

Reference: J21-0894

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## **Bush Fire Assessment Report**

in relation to the proposed dwelling

at:



Lot 338 DP 1231225

188 Forestwood Drive Glenmore Park

(subject site)

Bushfire Consulting Services Pty Ltd Report No. J21-0894

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# **Document Tracking**

Item	Detail
Project Name	Bush Fire Assessment Report, proposed
	dwelling
Project Address	Lot 338 DP 1231225, 188 Forestwood Drive
	Glenmore Park
Client Name	Meghan Campbell
Project Number	J21-0894
Plan Reference	Plans by A & N Design Group Sydney Job
	number 0025560, Dwg No. AND-33821, Issue D
	dated 17/05/2021
Prepared by	Adrian Armitstead
Approved by	Nicole van Dorst
BAL under AS3959-2018	BAL 19 (eastern, southern and western
	façade) and BAL 12.5 (northern façade) and
	the relevant additional construction
	requirements of PBP section 7.5

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## **Document Control**

Version	Primary Author	Description	Date Completed
1	Adrian Armitstead	Draft	20/08/2021
2	Nicole van Dorst	Final	24/08/2021

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approval of the author.

Disclaimer

Any recommendation or advice expressed in this report is made in good faith and in accordance with

the relevant legislation for bushfire prone development in New South Wales. Bushfire Consulting

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into any legally binding agreement without the express written consent of an officer of Bushfire

Consulting Services Pty Ltd.

It should be borne in mind that the measures recommended in this report cannot quarantee that a

building will survive a bushfire event on every occasion. This is due to the degree of vegetation

management, the unpredictable behaviour of bushfires and extreme weather conditions. As such, the

author is not liable to any person for any damage or loss whatsoever which has occurred or may occur

in relation to the person taking action or not taking action based on the recommendations of this

report.

NOTE: This bush fire assessment shall remain valid for 12 months from the date of issue.

**Executive Summary** 

Bushfire Consulting Services was commissioned by Meghan Campbell to provide a bush fire

assessment for a dwelling at Lot 338 DP 1231225, 188 Forestwood Drive Glenmore Park. The

subject site is mapped as designated bush fire prone land by Penrith Council and is located

within 23 metres of bush fire prone (hazardous) vegetation. The bush fire attack level (BAL)

associated with the development of the subject building has been assessed as BAL 19

(southern, eastern and western façade) and BAL 12.5 (northern façade).

The proposal is a form of infill development and, as such, this report makes recommendations

in accordance with the aim, objectives, and performance criteria of Chapter 7 of the NSW RFS

document 'Planning for Bush Fire Protection' (PBP) (NSWRFS 2019). The recommendations

address the required bush fire protection measures, including:

establishment and maintenance of asset protection zones (APZs)

siting and design of the development

construction requirements under AS3959-2018 (Standards Australia 2018)

adequate access for emergency personnel,

adequate water supply, and utility requirements to reduce the risk of ignition by

electrical or gas supplies

landscaping to reduce the risk of ignition by embers, and to minimise flame contact

and radiant heat on the proposed development.

Where all recommendations are implemented, the report concludes that the proposal can

comply with the aim, objectives and performance criteria of PBP.

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# **Compliance Summary**

This Assessment has been Certified by:	
Nicole van Dorst	
BPAD-Level 3 Accredited Practitioner	
FPAA Cert No: BPAD23610	
What is the recommended level of compliance with	BAL 19 to the eastern, southern,
AS3959-2018?	and western façade and BAL 12.5 to
	the northern façade
Can this proposal comply with AS 3959-2018?	Yes
Does this development comply with the aim and	Yes
objectives of PBP?	
Is referral to the NSW Rural Fire Service (RFS)	No
required?	

#### **List of Abbreviations**

APZ Asset Protection Zone

AS3959 Australian Standard 3959 – 2018, Construction of Buildings in Bushfire

**Prone Areas** 

BAL Bushfire Attack Level

BPAD Bushfire Planning and Design (Accreditation Scheme)

BPMs Bushfire Protection Measures

BPLM Bushfire Prone Land Map

Council Penrith Council

CDC Complying Development Certificate

DA Development Application

DEM Digital Elevation Model

EP&A Act Environmental Planning and Assessment Act – 1979

FDI Fire Danger Index

FPAA Fire Protection Association of Australia

IPA Inner Protection Area

kW/m<sup>2</sup> Kilowatts per metre squared

LiDAR Light Detection and Ranging

LPMA Land & Property Management Authority

NCC National Construction Code

PBP Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2019

RF Act Rural Fires Act – 1997

RFS NSW Rural Fire Service

SEPP State Environmental Planning Policy

SIX Spatial Information Exchange

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1. Introduction

This report has been commissioned by Meghan Campbell to provide a bush fire assessment

for a new dwelling at Lot 338 DP 1231225, 188 Forestwood Drive Glenmore Park.

The subject property is "bushfire prone land" as per the local Council bushfire prone land map

as defined by section 10.3 (s10.3) of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act (EP&A)

1979 and therefore the requirements stipulated by legislation apply to any new development

on the site.

Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2019 (Chapter 7) describes this type of development as "infill

development" and therefore the requirements of section 4.14 (s4.14) of the EP&A Act are

applicable.

The bush fire assessment and recommendations are derived from the NSW EP&A Act, the

Rural Fire Service document Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2019 and Australian Standard

3959-2018 'Construction of Buildings in Bushfire Prone Areas'.

2. Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is to provide the owners, the Consent Authority and the Certifier

with a description of the proposed development as well as the vegetation type, slope and any

other factors influencing the likely bushfire behaviour, sufficient to show that the

development will be protected from the likely bushfire threat as outlined in current

legislation.

This assessment includes an analysis of the hazard, threat and subsequent risk to the

development and provides recommendations that satisfy the aim and objectives of Planning

for Bush Fire Protection.

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#### 3. Location

The site is located and known as Lot 338 DP 1231225, 188 Forestwood Drive Glenmore Park

The property is part of the Penrith local government area.



Figure 1. Location Map. Source: LPMA SIX Viewer (NSW Government 2021a)

Site location outlined in red



Figure 2. Aerial Map. Source: Nearmap (2021)

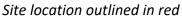
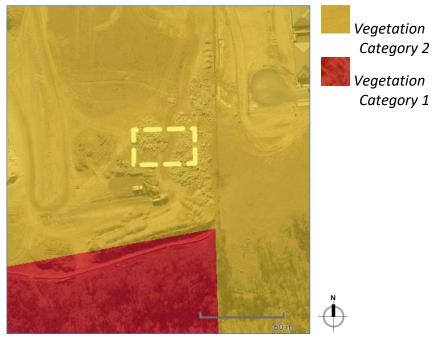


Figure 3. Bushfire Prone Land Map. Source: NSW Government Planning Portal (NSW Government 2021b)



Site location outlined in yellow

#### 4. Property Description

The property is comprised of Lot 338 DP 1231225, 188 Forestwood Drive Glenmore Park, covering approximately 1017m<sup>2</sup> in area (Figure 2). It is bounded by private allotments to the approximate north, south and west, and Forestwood Drive to the east. It is currently vacant land.

#### 4.1 Zoning

The land is zoned R2: Low Density Residential under Penrith Local Environmental Plan 2010. Adjacent lands are similarly zoned. (Figure 4).

(NSW Government 2021b)

R2 - Low Density Residential
E2 - Environmental Conservation
RU2- Rural Landscape

Figure 4. Zoning Map. Source: NSW Government Planning Viewer (NSW Government 2021b)

Site location outlined in yellow

#### 4.2 Biodiversity Values

A search of the NSW Office of Heritage and Environment and Heritage's Biodiversity Values Map (NSW Government 2021c) has been carried out and has not revealed any high biodiversity values on the land.

## 4.3 The Proposal

The proposal is for a two storey dwelling, triple garage, porch, alfresco and rainwater tank. In terms of the NCC, the classification of the building is Class 1a, 10a and 10b.

#### 5. Site Assessment

Bushfire Consulting Services Pty Ltd attended the site on 5 August 2021. The assessment relates to the new development shown in the site plans (reference Appendix 1 below). The NSW Spatial Services mapping website has also been used as a reference (NSW Government 2021a), and 'Ocean Shores to Desert Dunes' by David Keith (Keith 2004), in determining the vegetation type.

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6. Bush Fire Attack Assessment

6.1 Determine Vegetation Formations

The hazardous vegetation formations for each aspect of the development within 140m of the

asset have been identified according to Keith (2004). The bushfire threat emanates from The

grassland and bushland located to the east and south of the subject building. This vegetation

is external to the subject site boundaries.

Within the 140m study area, lots to the north, northeast, south and west comprise bare earth,

vacant lots or lots with dwellings under construction, managed gardens comprising short cut

grass, pavements and shrubs with occasional trees.

Based on a site visit and determination of vegetation formation using the Keith (2004)

Identification Key, the primary bushland vegetation having the potential to affect the subject

building is most representative of Forest to the south and Grassland to the east.

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Key
Subject Site
Existing Lots
Proposed Dwelling
Forest Vegetation
Grassland Vegetation
140m Buffer

23m

23m

0 25 50 75 100 m

Figure 5. Hazardous vegetation affecting the subject building. Source: NearMap (2021) with overlays by BFCS P/L. Aerial Photography date: 5/07/2021

Subject site outlined in red. Vegetation was assessed to a distance of 140m from the subject building

### 6.2 The effective slope

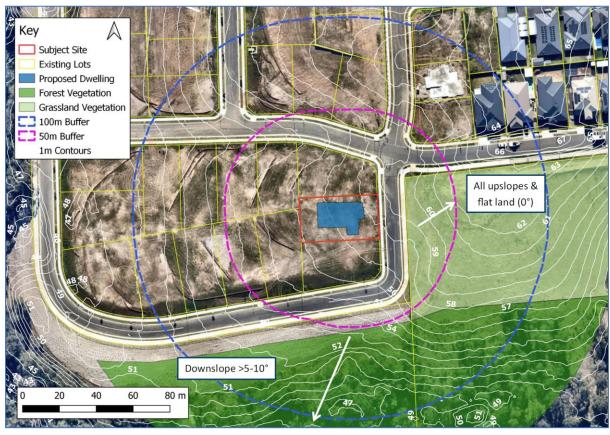
The slope of the land under the classified vegetation has a direct influence on the rate of fire spread, the intensity of the fire and the level of radiant heat flux. The effective slope of the land from the new building for a distance of 100m is derived from a site assessment combined with the most detailed contour data available. The slope is then categorised into one of following classes, relative to the location of the hazard:

- all upslope vegetation (considered 0 degrees)
- >0 to 5 degrees downslope vegetation
- >5 degrees to 10 degrees downslope vegetation
- >10 degrees to 15 degrees downslope vegetation, and
- >15 degrees to 20 degrees downslope vegetation.

1m DEM data is sourced from NSW Spatial Services which is captured using LiDAR and has a horizontal accuracy of 0.3m and vertical accuracy of 0.8m at 95%.

The effective slope has been measured manually on site over a distance of 100m from the proposed development where accessible, under the classified vegetation community constituting the hazard. The slope was found to be consistent with the topographical information from NSW Spatial Services LiDAR data.

Figure 6. Slope Diagram. Source: NearMap (2021) and LiDAR (NSW Government 2021a) with overlays by BFCS P/L: Aerial Photography Date: 5/07/2021



Site location outlined in red, 1m contours

East slope is All upslopes & flat land (0°)

South slope is  $((53-47)/54) \times 1/\tan = Downslope 6.3^\circ$ 

Direction from Building Footprint	Slope Description
North	N/A
East	All upslopes & flat land (0°)
South	Downslope >5- 10°
West	N/A

6.3 Fire Weather

The development is located in the Penrith Council area, a part of the Greater Sydney Region,

which has a Fire Danger Index of 100.

6.4 Determination of APZs

An Asset Protection Zone (APZ) is a fuel-reduced area surrounding a built asset or structure.

An APZ provides a buffer zone between a bush fire hazard and an asset and an area of reduced

bush fire fuel that allows suppression of fire. It also provides an area from which backburning

or hazard reduction can be conducted, and allows emergency services access as well as

providing a relatively safe area for firefighters and home owners to defend their property.

Potential bush fire fuels should be minimised within an APZ. This is so that the vegetation

within the planned zone does not provide a path for the transfer of fire to the asset either

from the ground level or through the tree canopy. PBP has minimum specifications for APZs

to be established around a dwelling to be managed as an Inner Protection Area (IPA)

An IPA should provide a tree canopy cover of less than 15% and have minimal fine fuel at

ground level, the grass mowed on a frequent basis, trees and shrubs retained as clumps or

islands and do not take up more than 20% of the area, trees and shrubs located far enough

from buildings so that they will not ignite the building, garden beds with flammable shrubs

not located under trees or within 10 metres of any windows or doors, minimal plant species

that keep dead material or drop large quantities of ground fuel, tree canopies not located

within 2 metres of the building, trees separated by 2-5 metres and do not provide a

continuous canopy from the hazard to the building, and lower limbs of trees removed up to

a height of 2 metres above the ground.

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Table A1.12.2 of PBP - Minimum distances for APZs - residential development, FFDI 100 areas (≤29kW/m², 1090K)

Aspect	Vegetation	Slope Under Classified	Minimum APZ	APZ available/
	Classification	Vegetation	required	achievable
North	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
East	Grassland	All upslopes & flat land (0°)	10m	23m
South	Forest	Downslope >5- 10°	36m	51m
West	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

In this instance the minimum APZ is established to be 23m to the east and 36m to the south. The entire lot is to be managed as an IPA. The site currently contains no classified vegetation and vegetation modification is not required. The APZ can be achieved when including adjacent managed land and roadway/s (including managed road verge) as permitted by PBP 3.2.

#### 6.5 Identify Construction Requirements

The appropriate construction requirements for the development are determined by matching the relevant FFDI, vegetation type, the distance measured from the edge of the unmanaged vegetation to the closest external wall to identify the BAL using the relevant tables from PBP. These construction requirements are located in section 3 of AS3959-2018. These requirements are varied by the applicable additional construction requirements of PBP section 7.5.

PBP Table A1.12.5 Determination of BAL, FFDI 100 – residential developments

Aspect	Distance	Vegetation	Effective Slope Under	Bushfire Attack
	from hazard	Classification	Classified Vegetation	Level (BAL) required
North	>100m	N/A	N/A	*BAL 12.5
East	23m	Grassland	All upslopes & flat land (0°)	BAL 19
South	51m	Forest	Downslope >5- 10°	BAL 19
West	>100m	N/A	N/A	BAL 19

<sup>\*</sup>Due to Shielding, section 6.6

The assessment indicates that the subject building would experience radiant heat levels of

<12.5kW/m<sup>2</sup> as a result of foreseeable local bushfires under conditions of an FDI of 100. FDI

100 represents catastrophic fire conditions and is therefore a worst-case scenario. The

expected radiant heat levels translate to a Bushfire Attack Level (BAL) on the building of BAL

12.5. Construction of any new development to BAL 12.5 specifications is 'primarily concerned

with protection from ember attack and radiant heat up to and including 12.5kW/m<sup>2</sup>′.

6.6 Reduction in BAL due to Shielding (s3.5 AS3959-2018)

Where an elevation is shielded from direct radiant heat arising from bush fire attack, then the

construction requirements for that elevation can be reduced to the next lower BAL. An

elevation is considered to not be exposed to the source of bush fire attack if the line of sight

between that elevation and the source of bush fire attack are obstructed by another part of

the building.

The shielding of an elevation shall apply to all the elements of the wall but shall not apply to

subfloors or roofs.

In this instance, the north aspect of the dwelling will be fully shielded from exposure to the

source of the greatest bushfire attack by the building itself. Therefore the BAL for the northern

elevation can be reduced by one level to BAL 12.5.

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Key
Subject Site
Existing Lots
Proposed Dwelling
Forest Vegetation
Grassland Vegetation
BAL 19
BAL 12.5

Direction of
Bushfire

Figure 7. Shielding Diagram for the Subject Building. Source: NearMap with overlays by BFCS P/L: Aerial Photography Date: 5/07/2021

#### 7. Bush Fire Protection Measures

The BPMs for residential infill development include provisions relating to APZs, access, water supply, electricity and gas services, construction standards, landscaping and emergency evacuation. In order to create appropriate separation between a dwelling and the bush fire hazard, APZs commensurate with those specified for new subdivision must be provided.

#### 7.1 Asset Protection Zones

PBP Table 7.4a Performance criteria and acceptable solutions for residential infill development

Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solutions/Comment
APZs are provided	Achieved as a the minimum APZ of 10m is provided to the east
commensurate with	and 36m to the south. In this case, the available separation
the construction of the	distance between the building and the hazard is 23m to the east
building	and 51m to the south, which exceeds the requirements of PBP
A defendable space is	Achieved as adequate defendable space is available to the front
provided	of the subject building and pedestrian firefighter access is
	available to the rear
APZs are managed and	Achieved as the APZs are to be managed in accordance with the
maintained to prevent	requirements of Appendix 4 of PBP
the spread of a fire to	
the building	
The APZ is provided in	Achieved as APZs requirements will be specified in the
perpetuity	Development Consent conditions
APZ maintenance is	Achieved as the APZ is located on lands with a slope less than
practical, soil stability is	18 degrees. The slope under the site APZ is 3.2°
not compromised and	
the potential for crown	
fires is minimised	

## 7.2 Access

Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solutions/Comment
Firefighting vehicles are	Achieved as property access roads are two-wheel drive, all-
provided with safe, all-	weather roads
weather access to	
structures and hazard	
vegetation	

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Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solutions/Comment
The capacity of access	Achieved as it is assumed that the capacity of road surfaces is
roads is adequate for	sufficient to carry fully loaded firefighting vehicles (up to 23
firefighting vehicles	tonnes)
There is appropriate	Achieved as a hydrant is located approximately 17m from the
access to water supply	development to the northeast, assumed to be in accordance
	with the relevant clauses of AS 2419.1:2005
Firefighting vehicles can	Achieved as the development is located within an urban area
access the dwelling and	where an unobstructed path (no greater than 70m) is provided
exit the property safely	between the most distant external part of the proposed
	dwelling and the nearest part of the public access road (where
	the road speed limit is not greater than 70kph) that supports
	the operational use of emergency firefighting vehicles

# 7.3 Water Supplies

Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solutions/Comment
An adequate water	Achieved as reticulated water is provided to the development
supply is provided for	
fire-fighting purposes	
The integrity of the	Achieved as any new above-ground water service pipes
water supply is	external to the building are to be metal, including and up to any
maintained	taps

# 7.4 Electricity Services

Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solutions/Comment
Location of electricity	Where practicable, electrical transmission lines are to be
services limits the	provided underground
possibility of ignition of	
surrounding bush land or	
the fabric of buildings	

#### 7.5 Gas Services

Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solutions/Comment
Location and design of	Where applicable, reticulated or bottled gas is installed and
gas services will not lead	maintained in accordance with AS/NZS 1596:2014 and the
to ignition of	requirements of relevant authorities, and metal piping is used
surrounding bushland or	All fixed gas cylinders are kept clear of all flammable materials
the fabric of buildings	to a distance of 10m and shielded on the hazard side,
	connections to and from gas cylinders are metal
	Polymer-sheathed flexible gas supply lines are not used, and
	above-ground gas service pipes are metal, including and up to
	any outlets

## 7.6 Construction Standards

Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solutions/Comment
The proposed building	BAL 19 (southern, eastern and western façade) and BAL 12.5
can withstand bush fire	(northern façade) has been determined in accordance with PBP
attack in the form of	Table A1.12.5
embers, radiant heat and	The additional construction requirements of section 7.5 of PBP
flame contact	are to be incorporated into the development and are provided
	as an Appendix
Proposed fences and	Any new fences and gates are constructed of either hardwood
gates are designed to	or non-combustible material, however, if located within 6m of
minimise the spread of	a building, they are to be constructed from non-combustible
bush fire	material only
Proposed Class 10a	There are no bush fire protection requirements for Class 10a
buildings are designed to	buildings located more than 6m from a dwelling in bush fire
minimise the spread of	prone areas. Where a Class 10a building is located within 6m of
bush fire	a dwelling it must be constructed in accordance with the NCC

#### 7.7 Landscaping

Performance Criteria	Acceptable Solutions/Comment
Landscaping is designed	Achieved as any landscaping within the APZ is to comply with
and managed to	the NSW RFS 'Asset protection zone standards' (PBP
minimise flame contact	Appendix 4)
and radiant heat to	A clear area of low-cut lawn or pavement is maintained
buildings, and the	adjacent to the house, and
potential for wind-driven	Trees and shrubs are located so that:
embers to cause	<ul><li>The branches will not overhang the roof;</li></ul>
ignitions	<ul><li>The tree canopy is not continuous; and</li></ul>
	Any proposed windbreak is located on the elevation
	from which fires are likely to approach

## 8. Likely Impact of any BPMs

bush fire prone land

The proposed bushfire protection measures will not adversely impact on the environment. It should be noted that this report has not focused on environmental issues and as the land has been cleared for subdivision, such features are unlikely to exist on the site.

# 9. "The SEPP Code", Part 1, Division 2 clause 1.19A Land on which complying development may not be carried out—

Criteria	Compliance
(1) To be complying development specified for any complying development code (exc	
the Housing Alterations Code)—	
(a) the development must not be carried out	Yes, the BAL is 19 and BAL 12.5
on land in bush fire attack level-40 (BAL-40) or	
the flame zone (BAL-FZ), and	

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Criteria	Compliance
(b) in the case of development specified for the	
Rural Housing Code—any associated access way	
to the development must be on land that is—	
(i) not in bush fire attack level-40 (BAL-40) or	
the flame zone (BAL-FZ), or	
(ii) grasslands.	
(2) This clause does not apply to the following de	velopment—
(a) non-habitable detached development that is r	more than 6m from any dwelling house,
(b) landscaped areas,	
(c) non-combustible fences,	
(d) swimming pools.	
(3) For the purposes of this clause, land is not in	bush fire attack level-40 (BAL-40) or the
flame zone (BAL-FZ) if—	
a) A person who is recognised by the NSW	Yes, the author of this report is
Rural Fire Service as a suitably qualified	recognised by the NSW Rural Fire
consultant in bush fire risk assessment	Service as a suitably qualified
determines, in accordance with the	consultant in bush fire risk assessment
methodology specified in Planning for Bush	
Fire Protection, that the land is not in bush	
fire attack level-40 (BAL-40) or the flame	
zone (BAL-FZ), or	
(b) in the case of development carried out on	N/A
grasslands—the development conforms to the	
specifications and requirements of Table 7.9a of	
Planning for Bush Fire Protection that are	
relevant to the development	

#### 10. Part 3 Housing Code

Assessment of Compliance with SEPP (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008, Part 3 Housing Code, Division 2 Clause 3.4

- (1) This clause does not apply to the following complying development under this code—
  - (a) non-habitable detached development that is more than 6m from any dwelling house,
  - (b) landscaped areas,
  - (c) non-combustible fences,
  - (d) swimming pools.

Note. See clause 1.19A for additional provisions relating to bush fire prone land.

(2) If complying development under this code is carried out on bush fire prone land, the following development standards also apply in addition to any other development standards:

Criteria	Compliance
a) Repealed	N/A
b) The lot on which the development is to be	Yes
carried out must have direct access to a	
public road or a road vested in or	
maintained by the council	
c) The dwelling house must be able to be	Yes
connected to mains electricity	
d) If reticulated or bottled gas is installed	These requirements will be provided by
and maintained on the lot	the owner or builder to any gas installer
i) it must be installed and maintained in	for compliance, if applicable
accordance with AS/NZS 1596:2014, The	
storage and handling of LP Gas and the	
requirements of relevant authorities (metal	
piping must be used), and	
ii) the storage and handling of any LP gas on the	
lot must comply with the requirements of the	

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Criteria	Compliance
relevant authorities (including the use of metal	
piping)	
e) any gas cylinders stored on the lot within	These requirements will be provided by
10m of any dwelling house must:	the owner or builder to any gas installer
(i) have its release valves directed away from the	for compliance, if applicable
dwelling house, and	
ii) be enclosed on the hazard side of the	
installation	
(iii) have metal connections to and from the	
cylinder	
f) there must not be any polymer sheathed	These requirements will be provided by
flexible gas supply lines to gas meters	the owner or builder to any gas installer
adjacent to the dwelling house	for compliance, if applicable
g) if the development is carried out on a lot	N/A as the zone is R2
in Zone RU5, there must be—	
(i) a reticulated water supply connection to the	
lot and a fire hydrant within 70m of any part of	
the development, or	
(ii) a 10,000 L capacity water tank on the lot,	
h) if the development is carried out on a lot	Yes, the zone is R2: Low Density
in any zone other than Zone RU5, there	Residential and there is a reticulated
must be—	water supply connection to the lot, and
(i) a reticulated water supply connection to the	a fire hydrant is located approximately
lot, and	17m from the lot to the northeast
(ii) a fire hydrant within 70m of any part of the	which is within 70m of any part of the
development,	development
i) The development must conform to the	Yes, see above
specifications and requirements of	
Planning for Bush Fire Protection that are	
relevant to the development	

11. Recommendations

The following recommendations are made for the bushfire measures for the proposed

residential development of a dwelling at Lot 338 DP 1231225, 188 Forestwood Drive

Glenmore Park, and are based upon the relevant provisions of the NSW Rural Fire Service

Guideline entitled *Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2019*.

1. <u>Asset Protection Zones</u>

At the commencement of the development, and in perpetuity, the entire site shall be

managed as an Inner Protection Area (IPA) Asset Protection Zone, as outlined in PBP 2019

Appendix 4.

2. **Construction Standards** 

New construction shall comply with Sections 3 and 6 (BAL 19) for the southern, eastern and

western building facades and Sections 3 and 5 (BAL 12.5) for the northern building façade as

outlined within AS3959-2018 'Construction of buildings in bush fire-prone areas', and as varied

by the applicable additional construction requirements of PBP section 7.5 (shown as Appendix

4 below).

3. **Electricity Services** 

Where practicable, electrical transmission lines are underground

4. **Gas Services** 

Where applicable, reticulated or bottled gas is installed and maintained in accordance with

AS/NZS 1596:2014 The storage and handling of LP Gas and the requirements of relevant

authorities, and metal piping is used.

All fixed gas cylinders are kept clear of all flammable materials to a distance of 10m and

shielded on the hazard side, connections to and from gas cylinders are metal.

Polymer-sheathed flexible gas supply lines are not used, and above-ground gas service pipes

are metal, including and up to any outlets.

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5. <u>Fences and gates</u>

All new fences and gates are constructed of either hardwood or non-combustible material,

however, if located within 6m of a building, they are to be constructed from non-combustible

material only.

6. <u>Landscaping</u>

Any new landscaping within the APZ is to comply with the NSW RFS 'Asset protection zone

standards' (PBP Appendix 4).

7. <u>Emergency and Evacuation Planning</u>

The need to formulate an emergency evacuation plan is suggested. To do so, occupants can

complete a Bush Fire Safety Plan on the NSW RFS Website <a href="http://www.rfs.nsw.gov.au/">http://www.rfs.nsw.gov.au/</a> under

publications / bushfire safety.

12. Summary

This report consists of a bush fire assessment for the proposed residential development of a

dwelling at Lot 338 DP 1231225, 188 Forestwood Drive Glenmore Park. The report concludes

that the proposed development is on designated bushfire prone land and the legislative

requirements for development in bushfire prone areas are applicable.

This report has considered all the elements of bushfire attack and finds that the development

has a Bushfire Attack Level of BAL 19 to the eastern, southern and western facades and BAL

12.5 to the northern facades. The development satisfies the Objectives and Performance

requirements of 'Planning for Bush Fire Protection' 2019, subject to implementation of the

recommendations made by this report.

Notwithstanding the precautions adopted, it should always be remembered that bushfires

burn under a wide range of conditions and an element of risk, no matter how small, always

remains and although the standard is designed to improve the performance of such buildings,

there can be no guarantee because of the variable nature of bushfires that any one building

will withstand bushfire attack on every occasion.

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This report is a bush fire assessment that provides the required information to assist local Council in determining compliance in accordance with Planning for Bush Fire Protection and AS3959-2018. The local Council is the final consenting authority and the construction of the building must comply with the recommendations included in the Council's conditions of consent.





**Nicole van Dorst** 

(a person who is recognised by the NSW Rural Fire Service as a suitably qualified consultant in bush fire risk assessment)

**Accredited Bushfire Planning and Design Practitioner** 

Fire Protection Association Australia BPAD-Level 3 (BPAD 23610)

**Grad Dip Bushfire Protection (UWS 2011)** 

Bachelor of Applied Science (Environmental Management) (SCU 1998)

Corporate Bronze Member Fire Protection Association Australia

**Bushfire Consulting Services Pty Ltd** 

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13. References

Keith D 2004, Ocean Shores to Desert Dunes, the Native Vegetation of NSW and the ACT,

Department of Environment and Conservation, Sydney

NearMap 2021, NearMap Photomap Aerial Imagery, NearMap Australia, Barrangaroo, NSW

NSW Government 2021a, NSW Spatial Services, NSW Department of Finance, Services and

Innovation.

NSW Government 2021b, NSW Planning Portal, NSW Department of Planning and

Environment.

NSW Government 2021c, Biodiversity Values Map, NSW Department of Environment and

Heritage.

NSW RFS 2019, Planning for Bush Fire Protection, NSW Rural Fire Service, Sydney.

Standards Australia 2018, Australian Standard AS 3959-2018 'Construction of Buildings in

Bushfire Prone Areas', SAI Global, Australia.

14. Legislation

Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979

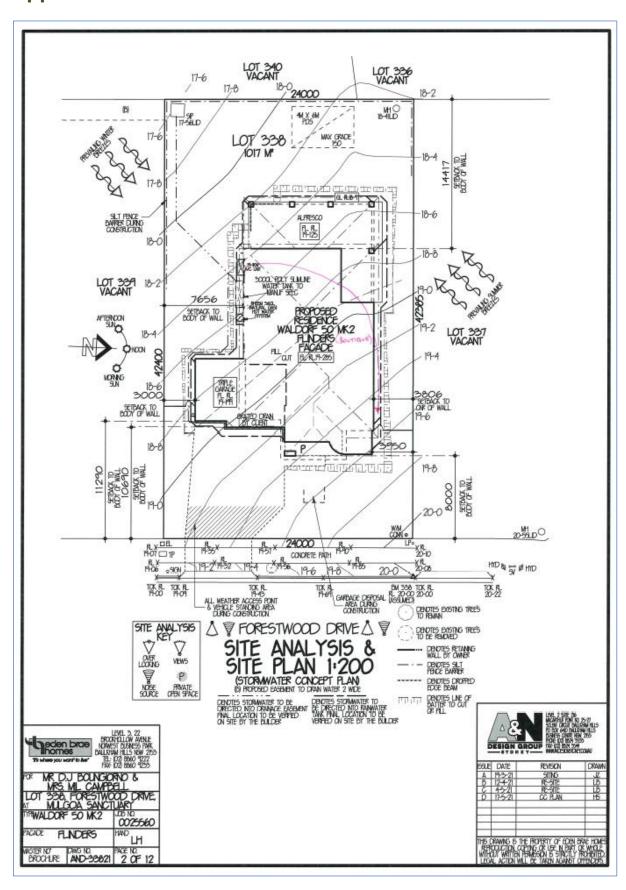
Rural Fires Act 1997

Rural Fires Regulation 2013

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## **Appendix 1 - Site Plan**



## **Appendix 2 – Photos of Site and Surrounds**

Source: BFCS P/L 5/08/2021



Subject site



Vegetation to the east, approximately 23m from the proposal



Vegetation to the south, approximately 41m from the proposal



Close up of vegetation to the south, approximately 41m from the proposal

#### **Appendix 3 – Bushfire Risk Assessment Certificate**

This form is completed by a recognized consultant in bushfire risk assessment in accordance with section s4.14 of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 No 203* 

PROPERTY ADDRESS:	Lot 338 DP 1231225 188 Forestwood Drive Glenmore Park
DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSAL:	Dwelling
PLAN REFERENCE:  (relied upon in report preparation)	Plans by A & N Design Group Sydney Job number 0025560, Dwg No. AND-33821, Issue D dated 17/05/2021
BAL RATING	BAL 19 to the eastern, southern and western facades and BAL 12.5 to the northern facades (If the BAL rating is FZ the application is to be referred to NSW RFS for assessment)
DOES THE PROPOSAL RELY ON ALTERNATE SOLUTIONS:	YES NO (Circle the relevant response) (If YES the application is to be referred to NSW RFS for assessment)

I, Nicole van Dorst, of Bushfire Consulting Services Pty Ltd, have carried out a bushfire risk assessment on the above mentioned proposal and property. A detailed Bushfire Assessment Report is attached which includes the submission requirements set out in Appendix 2 of *Planning for Bushfire Protection 2019* together with recommendations as to how the relevant specifications and requirements are to be achieved.

REPORT REFERENCE:	J21-0894
REPORT DATE:	24/08/2021
CERTIFICATION NO/ACCREDITED	BPAD-Level 3 Accredited Practitioner
SCHEME:	FPAA Cert No: BPAD23610

Note: this certificate must be completed and signed by a person recognised by the NSW Rural Fire Service as a qualified consultant in bush fire risk assessment in accordance with s4.14 of the EP&A Act 1979 No 203.

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

I hereby certify, in accordance with Section 4.14 of the Environmental Planning and

Assessment Act 1979 No 203:

That I am a person recognised by the NSW Rural Fire Service as a qualified consultant in

bushfire risk assessment; and

That subject to the recommendations contained in the attached Bushfire Risk Assessment

Report the proposed development conforms to the relevant specifications and

requirements\*.

\* The relevant specifications and requirements being; specifications and requirements of the

document entitled Planning for Bush Fire Protection prepared by the NSW Rural Fire Service

in co-operation with the Department of Planning and any other document as prescribed by

Section s4.14 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 No 203.

I am aware that the bush fire assessment report, prepared for the above mentioned site is to

be submitted in support of a development application for this site and will be relied upon by

Council as the basis for ensuring that the bushfire risk management aspects of the proposed

development have been addressed in accordance with *Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2019*.

Attachments:

Bush Fire Risk Assessment Certificate



Recommendations



Statement of vegetation impact in relation to APZ

SIGNATURE:



DATE: 24/08/2021

Appendix 4 - Modifications of section 7.5 of PBP

7.5 Additional construction requirements

To ensure the performance criteria for construction standards given in section 7.4 can be met,

PBP adopts additional measures over and above AS 3959 and NASH Standard as follows:

construction measures for ember protection at BAL-12.5 and BAL-19 provided by AS

3959

construction measures for development in BAL-FZ; and

requirements over and above the performance criteria contained within AS 1530.8.1

and AS 1530.8.2 apply in regards to flaming.

7.5.1 Ember protection

Based on the findings from the 2009 Victorian Bush Fires Royal Commission, PBP aims to

maintain the safety levels previously provided by AS 3959:1999 in relation to ember

protection at lower Bush Fire Attack Levels.

In particular, the areas addressed are in relation to:

sarking;

subfloor screening;

floors;

verandas, decks, steps, ramps and landings;

timber support posts and beams; and

fascias and bargeboards.

7.5.2 NSW State Variations under G5.2(a) (i) and 3.10.5.0(c)(i) of the NCC

Certain provisions of AS 3959 are varied in NSW based on the findings of the Victorian Bush

Fires Royal Commission and bush fire industry research.

The following variations to AS 3959 apply in NSW for the purposes of NSW G5.2(a)(i) of

Volume One and NSW 3.10.5.0(c)(i) of Volume Two of the NCC;

clause 3.10 of AS 3959 is deleted and any sarking used for BAL-12.5, BAL-19, BAL-29

or BAL-40 shall:

be non-combustible; or

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- comply with AS/NZS 4200.1, be installed on the outside of the frame and have
   a flammability index of not more than 5 as determined by AS 1530.2; and
- clause 5.2 and 6.2 of AS 3959 is replaced by clause 7.2 of AS 3959, except that any wall
  enclosing the subfloor space need only comply with the wall requirements for the
  respective BAL; and
- clause 5.7 and 6.7 of AS 3959 is replaced by clause 7.7 of AS 3959, except that any wall
  enclosing the subfloor space need only comply with the wall requirements for the
  respective BAL; and
  - fascias and bargeboards, in BAL-40, shall comply with:
  - clause 8.4.1(b) of AS 3959; or
  - clause 8.6.6 of AS 3959.

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