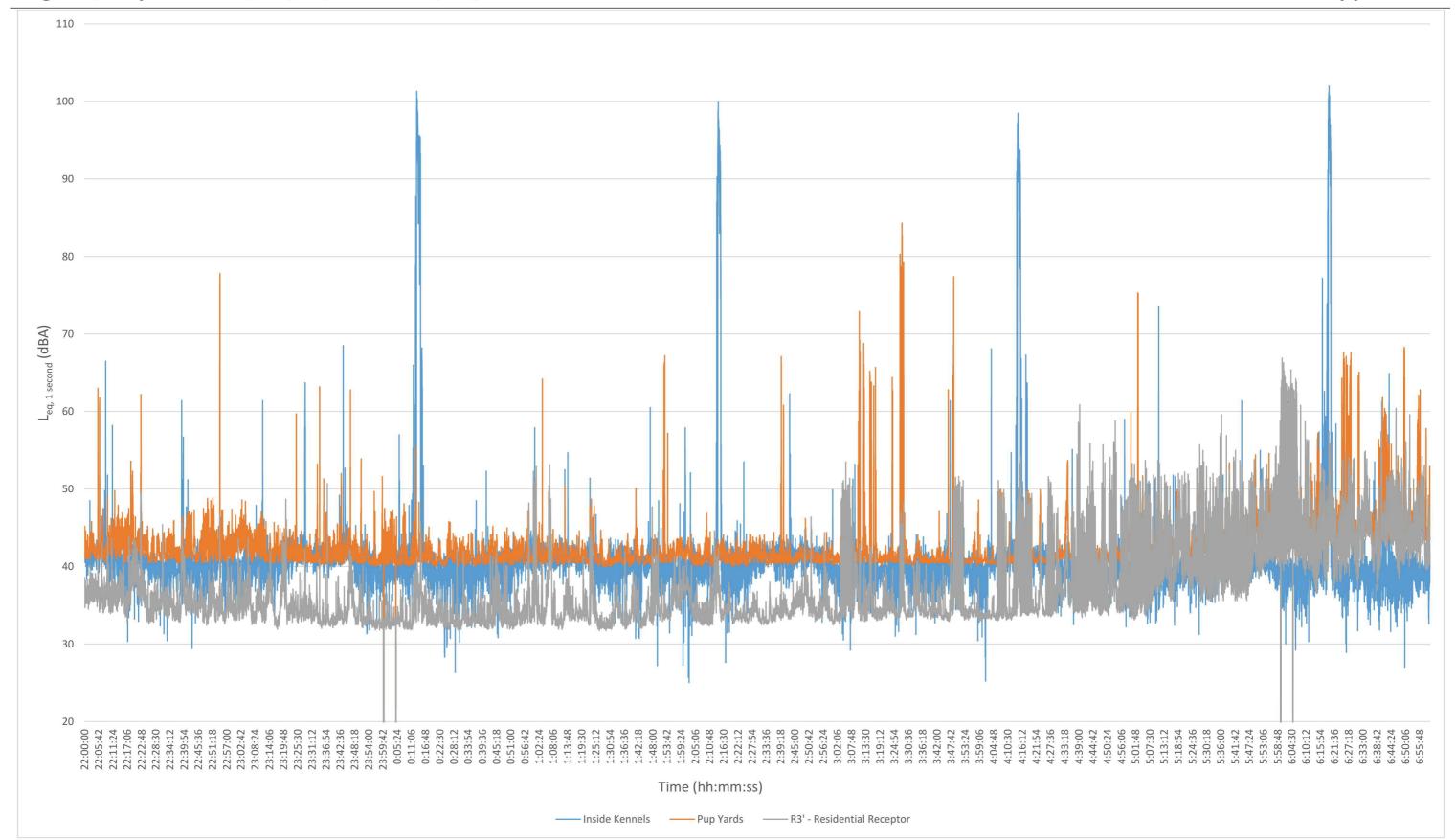






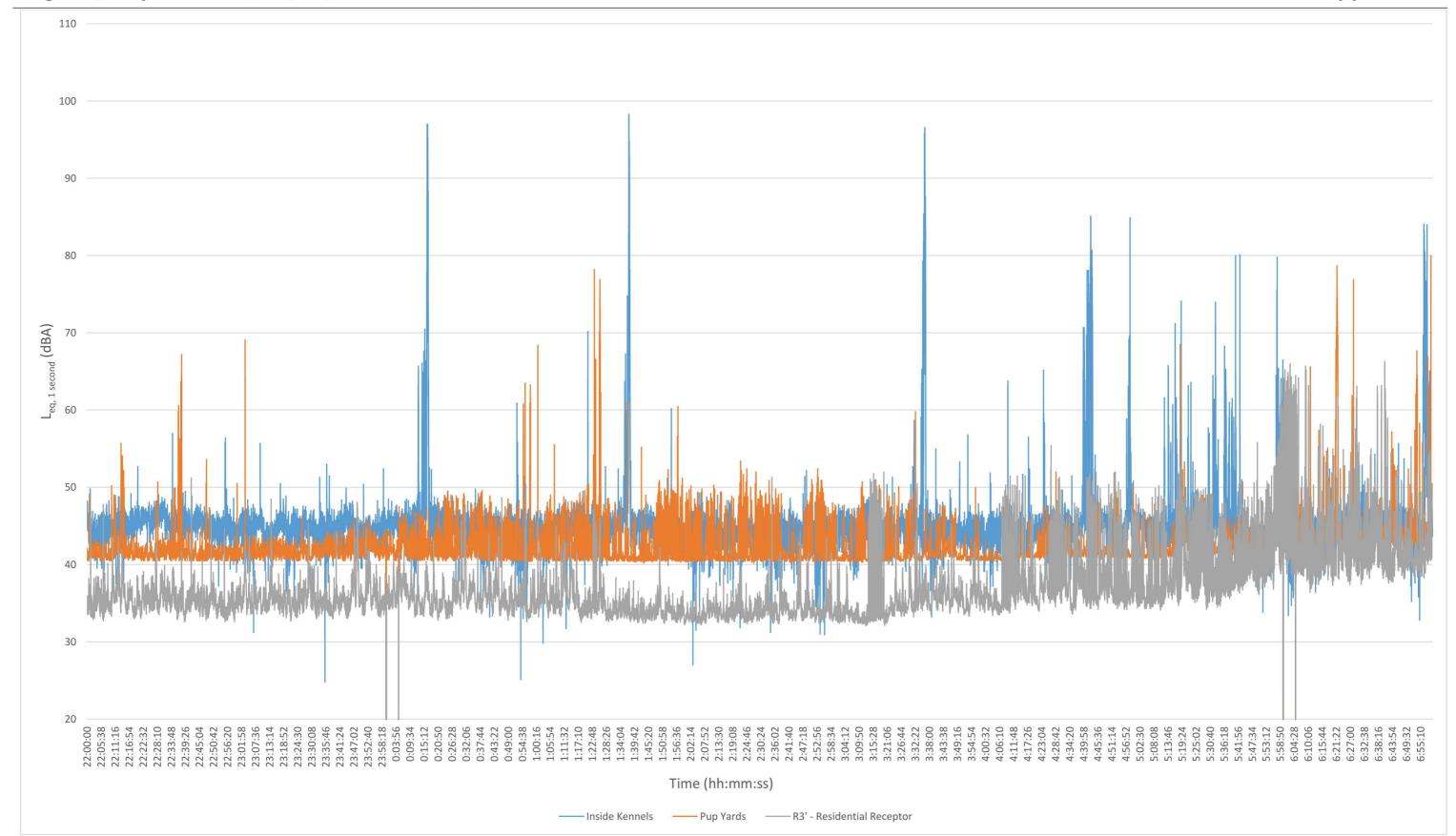






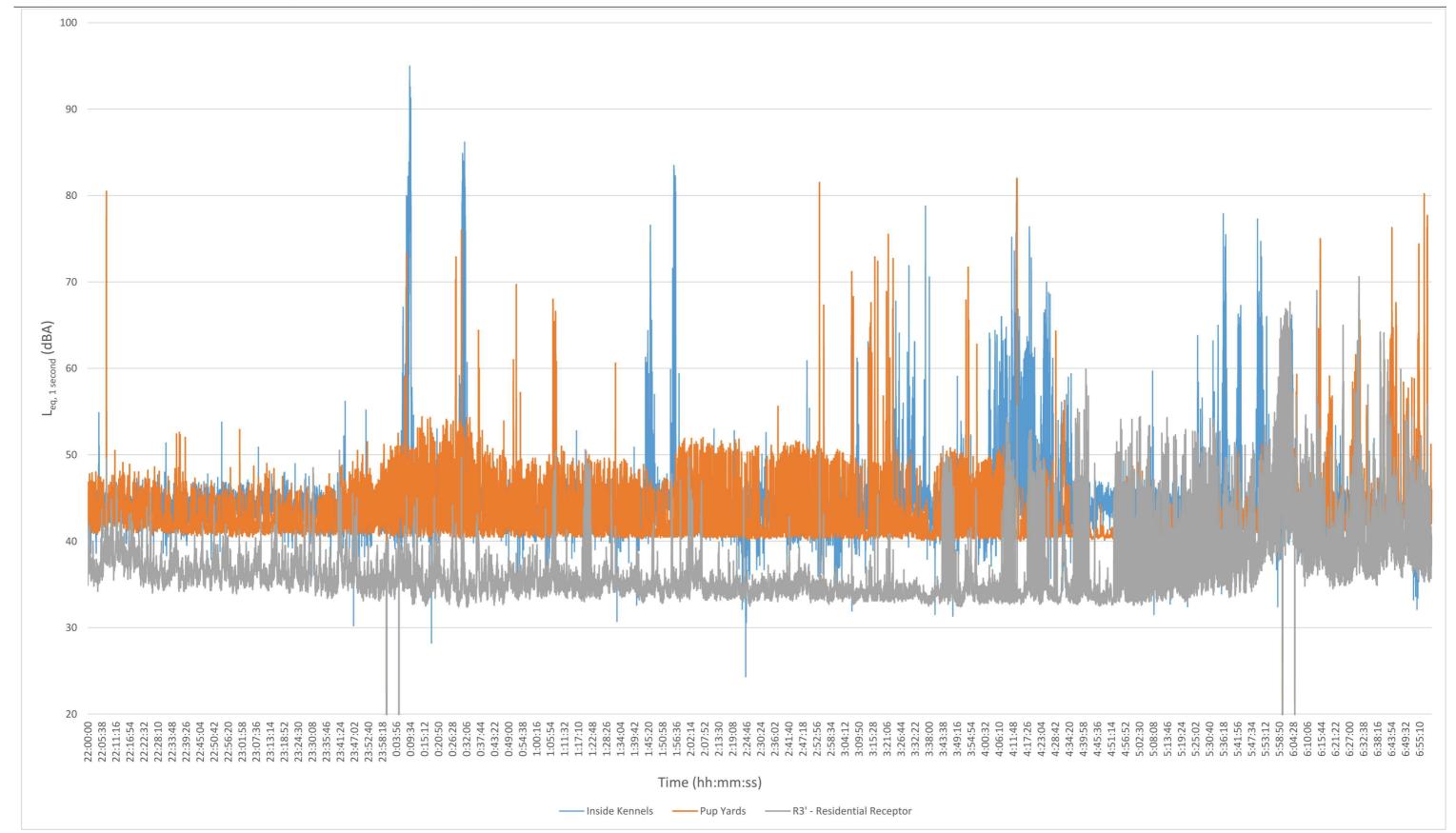


6308-1 Appendix F





6308-1 Appendix G





# Comparison of L<sub>eq, 1 second</sub> Noise Levels – Night 6, 10 pm – 7 am, 26/08/2017 – 27/08/2017

