10 September 2020 Ref: WTJ20-149\_WMP



# **Waste Management Plan**

**Proposed Childcare Centre** 

72 Mulgoa Road, Jamisontown

Lot 200 DP 1230338

Prepared by Willowtree Planning Pty Ltd on behalf of Home Co

September 2020

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Proposed Childcare Centre

72 Mulgoa Road, Jamisontown (Lot 200 DP 1230338)

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Proposed Childcare Centre 72 Mulgoa Road, Jamisontown (Lot 200 DP 1230338)

# **CONTENTS**

PART A	PRELIMINARY	. 1		
1.1	INTRODUCTION			
1.2	OBJECTIVES			
PART B	WASTE GUIDELINES AND LEGISLATION			
2.1	WASTE AVOIDANCE AND RESOURCE RECOVERY ACT 2001	2		
PART C	THE PROPOSAL			
3.1	SITE OF THE PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT			
3.2	DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT	4		
PART D	OPERATIONAL WASTE MANAGEMENT			
4.1	IDENTIFIED WASTE STREAMS			
4.2	RECYCLING, REUSE AND DISPOSAL			
4.3	WASTE STORAGE AND COLLECTION			
4.4	PURCHASING GUIDELINES			
4.5	SIGNAGE AND EDUCATION FOR EMPLOYEES	9		
4.6	MONITORING AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS			
4.7	ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES	9		
PART E	CONCLUSION1	.(		
FIGURES				
IOOKLS				
Fiaure 1. S	Site Identification and Existing Site Development (SIX Maps 2020)			
	ocation of Proposed Childcare Centre (Five Canons 2020)5			
<b>TABLES</b>				
Table 1. Proposed Development and Operational Particulars				



Proposed Childcare Centre

72 Mulgoa Road, Jamisontown (Lot 200 DP 1230338)

# PART A PRELIMINARY

### 1.1 INTRODUCTION

This Waste Management Plan (WMP) has been prepared by Willowtree Planning Pty Ltd on behalf of Home Co, and is submitted to Penrith City Council to support a Development Application (DA) for the proposed childcare centre at 72 Mulgoa Road, Jamisontown (Lot 200 DP 1230338).

# 1.2 OBJECTIVES

The principal objective of this WMP is to identify all potential wastes likely to be generated on-site throughout both the construction and operational phases of the proposed development, including a description of how waste would be handled, processed and disposed of (or re-used/recycled).

The specific objectives of this WMP are as follows:

- To encourage the minimisation of waste production, and maximisation of resource recovery;
- To promote improved environmental outcomes through waste management;
- To ensure the appropriate management of potentially contaminated/hazardous waste (light tubes, batteries, electronic, etc);
- To identify procedures and chain of custody records for waste management;
- To assist in ensuring that any environmental impacts during the operational life of development are minimised; and
- To ensure the long-term sustainability of resource use through more efficient, costeffective and safe waste collection practices for the longevity of the proposed development.

Where applicable, this WMP aims to meet the principles of the waste management hierarchy, by promoting waste as a resource through the following, in order of preference:

- Waste avoidance through prevention or reduction of waste generation. Waste avoidance is best achieved through better design and purchasing choices;
- Waste reuse, without substantially changing the form of waste;
- Waste recycling through the treatment of waste that is no longer usable in its current form to produce new products;
- Energy recovery through thermal treatment of residual waste materials and from green waste processing; and
- Waste disposal in a manner that causes the least harm to the natural environment.

The following sections of this WMP establish the management protocols through which these objectives and principles may be achieved.



#### **WASTE GUIDELINES AND LEGISLATION PART B**

#### **WASTE AVOIDANCE AND RESOURCE RECOVERY ACT 2001** 2.1

A key policy standard for waste management in New South Wales (NSW) is the Waste Avoidance and Resource Recovery Act 2001 which has established a scheme to promote extended producer responsibility in place of industry waste reduction plans.

The objects of this Act are as follows:

- (a) to encourage efficient use of resources and to reduce environmental harm in accordance with the principles of ecologically sustainable development;
- (b) to ensure that resource management options are considered against a hierarchy of the following order:
  - (i) avoidance of unnecessary resource consumption,
  - (ii) resource recovery (including re-use, reprocessing, recycling and energy recovery),
  - (iii) disposal,
- (c) to provide for the continual reduction in waste generation;
- (d) to minimise the consumption of natural resources and the final disposal of waste by encouraging the avoidance of waste and the re-use and recycling of waste;
- (e) to ensure that industry shares with the community the responsibility for reducing and dealing with waste;
- (f) to ensure the efficient funding of waste and resource management planning, programs and service delivery;
- (g) to achieve integrated waste and resource management planning, programs and service delivery on a State-wide basis; and
- (h) to assist in the achievement of the objectives of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997.

This WMP has been prepared with respect to these matters.



#### THE PROPOSAL **PART C**

#### 3.1 SITE OF THE PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT

The subject site is identified as 72 Mulgoa Road, Jamisontown, being legally described as Lot 200 DP 1230338.

It is noted that whilst previous applications considered the subject site in conjunction with the neighbouring site to the south (80 Mulgoa Road, Jamisontown, Lot 100 DP 1230336), it is understood that the neighbouring site is now under separate ownership. The intention is therefore for No.72 to be treated as a standalone site.

The site exhibits an approximate area of 3.015ha with a primary frontage to Mulgoa Road to the north-west and a secondary frontage to Regentville Road to the south-east.

In its existing state the site comprises a Home Co bulky goods centre comprising nine (9) tenancies within a large-plate building offering a common mall area and ancillary amenities including a café. The south-western section of the site provides on-grade car parking. Loading facilities are located in the northern and eastern corners of the site.

Vehicular access to the site for customers is facilitated via both street frontages, by a twoway access driveway connecting to both the Home Co and neighbouring Freedom car parks. A separate driveway for delivery vehicles affords access from Regentville Road.

Existing vegetation on the site is limited to shrubs and grasses adjacent to the street frontages and dispersed through the car parking areas.

The site is shown in **Figure 1** below.



Figure 1. Site Identification and Existing Site Development (SIX Maps 2020)

# 3.2 DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT

Development consent is sought for the construction, fit-out and use of a childcare centre.

As shown in **Figure 2**, the proposed centre would be situated adjacent to the southern elevation of the existing building and also adjacent to the Regentville Road frontage. This specific portion of the site is currently occupied by car parking associated with the Home Co centre.

Specifically, the proposal entails the following:

- Demolition of existing hardstand car parking;
- Construction, fit-out and use of a new standalone building to be used for a childcare centre;
- External landscaping to create outdoor space for the childcare centre;
- Business identification signage; and
- Reconfiguration of car parking and access routes.

The development and operational particulars are summarized in **Table 1**.

Table 1. Proposed Development and Operational Particulars			
<b>Development Particular</b>	Proposal		
Childcare centre operator	Aurrum Childcare and Preschool		
Number of childcare places	110 places, including:		
	<ul> <li>44 places for 0-U2s</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>26 places for 2-U3s</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>40 places for 3-U6s</li> </ul>		
Number of staff	22		
Hours of operation	6:30am-6:30pm Monday-Friday, closed		
	Saturdays, Sundays and Public Holidays		
Site area	1,572.5m <sup>2</sup>		
Internal floor space	364.64m <sup>2</sup>		
Outdoor space	777.71m <sup>2</sup>		
Signage	3 x business identification signs (1.5m x 5m)		
	located on the north-western, south-western		
	and south-eastern elevations.		



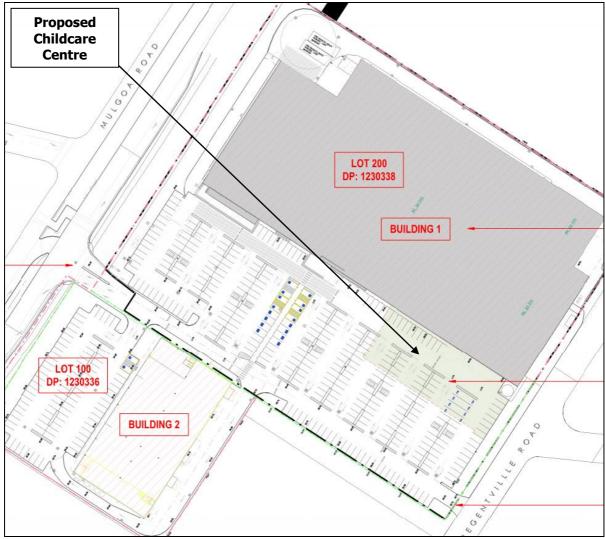


Figure 2. Location of Proposed Childcare Centre (Five Canons 2020)

#### **PART D OPERATIONAL WASTE MANAGEMENT**

Ineffective waste management for commercial premises and community facilities can lead to environmental pollution, offensive odours, litter, attraction of vermin and occupational safety and hygiene problems. Effective waste management reduces costs through the reuse of resources and minimisation of fees associated with removal, transportation and disposal of waste, and improves environmental outcomes globally, regionally and locally.

Effective waste management may be achieved through the implementation of a WMP for the operational life (including the construction phase) of the proposed childcare centre.

#### **IDENTIFIED WASTE STREAMS** 4.1

The operational phase of the proposed childcare centre would likely generate the following waste streams given the intended use / activities to be undertaken:

- Plastic stretch wrapping and general plastic;
- Cardboard and paper;
- Printer cartridges and toners;
- General landfill waste;
- Maintenance waste (e.g. cleaning chemicals); and
- E-waste and potentially hazardous wastes (e.g. batteries, smoke detectors, fluorescent tubing).

#### 4.2 **RECYCLING, REUSE AND DISPOSAL**

#### 4.2.1 OFFICE WASTE

It is anticipated that the future end users could adopt the simple waste management processes consisting of the following:

- Under desk bins and paper recycling bins would be provided in office areas for scrap paper collection and recycling. Secure paper destruction recycling bins would also be provided; and
- Printer cartridges and toners would be collected in allocated bins for appropriate contractor disposal.

In addition to the above-noted waste management procedures, procedures noted in **Section 4.2.2** and **Section 4.2.3** should be implemented where relevant.

# 4.2.2 LIQUID WASTES

- Any liquid wastes generated should be disposed of by a suitably qualified contractor to an appropriately licensed disposal facility; and
- No liquid wastes or wash down waters should be disposed of via the stormwater drainage system. Wastewater storage tanks (including stormwater collection tanks) should be carefully monitored to ensure overflow does not occur.

# 4.2.3 POTENTIALLY CONTAMINATED / HAZARDOUS WASTES

- All potentially contaminated and hazardous wastes (i.e. fluorescent tubing, batteries, e-wastes and smoke detectors) should be disposed of or recycled at an appropriately licensed facility;
- E-waste (electronic waste such as computers) contains heavy metal contaminants (e.g. lead) and should be recycled at an appropriately licensed recycling facility; and



6

Proposed Childcare Centre

72 Mulgoa Road, Jamisontown (Lot 200 DP 1230338)

Smoke detectors should be returned to the supplier for disposal (this is a condition of the supplier's licence to sell smoke detectors) and not disposed of with general landfill waste as they contain small amounts of radioactive material. Contact the supplier for information on how to return used smoke detectors.

#### 4.3 WASTE STORAGE AND COLLECTION

### 4.3.1 COMMON WASTE STORAGE AREAS

The proposed development should include a dedicated and enclosed centralised waste and recycling storage area. Construction of waste areas and equipment are to comply with Council policies, Building Code of Australia (BCA) requirements and Australian Standards

# **Space Requirements**

Sufficient space should be provided for the segregation and storage of varying waste types including provision for the collection of batteries, fluorescent tubes, smoke detectors, ewastes and other recyclable resources. Sufficient space must be provided for reuse items such as crates and pallets for occupational safety purposes.

### **Liquid Wastes Storage**

All maintenance chemicals, oils and fuels including associated wastes should be stored separately in an appropriately bunded, well-ventilated area with a drain grease trap and allow sufficient space for handling and storage in accordance with Australian Standard AS 1940/2004 and relevant development consent conditions (liquid waste from grease traps must be removed by a licensed waste contractor).

### **Spills Management**

Containment measures for spillages should be provided in nearby staff car parking areas and main building operation areas (e.g. a spill kit containing non-combustible absorbent material).

# **General Requirements**

The following additional general recommendations are provided for the waste storage area:

- The floor of the waste area should be bunded, graded and drained and finished to a smooth even surface:
- A water supply to the area should be provided (hot and cold) to allow for appropriate
- Adequate ventilation should be provided to prevent nuisance odour from occurring;
- The area should be conveniently located to enable easy access for on-site movement as well as collection and servicing;
- The waste area should be secure and lockable;
- The waste area should be clearly signposted to ensure correct use and waste separation; and
- The waste storage areas are to be kept clean and odour-free. It is the responsibility of the Facility Manager to routinely (twice weekly) check waste sorting and storage areas for cleanliness, hygiene and Occupational Health and Safety (OH&S) issues.



Proposed Childcare Centre

72 Mulgoa Road, Jamisontown (Lot 200 DP 1230338)

### 4.3.2 WASTE COLLECTION METHODS

### **Contractor Waste Collection**

It is understood that a contractor is to be employed to collect and appropriately dispose of the majority of wastes generated by the proposed childcare centre. Written evidence of a valid and current contract with a licensed waste collector is to be held at the premises. It is recommended that any contracts incorporate provisions for the collection, recycling and appropriate disposal of the potentially contaminated and hazardous waste types as noted in Section 4.2.3. Liquid wastes must only be collected by licensed waste contractors as approved by Sydney Water and the NSW Office of Environment and Heritage (OEH).

# **Waste Bin Types**

The amount and type of bins used would depend on the Waste Management System chosen for the proposed operation. The Waste Minimisation Policy (2005) provides specifications for a range of waste management equipment including crates and Mobile Garbage Bins (MGBs) which may be referred to when deciding on appropriate bin sizes for waste types generated by the proposed childcare centre.

# **Waste Bin Locations**

To encourage employee recycling, general landfill waste and recycling bins should be positioned in easily accessible areas for effective recycling results. Waste and recyclables from each holding area within the premises must be transferred to a centralised waste and recycling storage area. Provisions must be made for the separation of cardboard, paper and recyclable plastics at each holding area in addition to the centralised waste storage area.

### **Waste Collection Rates**

It is recommended that the collection of general landfill waste (especially where it contains decomposing waste) be on a daily basis, or that this waste be refrigerated during storage prior to collection. This will need to be monitored in the early stages and adjusted to suit the needs of the development accordingly.

Storage of cardboard and paper must be in a dry and vermin proof area and must not be stored for more than two (2) weeks in order to prevent the breeding of pests from occurring.

### **Waste Collection Access Requirements**

Paths between holding areas, centralised waste storage areas and collection areas must be level and free of steps or kerbs.

Waste collection vehicles vary in size and type according to the waste collection service employed. Access to waste collection areas by collection vehicles may be impeded where inadequate turning circle areas are provided.

#### 4.4 **PURCHASING GUIDELINES**

As part of the Waste Management System, a Purchasing Policy may be developed to include strategies for waste minimisation such as:

- Bulk purchasing or the purchase of items that use minimal packaging;
- Source materials that use recycled content (e.g. printing paper); and
- Products purchased from local producers for the reduction of carbon miles due to transport.



Proposed Childcare Centre

72 Mulgoa Road, Jamisontown (Lot 200 DP 1230338)

#### SIGNAGE AND EDUCATION FOR EMPLOYEES 4.5

It is recommended that both general and recycling bins, including metal and timber crates, and any other waste collection bin, be colour-coded with clear labels identifying the type of waste that may be disposed of in each bin. This is an effective and easy way to encourage appropriate recycling by employees.

Centralised waste storage areas should also have clear signs available to assist staff with correct segregation procedures of waste types. Employees should receive training in accordance with the adopted Waste Management System especially in regard to the type of plastics which can and cannot be recycled, and Dangerous Goods / liquid wastes storage and disposal procedures.

Waste management procedures should also be clearly communicated to cleaners (and form part of any contractual conditions) to outline the cleaner's waste minimisation responsibilities.

#### MONITORING AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS 4.6

Audit and visual assessment of bins prior to collection should be undertaken within the first few months of operation to ensure the WMP is sufficient for the proposed development's needs, with findings recorded in a well-maintained logbook. An audit should also be undertaken on a half-yearly basis to ensure employees are disposing of waste in the correct manner.

Ouantities of waste types disposed and recycled should be documented for internal auditing. Where audits show that segregation and recycling is not carried out effectively, additional employee training should be undertaken, and signage and procedures re-examined accordingly.

The WMP should be progressively improved and updated on an annual basis, or as required, to reflect changes within the Waste Management System and to promote continual improvement of waste management.

#### 4.7 **ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES**

It is the responsibility of the tenant to routinely check waste sorting and storage areas for cleanliness, hygiene and OH&S issues. The tenant should also ensure all monitoring and audit results are well documented and carried out as specified in the WMP. It is the responsibility of the tenant and each employee to encourage awareness of the Waste Management System to ensure associated recycling and waste handling procedures are carried out safely and effectively.



Proposed Childcare Centre 72 Mulgoa Road, Jamisontown (Lot 200 DP 1230338)

#### **PART E CONCLUSION**

This WMP has been prepared by Willowtree Planning with all reasonable skill, care and due diligence applied accordingly, and taking into account of the manpower and resources devoted to it by agreement with the Client. Information reported herein is based on the interpretation of data collected and has been accepted in good faith as being accurate and valid.

This Report is for the exclusive use for the proposed development at the subject site, being 72 Mulgoa Road, Jamisontown. No warranties or guarantees are expressed or should be inferred by any third parties. This Report may not be relied upon by other parties.

